

LINEAR LIBRARY
C01 0068 1556



University of Cape Town
Department of Computer Science

28 B
209

Parallelisation of Algorithms

by

Alexander Marius Schuilenburg

M.Sc Thesis Supplement

September, 1990

The University of Cape Town has been given
the right to reproduce this thesis in whole
or in part. Copyright is held by the author.

The copyright of this thesis vests in the author. No quotation from it or information derived from it is to be published without full acknowledgement of the source. The thesis is to be used for private study or non-commercial research purposes only.

Published by the University of Cape Town (UCT) in terms of the non-exclusive license granted to UCT by the author.

CONTENTS

Chapter 1 - Introduction	3
Chapter 2 - 3L Flood Fill Bug	4
Chapter 3 - SAPF Farm Libraries	10
Chapter 4 - OCCAM/Turbo Pascal Server	24
(i) Turbo Pascal Source	24
(ii) Occam Source	76
Chapter 5 - Airflow Model	97
Chapter 6 - Depth First Worm	135
The Head - Listing (i)	135
The Tail - Listing (ii)	141
Chapter 7 - Breadth First Worm	149
Identify Link Procedure - Listing (i)	149
The Mouth - Listing (ii)	152
The Foot - Listing (iii)	156
Chapter 8 - SAPF Source Listing	162
(i) SAPF Source	162
(ii) Relate Source	215
(iii) MAKECONF Source	218

Chapter 1 - Introduction

This document serves as a supplement to the M.Sc thesis of Alexander Marius Schuilenburg entitled *Parallelisation of Algorithms*. The thesis was submitted in fulfilment of the degree of Master of Science in the Department of Computer Science, University of Cape Town, under the supervision of Dr I. M. A. Gledhill and Prof P. S. Kritzing.

The thesis involved the parallelisation of algorithms, amongst other aspects, and this thesis supplement is used to document the source code of most of the algorithms, as well as to include documents attaining to bugs discovered in commercially available products as well as the tools and other utilities created by the author in the development of the thesis. These source listings and other documentation were omitted from the body of the thesis in order to present a manageable thesis with only immediately relevant documents appearing in the appendices. The thesis supplement thus provides a listing of the omitted documents in order to make these available to those who wish to continue research in these areas, as well as to provide a reference for those who simply wish to know how certain objectives were achieved and how the utilities and tools developed operate.

This supplement contains all the source listings, apart from that of //BSCAT. This listing is in over 9000 lines of Fortran code and may be obtained, with valid reason, by writing to the author directly.

Chapter 2 - 3L Flood Fill Bug

Summary of document sent to 3L to identify Flood-Fill problem

I have a small network of four T800 transputers in the form of the Microway Quadputer, with 1MB each, as well as the INMOS B004 board with a T414 and 2MB. They have been connected together as indicated in Figure 1.

I have been designing an application which would execute on a processor farm and was disappointed with the speed of execution on the system in Figure 1 as compared to that of a second network of three T800s with 1MB each connected as shown in Figure 2. After some investigation and debugging I discovered that one of the T800s on the quadputer was not being used as a worker. After some experimentation I learned that the code generated by the flood-fill configurator would either not always boot all the transputers (apart from the master) on the network as workers or route work to a free worker when there was a free worker available. This was disappointing since the only way to ensure all the transputers were made use of one had to write fixed configuration code with message passing/routing threads which is a lengthy and tedious process for larger networks (such as the third network of 40 T800s for which I also generate code).

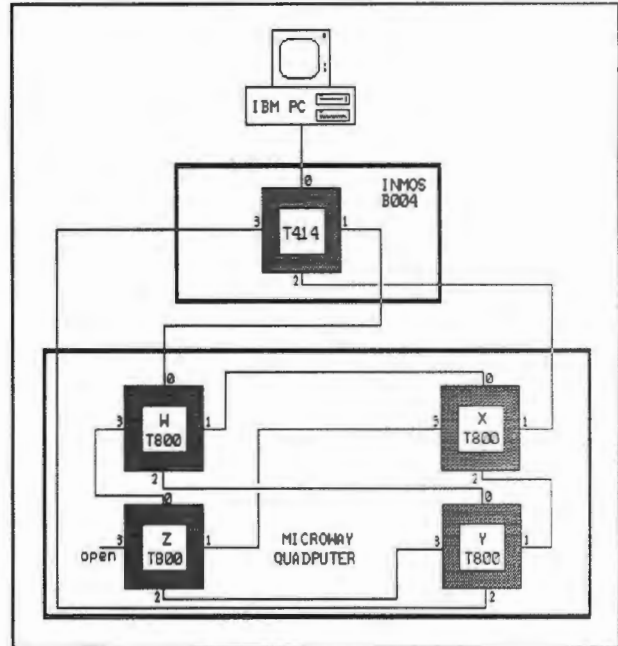


Figure 1

Since I produce a high volume of code for which the processor farm best suits the large majority of code topologies, and am forced to write network specific code making code transfer from one network configuration to the next tedious. I would therefore greatly appreciate it if you could suggest a method by which I could overcome this problem with FCONFIG, or if you could please send me a corrected version of the flood-fill configurator. I have already tried the FCONFIG supplied with your parallel C, however, this appears to have the same problem.

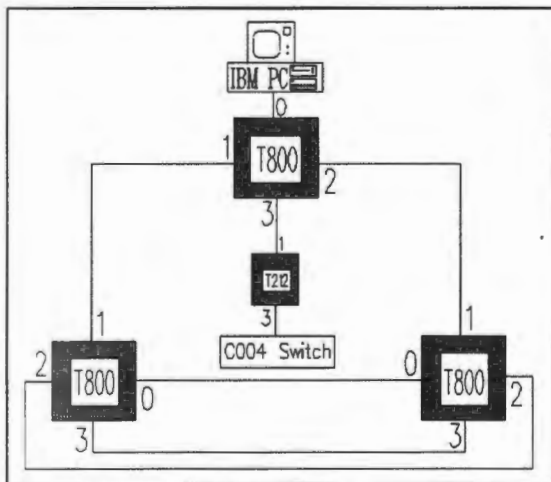


Figure 2

One rather unusual method of eliminating the problem was to either disconnect the link between link 1 of the B004 and link 0 of transputer W or to disconnect link 2 of the B004 and link 1 of transputer X. In these two cases all five transputers would be used with the T414 as the master and the four T800s as the worker. All code was compiled for the T414. If the third link to the quadputer was disconnected with the former being connected, or if any two of the links were disconnected, the same problem would occur (one of the four would not be booted or be given any work).

Once I determined there was nothing wrong with the quadputer or the B004 I wrote a small demonstration network to test the flood-fill configurator and ascertain the number of transputers being used. What follows is a discussion of the master and worker tasks, as well

as the output obtained¹. The output listing represents the screen output obtained with some intermediary values omitted, as illustrated by lines of dots.

The Master

The master consists of three threads. The first merely initialises the second and third. The second thread is used to send the sequence 100, 200, 400, 800, 1600, ... 26214400, 52428800 of 32 bit integers to the workers where each number in the sequence represents a work packet. The third thread is used to receive and display the result packets from each workers as they arrive. These result packets are in the form of a two sequences of 32 bit integers, the first is terminated by an integer whose decimal representation ends with the digits 99, while the second is passed back in a 32 bit integer array where the amount of numbers in the sequence is implicit in the size of the array.

The Workers

Each worker maintains a cumulative 32 bit integer total with an array index, both initially 0, and a 32 bit integer array. The work packet is received as a 32 bit integer which is placed in the array, indicated by the index (which is first incremented), and then added to the cumulating total. During these operations, arbitrary arithmetic operations are repeatedly performed in order to provide a time delay. The result packet it returns is the sequence produced by adding the cumulative total to each of the numbers in the sequence (1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10,99), followed by the partial array containing all the integer work packets received.

Results

The flood-fill network produced was executed on the network illustrated in Figure 1. The output produced is also listed below, although it has been divided up into three columns, and shows only three workers are present since three groups of work results are evident. This may be determined from the fact that all 20 tasks are done by the transputers which receive 8, 2 and 1 as their initial tasks respectively. There is no possibility that one of these three becomes free before the forth can be given a task, with the new task being re-routed to the recently freed worker, as a delay is present in each worker before the worker is allowed to return its results and this delay is long enough for all the work packets to be completely transmitted by the master.

¹Three types of tests were performed, although the last two have been omitted in this summary

Listings

```

1 C
2 C This is the master program which distributes the work packets 100, 200, 400,
3 C 800, 1600, 3200, 6400, 12800, 25600, ...., 26214400 and 52428800. The workers
4 C continually return integer results which are displayed as they are received
5 C from the workers. This has been done in an effort to determine how the
6 C messages are sent to the master and if it is possible for workers to return
7 C intermediate results or to make requests from the master to which the master
8 C may respond.
9 C
10 C The master task consists of three threads:
11 C 1) The main thread, which simply initialises the tasks
12 C 2) The send thread which simply sends the numbers indicated.
13 C 3) The receive thread which prints the number as they are received from the
14 C workers.
15 C
16 C *****
17 C The SEND subroutine
18 C
19 C     SUBROUTINE SEND(DUMMY)
20 C     IMPLICIT NONE
21 C     INTEGER DUMMY
22 C     INCLUDE 'NET.INC'
23 C     INTEGER I, TMP, CNT
24 C
25 C     CNT = 1
26 C     DO I=1,20
27 C         TMP = 100*CNT
28 C         CNT = CNT*2
29 C         CALL F77_NET_SEND(4,TMP,.TRUE.)
30 C     END DO
31 C     END
32 C
33 C *****
34 C The RECEIVE subroutine
35 C
36 C     SUBROUTINE RECEIVE(DUMMY)
37 C     IMPLICIT NONE
38 C     INTEGER DUMMY
39 C     INCLUDE 'NET.INC'
40 C     INCLUDE 'THREAD.INC'
41 C     INTEGER I, TMP, CNT, A(100).
42 C     LOGICAL COMPLETE
43 C
44 C     CNT = 0
45 100 CONTINUE
46 C
47 C     Receive and print number
48 C     CALL F77_NET_RECEIVE(TMP,I,COMPLETE)
49 C     CALL F77_THREAD_USE_RTL
50 C     WRITE (*,*) I
51 C
52 C     If number + 99 then this is the last number so expect the array
53 C     indicating numbers received.
54 C     IF ((I - (I/100)*100).EQ.99) THEN
55 C         CALL F77_NET_RECEIVE(TMP,A,COMPLETE)
56 C         CNT = CNT + 1
57 C
58 C     Display the numbers received by this process
59 C     DO I=1,TMP/4
60 C         WRITE (*,99) A(I)/100, CNT
61 99     FORMAT(110,' ',13)
62 C     END DO
63 C     END IF
64 C     CALL F77_THREAD_FREE_RTL
65 C     GOTO 100
66 C
67 C     END
68 C

```

```

69 C *****
70 C THE MAIN PROGRAM
71 C
72 PROGRAM MAIN
73 IMPLICIT NONE
74 INCLUDE 'THREAD.INC'
75 EXTERNAL SEND, RECEIVE
76 INTEGER WS_SIZE, DUMMY
77 PARAMETER (WS_SIZE=2500)
78 INTEGER SEND_WS(WS_SIZE), RECEIVE_WS(WS_SIZE)
79 C
80 C Start SEND and RECEIVE
81 CALL F77_THREAD_START(SEND,SEND_WS,WS_SIZE*4,
82 / F77_THREAD_URGENT, 1, DUMMY)
83 CALL F77_THREAD_START(RECEIVE,RECEIVE_WS,WS_SIZE*4,
84 / F77_THREAD_URGENT, 1, DUMMY)
85 C
86 C Terminate
87 CALL F77_THREAD_STOP
88 C
89 END
90 C
91 C
92 C *****
93 C This program is the test worker I have set up to simply get an integer value
94 C ADD from the master and store it, then add it to a running total ID. The
95 C worker then must return ID with the values 1 to 10 added to it consecutively
96 C to the master. Once all 10 values have been sent, ID value plus 99 is sent
97 C to indicate the worker list of numbers is complete and the list of numbers
98 C received by this worker is then returned to the master as the last message of
99 C the task. The worker then gets the next value from the master.
100 C
101 PROGRAM WORKER
102 IMPLICIT NONE
103 INCLUDE 'NET.INC'
104 INTEGER add, ID, I, J, II, TMP, A(100)
105 LOGICAL COMPLETE
106 C
107 ID = 0
108 II = 1
109 100 CONTINUE
110 C
111 C Task waits here for initial message from master
112 CALL F77_NET_RECEIVE(I,add,COMPLETE)
113 C
114 C Arbitrary loop to cause a delay in this process
115 A(II) = add
116 ID = ID + add
117 TMP = 0
118 DO J = 1,1000000
119 TMP = TMP - J
120 TMP = TMP + (J+1)
121 END DO
122 C
123 C Send the numbers required to the master
124 DO I = 1,10
125 TMP = ID + I
126 CALL F77_NET_SEND(4,TMP,.FALSE.)
127 END DO
128 C
129 C Send the number to indicate end of list and beginning of
130 C numbers received list.
131 TMP = ID + 99
132 CALL F77_NET_SEND(4,TMP,.FALSE.)
133 C
134 C Send the array of numbers received from the master
135 CALL F77_NET_SEND(4*II,A,.TRUE.)
136 II = II+1
137 C
138 GOTO 100
139 END

```

Output

801		16	7	119201	
802				119202	
.....		256601		.....
810		256602		119210	
899		.....		119299	
8	1	256610		8	13
		256699		32	13
201		2	8	128	13
202		4	8	1024	13
.....		512	8		
210		2048	8	17459801	
299				17459802	
2	2	16801		.....
		16802		17459810	
101		.....		17459899	
102		16810		2	14
.....		16899		4	14
110		8	9	512	14
199		32	9	2048	14
1	3	128	9	8192	14
				32768	14
601		1075801		131072	14
602		1075802			
.....		.....		33701	
610		1075810		33702	
699		1075899		.....
2	4	2	10	33710	
4	4	4	10	33799	
		512	10	1	15
4001		2048	10	16	15
4002		8192	10	64	15
.....				256	15
4010		8101			
4099		8102		69888601	
8	5	.....		69888602	
32	5	8110		.....
		8199		69888610	
51801		1	11	69888699	
51802		16	11	2	16
.....		64	11	4	16
51810				512	16
51899		4352601		2048	16
2	6	4352602		8192	16
4	6	.....		32768	16
512	6	4352610		131072	16
		4352699		524288	16
1701		2	12		
1702		4	12		
.....		512	12		
1710		2048	12		
1799		8192	12		
1	7	32768	12		

Chapter 2

3L Bug

1757601	
1757602	
.....	
1757610	
1757699	
8	17
32	17
128	17
1024	17
16384	17
443301	
443302	
.....	
443310	
443399	
1	18
16	18
64	18
256	18
4096	18
27972001	
27972002	
.....	
27972010	
27972099	
8	19
32	19
128	19
1024	19
16384	19
262144	19
6996901	
6996902	
.....	
6996910	
6996999	
1	20
16	20
64	20
256	20
4096	20
65536	20

Chapter 3 - SAPF Farm Libraries

SAPF Farm Libraries

There are three files which comprise the SAPF Farm Libraries. The first is an include file **NETW.INC** which must be included by any source code file in which the code references any of the library routines. The second file **NETWMAST.F77** contains the listing of the source code all the routines described in Appendix A.1 of the thesis while the third file **NETWORK.F77** contains the listing of the source code for all the routines described Section 6.3.4 and Appendix A.2 of the thesis. The latter two files are used to create libraries which are used by the farm master and farm workers respectively. These libraries should be linked to the corresponding code of the master and worker object codes respectively. That is, the master object code should be linked to the library code produced by the code in **NETWMAST.F77** and the worker object code should be linked to the library produced by the code in **NETWORK.F77**.

The listings are:

NETW.INC

```
1 C
2 C CONSTANT DEFINITIONS FOR THE SUBROUTINES AND FUNCTIONS USED BY THE NEWTORK
3 C HARNESS GENERATED BY "MAKECONF".
4 C
5     INTEGER F77_NETW_MAX_WORKERS, F77_NETW_MAX_PACKET_LEN,
6           1     F77_NETW_NUM_WORKERS, F77_NETW_RESERVED,
7           2     F77_NETW_USE_WORKER, F77_NETW_FREE_WORKERS
8     PARAMETER
9           1 (F77_NETW_MAX_WORKERS = 64,
10          2  F77_NETW_MAX_PACKET_LEN = 1024)
```

NETWMAST.F77

```

1 C =====
2 C This is the block data used by the network subroutine and functions
3 C
4     BLOCK DATA
5     IMPLICIT NONE
6     INCLUDE 'SEMA.INC'
7     COMMON /F77_NETW_DATA/
8     1     NumChans, INAddr(4), OUTAddr(4), Path_Length(64),
9     2     Path(64), NumWorkers, FreeWorkers, Initialised,
10    3     Reserved_Chan, Reserved_Worker,
11    4     Workers_Free(F77_SEMA_SIZE), Workers_Sema(F77_SEMA_SIZE),
12    5     Worker_Busy(64), Worker_Ptr
13 C
14    INTEGER NumChans, INAddr, OUTAddr, Path_Length,
15    1     NumWorkers, FreeWorkers, Reserved_Chan, Reserved_Worker,
16    2     Workers_Free, Workers_Sema, Worker_Ptr
17    CHARACTER*32 Path
18    LOGICAL Worker_Busy, Initialised
19    DATA Reserved_Worker /0/ Worker_Ptr /1/ Initialised /.FALSE./
20    END
21 C
22 C =====
23 C This subroutine initialises the network from the master.
24 C It gets the number of workers (a maximum of 64) and the path (a maximum
25 C length of 32) to each of these workers. It also sets the addresses of
26 C the ports, leaving port 1 for communication to the filer, and using ports
27 C in the order 0,2,3,4 for communication to workers. It is designed to be
28 C used with the configuration file generator MAKECONF.
29 C
30    SUBROUTINE F77_NETW_MASTER()
31    IMPLICIT NONE
32    INCLUDE 'CHAN.INC'
33    INCLUDE 'SEMA.INC'
34 C
35    COMMON /F77_NETW_DATA/
36    1     NumChans, INAddr(4), OUTAddr(4), Path_Length(64),
37    2     Path(64), NumWorkers, FreeWorkers, Initialised,
38    3     Reserved_Chan, Reserved_Worker,
39    4     Workers_Free(F77_SEMA_SIZE), Workers_Sema(F77_SEMA_SIZE),
40    5     Worker_Busy(64), Worker_Ptr
41 C
42    INTEGER NumChans, INAddr, OUTAddr, Path_Length,
43    1     NumWorkers, FreeWorkers, Reserved_Chan, Reserved_Worker,
44    2     Workers_Free, Workers_Sema, Worker_Ptr
45    CHARACTER*32 Path
46    LOGICAL Worker_Busy, Initialised
47 C
48    INTEGER I, J, NextID, RID
49 C
50    LOGICAL Initialise
51 C
52 C Ensure that this is called only once
53 C IF (Initialised) GOTO 170
54 C
55 C Initialise addresses to all channels (1 is reserved for filer comms)
56 NumChans = F77_CHAN_IN_PORTS() - 1
57 DO I = 1, NumChans
58     IF (I.GE.2) THEN
59         INAddr(I) = F77_CHAN_IN_PORT(I)
60         OUTAddr(I) = F77_CHAN_OUT_PORT(I)
61     ELSE
62         INAddr(I) = F77_CHAN_IN_PORT(I-1)
63         OUTAddr(I) = F77_CHAN_OUT_PORT(I-1)
64     END IF
65 END DO
66 C
67 C Set the next available ID
68 NextID = 1
69 C

```

```

70 C   Send IDs to all workers, channel for channel until no
71 C   more IDs can be sent
72 C   DO 150 I = 1, NumChans
73 C       Initialise = .TRUE.
74 C       DO 140 WHILE (Initialise)
75 C           Send ID
76 C           CALL F77_CHAN_OUT_WORD(NextID, OUTAddr(I))
77 C           Get Result
78 C           CALL F77_CHAN_IN_WORD(RID, INAddr(I))
79 C           Initialise = (RID.NE.-1)
80 C           IF (Initialise) THEN
81 C               Get Path
82 C               CALL F77_CHAN_IN_WORD(path_length(NextID), INAddr(I))
83 C               IF (path_length(NextID).NE.0)
84 C                   1   CALL F77_CHAN_IN_MESSAGE(path_length(NextID),
85 C                       2   path(NextID)(2:32), INAddr(I))
86 C                   path_length(NextID) = path_length(NextID) + 1
87 C                   path(NextID)(1:1) = CHAR(I)
88 C                   NextID = RID
89 C               END IF
90 C   140   CONTINUE
91 C   150   CONTINUE
92 C
93 C   Set the number of workers
94 C   NumWorkers = NextID - 1
95 C   FreeWorkers = NumWorkers
96 C
97 C   Initialise the worker array
98 C   DO 160 I = 1, NumWorkers
99 C       Worker_Busy(I) = .FALSE.
100 C 160   CONTINUE
101 C
102 C   Initialise the semaphores
103 C   CALL F77_SEMA_INIT(Workers_Free, FreeWorkers)
104 C   CALL F77_SEMA_INIT(Workers_Sema, 1)
105 C
106 C   Initialised = .TRUE.
107 C 170   RETURN
108 C   END
109 C
110 C =====
111 C This function will return the number of workers in the network.
112 C
113 C   INTEGER FUNCTION F77_NETW_NUM_WORKERS()
114 C   IMPLICIT NONE
115 C   INCLUDE 'SEMA.INC'
116 C
117 C   COMMON /F77_NETW_DATA/
118 C   1   NumChans, INAddr(4), OUTAddr(4), Path_Length(64),
119 C   2   Path(64), NumWorkers, FreeWorkers, Initialised,
120 C   3   Reserved_Chan, Reserved_Worker,
121 C   4   Workers_Free(F77_SEMA_SIZE), Workers_Sema(F77_SEMA_SIZE),
122 C   5   Worker_Busy(64), Worker_Ptr
123 C
124 C   INTEGER NumChans, INAddr, OUTAddr, Path_Length,
125 C   1   NumWorkers, FreeWorkers, Reserved_Chan, Reserved_Worker,
126 C   2   Workers_Free, Workers_Sema, Worker_Ptr
127 C   CHARACTER*32 Path
128 C   LOGICAL Worker_Busy, Initialised
129 C
130 C   F77_NETW_NUM_WORKERS = NumWorkers
131 C
132 C   RETURN
133 C   END
134 C

```

```

135 C =====
136 C This procedure broadcasts the message passed to it to all the workers.
137 C Variables passed : 1) Length = Length (in bytes) of message to pass
138 C                    2) Buffer = Pointer to start of message buffer to
139 C                        be sent.
140 C
141 C     SUBROUTINE F77_NETW_BROADCAST(Length, Buffer)
142 C     IMPLICIT NONE
143 C     INCLUDE 'CHAN.INC'
144 C     INCLUDE 'SEMA.INC'
145 C     INCLUDE 'THREAD.INC'
146 C     INCLUDE 'NETW.INC'
147 C
148 C     INTEGER Length, Port
149 C     CHARACTER*(*) Buffer
150 C
151 C     COMMON /F77_NETW_DATA/
152 C     1     NumChans, INAddr(4), OUTAddr(4), Path_Length(64),
153 C     2     Path(64), NumWorkers, FreeWorkers, Initialised,
154 C     3     Reserved_Chan, Reserved_Worker,
155 C     4     Workers_Free(F77_SEMA_SIZE), Workers_Sema(F77_SEMA_SIZE),
156 C     5     Worker_Busy(64), Worker_Ptr
157 C
158 C     INTEGER NumChans, INAddr, OUTAddr, Path_Length,
159 C     1     NumWorkers, FreeWorkers, Reserved_Chan, Reserved_Worker,
160 C     2     Workers_Free, Workers_Sema, Worker_Ptr
161 C     CHARACTER*32 Path
162 C     LOGICAL Worker_Busy, Initialised
163 C
164 C     INTEGER OutPort, PL
165 C
166 C     Send along all output ports
167 C     DO 500 Port = 1, NumChans
168 C         OutPort = OutAddr(Port)
169 C
170 C         Send the broadcast header
171 C         CALL F77_CHAN_OUT_WORD(-1, OutPort)
172 C
173 C         Send the buffer
174 C         CALL F77_CHAN_OUT_WORD(Length, OutPort)
175 C         CALL F77_CHAN_OUT_MESSAGE(Length, Buffer, OutPort)
176 C
177 C     500 CONTINUE
178 C     RETURN
179 C     END
180 C
181 C =====
182 C This procedure sends the message passed to it to the worker number passed.
183 C Variables passed : 1) Length = Length (in bytes) of message to pass
184 C                    2) Buffer = Pointer to start of message buffer to
185 C                        be sent.
186 C                    3) Worker = Integer number representing worker
187 C                        number to pass to.
188 C
189 C     SUBROUTINE F77_NETW_SEND(Length, Buffer, Worker)
190 C     IMPLICIT NONE
191 C     INCLUDE 'CHAN.INC'
192 C     INCLUDE 'SEMA.INC'
193 C     INCLUDE 'THREAD.INC'
194 C     INCLUDE 'NETW.INC'
195 C
196 C     INTEGER Worker, Length
197 C     CHARACTER*(*) Buffer
198 C
199 C     COMMON /F77_NETW_DATA/
200 C     1     NumChans, INAddr(4), OUTAddr(4), Path_Length(64),
201 C     2     Path(64), NumWorkers, FreeWorkers, Initialised,
202 C     3     Reserved_Chan, Reserved_Worker,
203 C     4     Workers_Free(F77_SEMA_SIZE), Workers_Sema(F77_SEMA_SIZE),
204 C     5     Worker_Busy(64), Worker_Ptr
205 C

```

```

206     INTEGER NumChans, INAddr, OUTAddr, Path_Length,
207     1       NumWorkers, FreeWorkers, Reserved_Chan, Reserved_Worker,
208     2       Workers_Free, Workers_Sema, Worker_Ptr
209     CHARACTER*32 Path
210     LOGICAL Worker_Busy, Initialised
211 C
212     INTEGER OutPort, PL
213 C
214 C     Get Output Port
215     OutPort = OUTAddr(ICHAR(Path(Worker)(1:1)))
216     PL = Path_Length(Worker) - 1
217 C
218 C     Send the header
219     CALL F77_CHAN_OUT_WORD(PL,OutPort)
220     IF (PL.GT.0) CALL F77_CHAN_OUT_MESSAGE(PL,Path(Worker)(2:32),
221     1                                     OutPort)
222 C
223 C     Send the buffer
224     CALL F77_CHAN_OUT_WORD(Length,OutPort)
225     CALL F77_CHAN_OUT_MESSAGE(Length,Buffer,OutPort)
226 C
227     RETURN
228     END
229 C
230 C =====
231 C This subroutine receives a package sent from a worker
232 C Variables returned : 1) Length = Length (in bytes) of message received.
233 C                      2) Buffer = Pointer to start of buffer where
234 C                          message is stored.
235 C                      3) Worker = Integer number representing worker
236 C                          number from where message came.
237 C
238     SUBROUTINE F77_NETW_RECEIVE(Length, Buffer, Worker)
239     IMPLICIT NONE
240     INCLUDE 'CHAN.INC'
241     INCLUDE 'SEMA.INC'
242     INCLUDE 'ALT.INC'
243     INCLUDE 'NETW.INC'
244 C
245     INTEGER Worker, Length
246     CHARACTER*(*) Buffer
247 C
248     COMMON /F77_NETW_DATA/
249     1     NumChans, INAddr(4), OUTAddr(4), Path_Length(64),
250     2     Path(64), NumWorkers, FreeWorkers, Initialised,
251     3     Reserved_Chan, Reserved_Worker,
252     4     Workers_Free(F77_SEMA_SIZE), Workers_Sema(F77_SEMA_SIZE),
253     5     Worker_Busy(64), Worker_Ptr
254 C
255     INTEGER NumChans, INAddr, OUTAddr, Path_Length,
256     1     NumWorkers, FreeWorkers, Reserved_Chan, Reserved_Worker,
257     2     Workers_Free, Workers_Sema, Worker_Ptr
258     CHARACTER*32 Path
259     LOGICAL Worker_Busy, Initialised
260 C
261     INTEGER InPort
262 C
263 C     Get Input Port
264 200 IF (Reserved_Worker.EQ.0) THEN
265     InPort = F77_ALT_WAIT_VEC(NumChans,INAddr)
266 ELSE
267     InPort = Reserved_Chan
268 END IF
269 C
270 C     Get the worker number
271     CALL F77_CHAN_IN_WORD(Worker,INAddr(InPort))
272 C

```

```

273 C      Check if worker requested network
274      IF (Worker.LE.0) THEN
275          IF (Reserved_Worker.EQ.0) THEN
276 C          Network is free, RESERVE
277          Reserved_Chan = InPort
278          Reserved_Worker = -Worker
279          ELSE
280 C          Network reserved, RELEASE
281          Reserved_Chan = 0
282          Reserved_Worker = 0
283          END IF
284      GOTO 200
285  END IF
286 C
287 C      Get the message
288      CALL F77_CHAN_IN_WORD(Length,INAddr(InPort))
289      CALL F77_CHAN_IN_MESSAGE(Length,Buffer,INAddr(InPort))
290 C
291      RETURN
292  END
293 C
294 C =====
295 C This function returns the number of the worker which has reserved the
296 C network. If the number returned is 0, then the network is not reserved.
297 C This function is useful when debugging.
298 C
299      INTEGER FUNCTION F77_NETW_RESERVED()
300      IMPLICIT NONE
301      INCLUDE 'SEMA.INC'
302 C
303      COMMON /F77_NETW_DATA/
304      1      NumChans, INAddr(4), OUTAddr(4), Path_Length(64),
305      2      Path(64), NumWorkers, FreeWorkers, Initialised,
306      3      Reserved_Chan, Reserved_Worker,
307      4      Workers_Free(F77_SEMA_SIZE), Workers_Sema(F77_SEMA_SIZE),
308      5      Worker_Busy(64), Worker_Ptr
309 C
310      INTEGER NumChans, INAddr, OUTAddr, Path_Length,
311      1      NumWorkers, FreeWorkers, Reserved_Chan, Reserved_Worker,
312      2      Workers_Free, Workers_Sema, Worker_Ptr
313      CHARACTER*32 Path
314      LOGICAL Worker_Busy, Initialised
315 C
316      F77_NETW_RESERVED = Reserved_Worker
317      RETURN
318  END
319 C
320 C =====
321 C This function returns the number of workers currently free to do work.
322 C
323      INTEGER FUNCTION F77_NETW_FREE_WORKERS()
324      IMPLICIT NONE
325      INCLUDE 'SEMA.INC'
326 C
327      COMMON /F77_NETW_DATA/
328      1      NumChans, INAddr(4), OUTAddr(4), Path_Length(64),
329      2      Path(64), NumWorkers, FreeWorkers, Initialised,
330      3      Reserved_Chan, Reserved_Worker,
331      4      Workers_Free(F77_SEMA_SIZE), Workers_Sema(F77_SEMA_SIZE),
332      5      Worker_Busy(64), Worker_Ptr
333 C
334      INTEGER NumChans, INAddr, OUTAddr, Path_Length,
335      1      NumWorkers, FreeWorkers, Reserved_Chan, Reserved_Worker,
336      2      Workers_Free, Workers_Sema, Worker_Ptr
337      CHARACTER*32 Path
338      LOGICAL Worker_Busy, Initialised
339 C
340      INTEGER Free
341 C

```

```

342     CALL F77_SEMA_WAIT(Workers_Sema)
343     Free = FreeWorkers
344     CALL F77_SEMA_SIGNAL(Workers_Sema)
345 C
346     F77_NETW_FREE_WORKERS = Free
347     RETURN
348     END
349 C
350 C=====
351 C This function is used to claim a free worker.
352 C
353     INTEGER FUNCTION F77_NETW_USE_WORKER()
354     IMPLICIT NONE
355     INCLUDE 'SEMA.INC'
356 C
357     COMMON /F77_NETW_DATA/
358     1     NumChans, INAddr(4), OUTAddr(4), Path_Length(64),
359     2     Path(64), NumWorkers, FreeWorkers, Initialised,
360     3     Reserved_Chan, Reserved_Worker,
361     4     Workers_Free(F77_SEMA_SIZE), Workers_Sema(F77_SEMA_SIZE),
362     5     Worker_Busy(64), Worker_Ptr
363 C
364     INTEGER NumChans, INAddr, OUTAddr, Path_Length,
365     1     NumWorkers, FreeWorkers, Reserved_Chan, Reserved_Worker,
366     2     Workers_Free, Workers_Sema, Worker_Ptr
367     CHARACTER*32 Path
368     LOGICAL Worker_Busy, Initialised
369 C
370     INTEGER Free
371 C
372 C     Wait for a free worker and decrement the number available
373     CALL F77_SEMA_WAIT(Workers_Free)
374 C
375 C     Lock shared variables, then claim the free worker
376     CALL F77_SEMA_WAIT(Workers_Sema)
377 C
378 C     Search for the free worker
379     DO 100 WHILE (Worker_Busy(Worker_Ptr))
380 C         Move on the pointer
381         Worker_Ptr = Worker_Ptr + 1
382         IF (Worker_Ptr.GT.NumWorkers) Worker_Ptr = 1
383 100 CONTINUE
384 C
385 C     Set the worker as busy
386     Worker_Busy(Worker_Ptr) = .TRUE.
387     FreeWorkers = FreeWorkers - 1
388     Free = Worker_Ptr
389 C
390 C     Worker has been claimed, unlock the shared variables
391     CALL F77_SEMA_SIGNAL(Workers_Sema)
392 C
393     F77_NETW_USE_WORKER = Free
394     RETURN
395     END
396 C

```

```

397 C=====
398 C This subroutine is used to free a worker, but only if it was busy
399 C
400     SUBROUTINE F77_NETW_FREE_WORKER(Worker)
401     IMPLICIT NONE
402     INTEGER Worker
403     INCLUDE 'SEMA.INC'
404 C
405     COMMON /F77_NETW_DATA/
406     1     NumChans, INAddr(4), OUTAddr(4), Path_Length(64),
407     2     Path(64), NumWorkers, FreeWorkers, Initialised,
408     3     Reserved_Chan, Reserved_Worker,
409     4     Workers_Free(F77_SEMA_SIZE), Workers_Sema(F77_SEMA_SIZE),
410     5     Worker_Busy(64), Worker_Ptr
411 C
412     INTEGER NumChans, INAddr, OUTAddr, Path_Length,
413     1     NumWorkers, FreeWorkers; Reserved_Chan, Reserved_Worker,
414     2     Workers_Free, Workers_Sema, Worker_Ptr
415     CHARACTER*32 Path
416     LOGICAL Worker_Busy, Initialised
417 C
418     LOGICAL Busy
419 C
420 C Check if the worker is actually busy, and reset if so
421 CALL F77_SEMA_WAIT(Workers_Sema)
422 Busy = Worker_Busy(Worker)
423 IF (Busy) THEN
424     Worker_Busy(Worker) = .FALSE.
425     FreeWorkers = FreeWorkers + 1
426 END IF
427 CALL F77_SEMA_SIGNAL(Workers_Sema)
428 C
429 IF (Busy) CALL F77_SEMA_SIGNAL(Workers_Free)
430 RETURN
431 END

```

NETWORK.F77

```

1 C =====
2 C This is the workspace areas used by the network threads
3 C
4     BLOCK DATA
5     IMPLICIT NONE
6     COMMON /F77_NETW_WORKSPACE/
7     1     OutWS(2048), InWS(2048)
8     INTEGER InWS, OutWS
9     END
10 C
11 C =====
12 C This is the block data used by the network subroutine and functions
13 C
14     BLOCK DATA
15     IMPLICIT NONE
16     COMMON /F77_NETW_INTERNAL/
17     1     Internal_Channels, Internal_ChannelR,
18     2     Send_Addr, Receive_Addr,
19     3     Worker_Number, NetW_Reserved, Initialised
20     INTEGER Internal_Channels, Internal_ChannelR,
21     1     Send_Addr, Receive_Addr, Worker_Number
22     LOGICAL NetW_Reserved, Initialised
23     DATA  NetW_Reserved /.FALSE./  Initialised /.FALSE./
24     END
25 C
26 C =====
27 C This subroutine is a thread which handles the messages going from the
28 C master out to the workers.
29 C
30     SUBROUTINE F77_NETW_OUT_MESSAGES(Dummy)
31     IMPLICIT NONE
32     INTEGER Dummy
33     INCLUDE 'CHAN.INC'
34     INCLUDE 'THREAD.INC'
35 C
36     COMMON /F77_NETW_CHANNELS/
37     1     NumChans, INAddr(4), OUTAddr(4)
38 C
39     INTEGER NumChans, INAddr, OUTAddr, Port
40 C
41     COMMON /F77_NETW_INTERNAL/
42     1     Internal_Channels, Internal_ChannelR,
43     2     Send_Addr, Receive_Addr,
44     3     Worker_Number, NetW_Reserved, Initialised
45     INTEGER Internal_Channels, Internal_ChannelR,
46     1     Send_Addr, Receive_Addr, Worker_Number
47     LOGICAL NetW_Reserved, Initialised
48 C
49     INTEGER Path_Length, FromMaster, Message(256), Message_Length,
50     1     SendTo
51     CHARACTER*32 Path
52 C
53     FromMaster = INAddr(1)
54 C
55     DO 1000 WHILE (.TRUE.)
56 C         Get Path
57         CALL F77_CHAN_IN_WORD(Path_Length,FromMaster)
58         IF (Path_Length.GT.0)
59         *     CALL F77_CHAN_IN_MESSAGE(Path_Length,Path,FromMaster)
60 C
61 C         Get Message
62         CALL F77_CHAN_IN_WORD(Message_Length,FromMaster)
63         CALL F77_CHAN_IN_MESSAGE(Message_Length,Message,FromMaster)
64 C

```

```

65 C      Forward Message
66 C      IF (Path_Length.EQ.0) THEN
67 C          Send to this worker
68 C          SendTo = Receive_Addr
69 C      ELSE IF (Path_Length.LT.0) THEN
70 C          Broadcast to other processors
71 C          DO 500 Port=2,NumChans
72 C              SendTo = OUTAddr(Port)
73 C              CALL F77_CHAN_OUT_WORD(Path_Length,SendTo)
74 C              CALL F77_CHAN_OUT_WORD(Message_Length,SendTo)
75 C              CALL F77_CHAN_OUT_MESSAGE(Message_Length,Message,SendTo)
76 500    CONTINUE
77 C
78 C          Send to this worker as well
79 C          SendTo = Receive_Addr
80 C      ELSE
81 C          Forward to next worker, start by sending path
82 C          SendTo = OUTAddr(ICHAR(Path(1:1)))
83 C          Path_Length = Path_Length - 1
84 C          CALL F77_CHAN_OUT_WORD(Path_Length,SendTo)
85 C          IF (Path_Length.GT.0)
86 C          *   CALL F77_CHAN_OUT_MESSAGE(Path_Length,Path(2:32),SendTo)
87 C          END IF
88 C
89 C          Send Actual Message
90 C          CALL F77_CHAN_OUT_WORD(Message_Length,SendTo)
91 C          CALL F77_CHAN_OUT_MESSAGE(Message_Length,Message,SendTo)
92 1000  CONTINUE
93 C      RETURN
94 C      END
95 C
96 C =====
97 C This subroutine is a thread which handles the messages going from the
98 C workers to the master.
99 C
100 C      SUBROUTINE F77_NETW_IN_MESSAGES(Dummy)
101 C      IMPLICIT NONE
102 C      INTEGER Dummy
103 C      INCLUDE 'ALT.INC'
104 C
105 C      COMMON /F77_NETW_INTERNAL/
106 C      1      Internal_Channels, Internal_ChannelR,
107 C      2      Send_Addr, Receive_Addr,
108 C      3      Worker_Number, NetW_Reserved, Initialised
109 C      INTEGER Internal_Channels, Internal_ChannelR,
110 C      1      Send_Addr, Receive_Addr, Worker_Number
111 C      LOGICAL NetW_Reserved, Initialised
112 C
113 C      COMMON /F77_NETW_CHANNELS/
114 C      1      NumChans, INAddr(4), OUTAddr(4)
115 C      INTEGER NumChans, INAddr, OUTAddr
116 C
117 C      INTEGER Message(256), Message_Length,
118 C      1      INS(4), ToMaster, MessFrom, WorkerNo, I
119 C
120 C      Intialise channel variables
121 C      INS(1) = Send_Addr
122 C      DO I = 2,NumChans
123 C          INS(I) = INAddr(I)
124 C      END DO
125 C      ToMaster = OUTAddr(1)
126 C

```

```

127 DO 1000 WHILE (.TRUE.)
128 C   Wait for a message to send
129     MessFrom = F77_ALT_WAIT_VEC(NumChans,INS)
130 C
131 C   Get The Message
132 C   Get the worker number
133     CALL F77_CHAN_IN_WORD(WorkerNo,INS(MessFrom))
134 C
135 C   If Worker number positive, get and send message
136     IF (WorkerNo.GT.0) THEN
137 C       Get the actual message
138         CALL F77_CHAN_IN_WORD(Message_Length,INS(MessFrom))
139         CALL F77_CHAN_IN_MESSAGE(Message_Length,Message,
140 1           INS(MessFrom)           )
141 C
142 C       Pass on the message to the master
143         CALL F77_CHAN_OUT_WORD(WorkerNo,ToMaster)
144         CALL F77_CHAN_OUT_WORD(Message_Length,ToMaster)
145         CALL F77_CHAN_OUT_MESSAGE(Message_Length,Message,ToMaster)
146     ELSE
147 C       Claim the network for this worker
148         CALL F77_CHAN_OUT_WORD(WorkerNo,ToMaster)
149 C
150 C       Loop, receiving all messages from this worker until
151 C       another negative worker number is received.
152 500   CALL F77_CHAN_IN_WORD(WorkerNo,INS(MessFrom))
153         CALL F77_CHAN_OUT_WORD(WorkerNo,ToMaster)
154 C
155 C       If Worker number positive, get and send message
156         IF (WorkerNo.GT.0) THEN
157 C           Get the actual message
158             CALL F77_CHAN_IN_WORD(Message_Length,INS(MessFrom))
159             CALL F77_CHAN_IN_MESSAGE(Message_Length,Message,
160 1           INS(MessFrom)           )
161 C
162 C           Pass on the message to the master
163             CALL F77_CHAN_OUT_WORD(Message_Length,ToMaster)
164             CALL F77_CHAN_OUT_MESSAGE(Message_Length,Message,ToMaster)
165             GOTO 500
166         END IF
167     END IF
168 C
169 1000 CONTINUE
170 C
171     RETURN
172     END
173 C
174 C =====
175 C This subroutine will place the message passed to it on the network, with
176 C its destination being the master.
177 C Variables passed : 1) Length = Length (in bytes) of message to pass
178 C                   2) Buffer = Pointer to start of message buffer to
179 C                   be sent.
180 C
181     SUBROUTINE F77_NETW_SEND(Length, Buffer)
182     IMPLICIT NONE
183     INCLUDE 'CHAN.INC'
184     INCLUDE 'NETW.INC'
185 C
186     INTEGER Length
187     CHARACTER*(*) Buffer
188 C
189     COMMON /F77_NETW_INTERNAL/
190     1     Internal_Channels, Internal_ChannelR,
191     2     Send_Addr, Receive_Addr,
192     3     Worker_Number, NetW_Reserved, Initialised
193     INTEGER Internal_Channels, Internal_ChannelR,
194     1     Send_Addr, Receive_Addr, Worker_Number
195     LOGICAL NetW_Reserved, Initialised
196 C
197     CALL F77_CHAN_OUT_WORD(Worker_Number,Send_Addr)

```

```

198     CALL F77_CHAN_OUT_WORD(Length,Send_Addr)
199     CALL F77_CHAN_OUT_MESSAGE(Length,Buffer,Send_Addr)
200 C
201     RETURN
202     END
203 C
204 C =====
205 C This subroutine will receive a message from the network destined for this
206 C worker.
207 C Variables passed : 1) Length = Length (in bytes) of message received
208 C                    2) Buffer = Pointer to start of message buffer in
209 C                        which the received message is stored.
210 C
211     SUBROUTINE F77_NETW_RECEIVE(Length, Buffer)
212     IMPLICIT NONE
213     INCLUDE 'CHAN.INC'
214     INCLUDE 'NETW.INC'
215 C
216     INTEGER Length
217     CHARACTER*(*) Buffer
218 C
219     COMMON /F77_NETW_INTERNAL/
220     1     Internal_Channels, Internal_ChannelR,
221     2     Send_Addr, Receive_Addr,
222     3     Worker_Number, NetW_Reserved, Initialised
223     INTEGER Internal_Channels, Internal_ChannelR,
224     1     Send_Addr, Receive_Addr, Worker_Number
225     LOGICAL NetW_Reserved, Initialised
226 C
227     CALL F77_CHAN_IN_WORD(Length,Receive_Addr)
228     CALL F77_CHAN_IN_MESSAGE(Length,Buffer,Receive_Addr)
229 C
230     RETURN
231     END
232 C
233 C =====
234 C This subroutine is called to reserve the network for messages from this
235 C worker. It has no effect if the network is already reserved.
236 C
237     SUBROUTINE F77_NETW_USE()
238 C
239     COMMON /F77_NETW_INTERNAL/
240     1     Internal_Channels, Internal_ChannelR,
241     2     Send_Addr, Receive_Addr,
242     3     Worker_Number, NetW_Reserved, Initialised
243     INTEGER Internal_Channels, Internal_ChannelR,
244     1     Send_Addr, Receive_Addr, Worker_Number
245     LOGICAL NetW_Reserved, Initialised
246 C
247     IF (.NOT.NetW_Reserved) THEN
248         NetW_Reserved = .TRUE.
249         CALL F77_CHAN_OUT_WORD(-Worker_Number,Send_Addr)
250     END IF
251 C
252     RETURN
253     END
254 C
255 C =====
256 C This subroutine is called to free the network after it has been reserved.
257 C It has no effect if the network is already free.
258 C
259     SUBROUTINE F77_NETW_FREE()
260 C
261     COMMON /F77_NETW_INTERNAL/
262     1     Internal_Channels, Internal_ChannelR,
263     2     Send_Addr, Receive_Addr,
264     3     Worker_Number, NetW_Reserved, Initialised
265     INTEGER Internal_Channels, Internal_ChannelR,
266     1     Send_Addr, Receive_Addr, Worker_Number
267     LOGICAL NetW_Reserved, Initialised
268 C

```

```

269     IF (NetW_Reserved) THEN
270         NetW_Reserved = .FALSE.
271         CALL F77_CHAN_OUT_WORD(-Worker_Number,Send_Addr)
272     END IF
273 C
274     RETURN
275     END
276 C
277 C =====
278 C This subroutine is called to initialise the channel variables used as
279 C well as to start the threads which control the network message passing.
280 C
281     SUBROUTINE F77_NETW_WORKER()
282     IMPLICIT NONE
283     INCLUDE 'CHAN.INC'
284     INCLUDE 'THREAD.INC'
285     EXTERNAL F77_NETW_IN_MESSAGES, F77_NETW_OUT_MESSAGES
286 C
287     COMMON /F77_NETW_CHANNELS/
288     1     NumChans, INAddr(4), OUTAddr(4)
289     INTEGER NumChans, INAddr, OUTAddr
290 C
291     COMMON /F77_NETW_INTERNAL/
292     1     Internal_Channels, Internal_ChannelR,
293     2     Send_Addr, Receive_Addr,
294     3     Worker_Number, NetW_Reserved, Initialised
295     INTEGER Internal_Channels, Internal_ChannelR,
296     1     Send_Addr, Receive_Addr, Worker_Number
297     LOGICAL NetW_Reserved, Initialised
298 C
299     INTEGER InWSSize, OutWSSize
300     PARAMETER
301     1 (InWSSize = 2048,
302     2     OutWSSize = 2048 )
303 C
304     COMMON /F77_NETW_WORKSPACE/
305     1     OutWS(2048), InWS(2048)
306     INTEGER InWS, OutWS
307 C
308     INTEGER HostChanIN, HostChanOUT, PathLength,
309     1     I, J, MessFrom, NextID, RID
310     CHARACTER*32 Path
311     LOGICAL Initialise
312 C
313 C     Ensure that this routine is called only once
314 C     IF (Initialised) GOTO 160
315 C
316 C     Initialise addresses to all channels
317     NumChans = F77_CHAN_IN_PORTS()
318     DO 100 I = 1,NumChans
319         J = I - 1
320         INAddr(I) = F77_CHAN_IN_PORT(J)
321         OUTAddr(I) = F77_CHAN_OUT_PORT(J)
322 100 CONTINUE
323 C
324 C     Wait for a message from one of the closest transputers to the host.
325 C     Message is to be this transputers ID, and the ID increment is to
326 C     be returned back to the host, as well as a message specifying routing
327 C     path of 0, indicating this is to be the destination transputer.
328     HostChanIN = INAddr(1)
329     HostChanOUT = OUTAddr(1)
330     CALL F77_CHAN_IN_WORD(Worker_Number,HostChanIN)
331     CALL F77_CHAN_OUT_WORD(Worker_Number+1,HostChanOUT)
332     CALL F77_CHAN_OUT_WORD(0,HostChanOUT)
333 C
334 C     Get Next ID
335     CALL F77_CHAN_IN_WORD(NextID,HostChanIN)
336 C

```

```

337 C   Initialise channel variables
338     DO 150 I = 2, NumChans
339       Initialise = .TRUE.
340       DO 140 WHILE (Initialise)
341         C   Pass on to next T/P
342         CALL F77_CHAN_OUT_WORD(NextID,OUTAddr(I))
343         C   Get result
344         CALL F77_CHAN_IN_WORD(RID,INAddr(I))
345         Initialise = (RID.NE.-1)
346         IF (Initialise) THEN
347           C   Send back ID
348           CALL F77_CHAN_OUT_WORD(RID,HostChanOUT)
349           C   Get Path
350           CALL F77_CHAN_IN_WORD(PathLength,INAddr(I))
351           IF (PathLength.NE.0)
352             *   CALL F77_CHAN_IN_MESSAGE(PathLength,Path(2:32),INAddr(I))
353             Path(1:1) = CHAR(1)
354             PathLength = PathLength + 1
355           C   Send back path length
356           CALL F77_CHAN_OUT_WORD(PathLength,HostChanOUT)
357           CALL F77_CHAN_OUT_MESSAGE(PathLength,Path,HostChanOUT)
358           C   Get Next ID
359           CALL F77_CHAN_IN_WORD(NextID,HostChanIN)
360         END IF
361       140 CONTINUE
362     150 CONTINUE
363 C .
364 C   Done Network Initialisation
365     CALL F77_CHAN_OUT_WORD(-1,HostChanOUT)
366 C
367 C   Set up the internal channels
368     Send_Addr = F77_CHAN_ADDRESS(Internal_Channels)
369     Receive_Addr = F77_CHAN_ADDRESS(Internal_ChannelR)
370     CALL F77_CHAN_INIT(Send_Addr)
371     CALL F77_CHAN_INIT(Receive_Addr)
372 C
373 C   Start the send and receive threads
374     CALL F77_THREAD_START(F77_NETW_OUT_MESSAGES,OutWS,OutWSSize*4,
375       *   F77_THREAD_URGENT,1,I)
376     CALL F77_THREAD_START(F77_NETW_IN_MESSAGES,InWS,InWSSize*4,
377       *   F77_THREAD_URGENT,1,I)
378 C
379     Initialise = .TRUE.
380 160 RETURN
381 END

```

Chapter 4 - OCCAM/Turbo Pascal Server

This chapter is divided into two sections, the Turbo Pascal Source of the *Host Server* and the OCCAM 2 source of the *Transputer Server* or transputer libraries. In the latter section, the library source files all have the extensions OCC where the include files **TPSERVER.INC**, **TPSCREEN.INC**, **TPFILE.INC**, **TPDOS.INC** and **TPGRAPH.INC** must be included in when using the server, the screen library, file library, dos library and graph library respectively. The **TPSUBSYS.OCC** and **QUADPUTE.OCC** libraries may be included when a subsystem, such as the quadputer, is involved. A user manual for this system is provided as an appendix in the thesis.

(i) Turbo Pascal Source

"ALSERVER.PAS"

```
{ $M 65520,0,500360 }
Program TestServer;
Uses Crt, Dos, Graph, Printer, TranUtil, FileHand, Graphics;

Var
  OldBreakAddress      : Pointer;
  OldBreakState       : Byte;

{$I INLINE.PAS}
{$I KEYBOARD.PAS}
{$I SCREEN.PAS}
{$I DOS.PAS}

{-----}
{ This procedure is the handler of the server. }
{
Procedure Handler;
Var Done, Error : Boolean;
Begin
  (START DIRECTLY BY CONTINUING)
  If KeyboardInOperation Then
  begin
    Case Instruction Of
      1 : TPKeyPressed;
      2 : TReadKey(FALSE);
      3 : TReadKey(TRUE);
      4 : TReadString(FALSE);
      5 : TReadString(TRUE);
      6 : TReadNumber(FALSE);
      7 : TReadNumber(TRUE);
    End;
  end;

  (START THE MAIN LOOP)
  Done := FALSE;
  Repeat
    (GET INSTRUCTION)
    Get_Instruction(Instruction);
```

```

If (Instruction < 50) Then
begin
  KeyboardInOperation := TRUE;

  {KEYBOARD}
  Case Instruction Of
    1 : TPKeyPressed;
    2 : TPreadKey(FALSE);
    3 : TPreadKey(TRUE);
    4 : TPreadString(FALSE);
    5 : TPreadString(TRUE);
    6 : TPreadNumber(FALSE);
    7 : TPreadNumber(TRUE);
    8 : BreakOn := (Get_Byte <> 0);
  End;

  KeyboardInOperation := FALSE;
end
Else
If (Instruction < 100) Then
begin
  {SCREEN}
  Case Instruction Of
    51 : ClrScr;
    52 : ClrEos;
    53 : ClrEol;
    54 : GotoXY(Get_Byte,Get_Byte);
    55 : NormVideo;
    56 : HighVideo;
    57 : LowVideo;
    58 : Sound(Get_Word);
    59 : NoSound;
    60 : TPWhereX;
    61 : TPWhereY;
    62 : TextBackground(Get_Byte);
    63 : TextColor(Get_Byte);
    64 : TextMode(Get_Byte);
    65 : Write(Get_String);
    66 : WriteLn(Get_String);
    80 : PrintScreen;
  End;
end
Else
If (Instruction < 150) Then
begin
  {FILES}
  Case Instruction Of
    101,
    102 : TPAAssignFile;
    103 : TPRResetFile;
    104 : TPRewriteFile;
    105 : TPAAppendFile;
    106 : TPCloseFile;
    107 : TPRenameFile;
    108 : TPDeleteFile;
    109 : TPEndOfFile;
    110 : TPFileError;
    111 : TPreadTextLine;
    112 : TPreadTextNum;
    113 : TPreadBlock;
    114 : TPreadFile(1);      {BOOLEAN}
    115 : TPreadFile(1);    {BYTE}
    116 : TPreadFile(4);    {INT}
    117 : TPreadFile(2);    {INT16}
    118 : TPreadFile(4);    {INT32}
    119 : TPreadFile(8);    {INT64}
    120 : TPreadFile(4);    {REAL32}
    121 : TPreadFile(8);    {REAL64}
  End;
end;

```

```

131 : TPWriteTextLine;
132 : TPWriteText;
133 : TPWriteBlock;
134 : TPWriteFile(1);      {BOOLEAN}
135 : TPWriteFile(1);      {BYTE}
136 : TPWriteFile(4);      {INT}
137 : TPWriteFile(2);      {INT16}
138 : TPWriteFile(4);      {INT32}
139 : TPWriteFile(8);      {INT64}
140 : TPWriteFile(4);      {REAL32}
141 : TPWriteFile(8);      {REAL64}
End;
end           Else
If (Instruction < 200) Then
begin
  {DOS}
  Case Instruction Of
    151 : TPExec;
    152 : TPGetDate;
    153 : SetDate(Get_Word,Get_Word,Get_Word);
    154 : TPGetTime;
    155 : SetTime(Get_Word,Get_Word,Get_Word,Get_Word);
    156 : Send_Long(DiskFree(Get_Word));
    157 : Send_Long(DiskSize(Get_Word));
    158 : TPGetFAttr;
    159 : TPSetFAttr;
    160 : TPFileExists;
    161 : TPInterrupt;
    162 : Send_Byte(Port[Get_Word]);
    163 : TPWritePort;
    164 : TPFileSize;
  End;
end           Else
If (Instruction < 250) Then
begin
  {GRAPH}
  Case Instruction Of
    201 : TPInitGraph;
    202 : TPSetGraphMode;
    203 : TPRestoreCrtMode;
    204 : TPCloseGraphics;
    205 : TPSetViewPort;
    206 : ClearViewPort;
    207 : ClearDevice;
    208 : TPDetectGraph;
    209 : TPSetLineStyle;
    210 : TPSetFillPattern;
    211 : TPSetFillStyle;
    212 : TPArc;
    213 : TPBar;
    214 : TPBar3D;
    215 : TPCircle;
    216 : TPDrawPoly;
    217 : TPLine;
    218 : TPLineTo;
    219 : TPMoveRel;
    220 : TPMoveTo;
    221 : TPPutPixel;
    222 : OutText(Get_String);
    223 : TPOutTextXY;
    224 : TPRectangle;
    225 : TPSetTextJustify;
    226 : TPSetTextStyle;
    227 : TPGetAspectRatio;
    228 : TPGetMaxX;
    229 : TPGetMaxY;
    230 : TPGraphResult;
    231 : TPSetColor;
    232 : TPSetBkColor;
    233 : TPGetColor;
    234 : TPGetBkColor;

```

```

    240 : TPEllipse;
    241 : TPFillEllipse;
    242 : TPFillPoly;
    243 : TPFloodFill;
    244 : TPGetArcCoords;
    245 : TPLineRel;
    246 : TPPieSlice;
    247 : TPSector;
  End;
end      Else
begin
  Case Instruction Of
    250 : TPSystemInfo;      {SEND SYSTEM INFO DETERMINED BEFORE BOOT}
    251 : TPBootSubsystem;  {SEND 2nd BOOT FILE (SIZE 1st) TO Host}
    252 : TPBootFileSubSys; {SEND BOOT FILE PASSED BY NAME TO Host}
    255 : Done := TRUE;     {TERMINATE SERVER}
  End;
end;
Until Done;
End;

{-----}
{ This procedure is the interrupt procedure for break. }

Procedure DoBreak; Interrupt;
Begin
  Blip;
  Grab_Attention := TRUE;
End;

{-----}
{ This initialises the system. }

Procedure Initialise;
Begin
  {INITIALISE BREAK MODE}
  BreakOn := TRUE;

  {TURN OFF BREAK CHECKING}
  CheckBreak := True;
  Inline($B8/$00/$33/          {MOV AX,3300h      }
        $CD/$21/              {INT 21h      }
        $B8/$16/OldBreakState/ {MOV OldBreakState,DL}
        $B8/$01/$33/          {MOV AX,3301h      }
        $B2/$00/              {MOV DL,00h      }
        $CD/$21                {INT 21h      } );

  {Keep and reset old break address}
  GetIntVec($1B,OldBreakAddress);
  SetIntVec($1B,@DoBreak);      {Set interrupt to break handler};
End;

{-----}
{ This procedure closes off the system. }

Procedure Finalise;
Begin
  {Restore break checking}
  Inline($B8/$01/$33/          {MOV AX,3301h      }
        $8A/$16/OldBreakState/ {MOV DL,OldBreakState}
        $CD/$21                {INT 21h      } );

  {Restore Old Break Address}
  SetIntVec($1B,OldBreakAddress);
End;

```

```

-----)
Begin
  Initialise;
  Handler;
  Finalise;
End.

```

"PROTOCOL.PAS"

```

Const
  (KEYBOARD PROTOCOL 1 - 50 )
  TKeyPressed      : Byte = 1;
  TReadKey         : Byte = 2;
  TReadEchoKey     : Byte = 3;
  TReadString      : Byte = 4;
  TReadEchoString  : Byte = 5;
  TReadNumber      : Byte = 6;
  TReadEchoNumber  : Byte = 7;
  TBreakOn        : Byte = 8;

  (SCREEN PROTOCOL 51 - 100 )
  TClrScr          : Byte = 51;
  TClrEOS          : Byte = 52;
  TClrEOL          : Byte = 53;
  TGotoXY          : Byte = 54;
  TNormVideo       : Byte = 55;
  THighVideo       : Byte = 56;
  TLowVideo        : Byte = 57;
  TSound           : Byte = 58;
  TNoSound         : Byte = 59;
  TWhereX          : Byte = 60;
  TWhereY          : Byte = 61;
  TTextBackground  : Byte = 62;
  TTextColor       : Byte = 63;
  TTextMode        : Byte = 64;
  TWriteString     : Byte = 65;
  TWriteLnString   : Byte = 66;

  (FILE PROTOCOL 101 - 150 )
  TAssignText      : Byte = 101;
  TAssignFile      : Byte = 102;
  TResetFile       : Byte = 103;
  TRewriteFile     : Byte = 104;
  TAppendText      : Byte = 105;
  TCloseFile       : Byte = 106;
  TRenameFile      : Byte = 107;
  TDeleteFile      : Byte = 108;
  TEndOfFile       : Byte = 109;
  TFileError       : Byte = 110;

  TReadTextLine    : Byte = 111;
  TReadTextNum     : Byte = 112;
  TReadBlock       : Byte = 113;
  TReadBool        : Byte = 114;
  TReadByte        : Byte = 115;
  TReadInt         : Byte = 116;
  TReadInt16       : Byte = 117;
  TReadInt32       : Byte = 118;
  TReadInt64       : Byte = 119;
  TReadReal32      : Byte = 120;
  TReadReal64      : Byte = 121;

  TWriteTextLine   : Byte = 131;
  TWriteText       : Byte = 132;
  TWriteBlock      : Byte = 133;
  TWriteBool       : Byte = 134;
  TWriteByte       : Byte = 135;
  TWriteInt        : Byte = 136;
  TWriteInt16      : Byte = 137;
  TWriteInt32      : Byte = 138;

```

```
TWriteInt64      : Byte = 139;
TWriteReal32     : Byte = 140;
TWriteReal64     : Byte = 141;
```

```
{DOS PROTOCOL 151 - 200 }
TExec           : Byte = 151;
TGetDate        : Byte = 152;
TSetDate        : Byte = 153;
TGetTime        : Byte = 154;
TSetTime        : Byte = 155;
TDiskFree       : Byte = 156;
TDiskSize       : Byte = 157;
TGetFAttr       : Byte = 158;
TSetFAttr       : Byte = 159;
TFileExists     : Byte = 160;
TInterrupt      : Byte = 161;
TReadPort      : Byte = 162;
TWritePort      : Byte = 163;
```

```
{GRAPH PROTOCOL 201 - 240 }
TInitGraph      : Byte = 201;
TSetGraphMode   : Byte = 202;
TRestoreCrtMode : Byte = 203;
TCloseGraph     : Byte = 204;
TSetViewPort    : Byte = 205;
TClearViewPort  : Byte = 206;
TClearDevice    : Byte = 207;
TDetectGraph    : Byte = 208;
TSetLineStyle   : Byte = 209;
TSetFillPattern : Byte = 210;
TSetFillStyle   : Byte = 211;
TArc            : Byte = 212;
TBar            : Byte = 213;
TBar3D          : Byte = 214;
TCircle         : Byte = 215;
TDrawPoly       : Byte = 216;
TLine           : Byte = 217;
TLineRes        : Byte = 218;
TMoveRel        : Byte = 219;
TMoveTo         : Byte = 220;
TPutPixel       : Byte = 221;
TOutText        : Byte = 222;
TOutTextXY     : Byte = 223;
TRectangle      : Byte = 224;
TSetTextJustify : Byte = 225;
TSetTextStyle   : Byte = 226;
TGetAspectRatio : Byte = 227;
TGetMaxX        : Byte = 228;
TGetMaxY        : Byte = 229;
TGraphResult    : Byte = 230;
TSetColor       : Byte = 231;
TSetBkColor     : Byte = 232;
TGetColor       : Byte = 233;
TGetBkColor     : Byte = 234;
TEllipse        : Byte = 240;
TFillEllipse    : Byte = 241;
TFillPoly       : Byte = 242;
TFloodFill      : Byte = 243;
TGetArcCoords   : Byte = 244;
TLineRel        : Byte = 245;
TPieSlice       : Byte = 246;
TSector         : Byte = 247;
```

```
{SERVER PROTOCOL 241 - 255}
TSystemInfo     : Byte = 250;
TBootSubsystem  : Byte = 251;
TBootFileSubSys : Byte = 252;
TEndServer      : Byte = 255;
```

"IOERRNOS.PAS"

```

{-----}
{ This is the list of IOErrors which may occur. }
{ }

```

```
CONST
```

```

NoError      : Byte = 0;
FileNotFound  : Byte = 2;
PathNotFound  : Byte = 3;
TooManyFiles  : Byte = 4;
AccessDenied  : Byte = 5;
InvalidHandle : Byte = 6;
InvalidAccess : Byte = 12;
InvalidDrive  : Byte = 15;
CantRemoveDir : Byte = 16;
CantRename    : Byte = 17;
DiskReadError : Byte = 100;
DiskWriteError : Byte = 101;
FileNotAssign : Byte = 102;
FileNotOpen   : Byte = 103;
FileNotInput  : Byte = 104;
FileNotOutput : Byte = 105;
InvalidNumeric : Byte = 106;

```

"INLINE.PAS"

```

{-----}
{ This is the function which returns the value of the byte sent from the }
{ host transputer. For purposes of speed, it has been made INLINE. }
{ }

```

```
Function Get_Byte : Byte;
```

```

Inline($8B/$16/Link_In_Status/      {      MOV DX,[Link_In_Status] }
  $EC/                               {Loop: IN AL,DX }
  $24/$01/                           {      AND AL,01 }
  $74/$FB/                           {      JZ Loop }
  $83/$EA/$02/                       {      SUB DX,02 ;Adjust for read. }
  $EC);                              {      IN AL,DX }

```

```

{-----}
{ This is the function which returns the value of the word sent from the }
{ host transputer. For purposes of speed, it has been made INLINE. }
{ }

```

```
Function Get_Word : Word;
```

```

Inline($8B/$16/Link_In_Status/      {      MOV DX,[Link_In_Status] }
  $EC/                               {Loop: IN AL,DX }
  $24/$01/                           {      AND AL,01 }
  $74/$FB/                           {      JZ Loop }
  $83/$EA/$02/                       {      SUB DX,02 ;Adjust for read. }
  $EC/                               {      IN AL,DX }
  $88/$C1/                           {      MOV CL,AL }
  $83/$C2/$02/                       {      ADD DX,02 ;Adjust to status }
  $EC/                               {Loop2:IN AL,DX }
  $24/$01/                           {      AND AL,01 }
  $74/$FB/                           {      JZ Loop2 }
  $83/$EA/$02/                       {      SUB DX,02 ;Adjust for read. }
  $EC/                               {      IN AL,DX }
  $88/$C4/                           {      MOV AH,AL }
  $88/$C8);                          {      MOV AL,CL }

```

```

{-----}
{ This procedure tries to send a byte to the transputer. For speed purposes }
{ it is INLINE. }
{ }

```

```
Procedure Send_Byte(Bite : Byte);
```

```

Inline($8B/$16/Link_Out_Status/     {      MOV DX,[Link_Out_Status] }
  $EC/                               {Loop: IN AL,DX }
  $24/$01/                           {      AND AL,01 }
  $74/$FB/                           {      JZ Loop }
  $83/$EA/$02/                       {      SUB DX,02 ;Adjust for write. }
  $58/                               {      POP AX }
  $EE);                              {      OUT DX,AL }

```

```

-----)
( This procedure tries to send a word to the transputer and is also INLINE. )
(
Procedure Send_Word(Wrd : Word);
Inline($88/$16/Link_Out_Status/      (      MOV DX,[Link_Out_Status]      )
      $EC/                             (Loop: IN AL,DX                      )
      $24/$01/                          (      AND AL,01                      )
      $74/$FB/                          (      JZ Loop                        )
      $83/$EA/$02/                      (      SUB DX,02 ;Adjust for write.  )
      $58/                               (      POP AX                         )
      $EE/                               (      OUT DX,AL                      )
      $83/$C2/$02/                      (      ADD DX,02 ;Adjust to status   )
      $EC/                             (Loop2:IN AL,DX                    )
      $24/$01/                          (      AND AL,01                      )
      $74/$FB/                          (      JZ Loop2                      )
      $83/$EA/$02/                      (      SUB DX,02 ;Adjust for write.  )
      $88/$E0/                          (      MOV AL,AH                     )
      $EE);                             (      OUT DX,AL                     )

-----)
( This procedure tries to send a word to the transputer and is also INLINE. )
(
Procedure Send_Int(Int : Integer);
Inline($8B/$16/Link_Out_Status/      (      MOV DX,[Link_Out_Status]      )
      $EC/                             (Loop: IN AL,DX                      )
      $24/$01/                          (      AND AL,01                      )
      $74/$FB/                          (      JZ Loop                        )
      $83/$EA/$02/                      (      SUB DX,02 ;Adjust for write.  )
      $58/                               (      POP AX                         )
      $EE/                               (      OUT DX,AL                      )
      $83/$C2/$02/                      (      ADD DX,02 ;Adjust to status   )
      $EC/                             (Loop2:IN AL,DX                    )
      $24/$01/                          (      AND AL,01                      )
      $74/$FB/                          (      JZ Loop2                      )
      $83/$EA/$02/                      (      SUB DX,02 ;Adjust for write.  )
      $88/$E0/                          (      MOV AL,AH                     )
      $EE);                             (      OUT DX,AL                     )

```

"KEYBOARD.PAS"

```

(
( THIS INCLUDE FILE CONTAINS THE KEYBOARD HANDLING ROUTINES FOR THE
( TRANSPUTER SERVER.
(
-----)
( This procedure handles the keypressed function.
( Passed : Nothing
( Returns : Byte = 0 for NOT KEYPRESSED
(           1 for KEYPRESSED
(
Procedure TPKeypressed;
Begin
  If KeyIsPressed Then Send_Byte(1)
  Else Send_Byte(0);
End;

-----)
( This procedure will read a key from the keyboard (without echoing).
( Passed : Nothing
( Returns : Char = Key that was pressed.
(
Procedure TPReadKey(Echo : Boolean);
Var Ch : Char;
Begin
  Ch := ReadAKey;
  If Echo Then Write(Ch);
  Send_Byte(Ord(Ch));
End;

```

```

-----}
{ This procedure will read a string from the keyboard. }
{ Passed : Maximum String Size }
{ Returns : Length of String Read. }
{ Characters that make up the string. }
{ }
Procedure TPreadString(Echo : Boolean);
Var St : String255;
    Ch : Char;
    Done : Boolean;
    I, J, MaxSize : Byte;
Begin
    PreventExit := TRUE;

    {GET THE MAXIMUM SIZE OF THE STRING}
    MaxSize := Get_Byte;

    {READ THE STRING}
    I := 0; Done := False;
    Repeat
        Ch := ReadAKey;
        If (Ch >= ' ') AND (Ch <= '~') AND (I < MaxSize)
            Then begin
                Inc(I);
                St[I] := Ch;
                If Echo Then Write(Ch);
            end
        Else If (Ch = #8) then
            begin
                if (I > 0)
                    then begin
                        dec(i);
                        if echo then write('^H,' ',^H);
                    end
                else bell;
            end
        Else Done := (Ch = #13);
    Until Done;

    {SEND THE STRING}
    St[0] := CHR(I);
    Send_String(St);

    PreventExit := FALSE;
End;

-----}
{ This procedure will read a number from the keyboard, ensuring that the }
{ number is a valid one. It will then send the number in string format to }
{ the transputer. }
{ }
Procedure TPreadNumber(Echo : Boolean);
Var St : String255;
    Ch : Char;
    Done : Boolean;
    I, J, MaxSize : Byte;
    K : Word;
    Num : Real;
    ECode : Integer;
Begin
    PreventExit := TRUE;
    MaxSize := Get_Byte;
    REPEAT
        {READ THE STRING}
        I := 0; Done := False;

```

```

Repeat
  Ch := ReadAKey;
  If (Ch >= ' ') AND (Ch <= '~') AND (I < MaxSize)
  Then begin
    Inc(I);
    St[I] := Ch;
    If Echo Then Write(Ch);
  end
  Else If (Ch = #8) then
  begin
    if (I > 0)
    then begin
      dec(i);
      if echo then write('^H,' ',^H);
    end
    else bell;
  end
  Else Done := (Ch = #13);
Until (I = 255) OR Done;

{SEE IF VALID}
St[0] := Chr(I);
Val(St,Num,ECode);
Done := (ECode = 0) OR (St = '');
If Not Done Then
begin
  if echo then
  begin
    for j := 1 to i do write('^H,' ',^H);
    write('Error in numeric format - Redo');
  end;
  bell;
  if echo then
  begin
    k := 0;
    while not keyispressed and (k < 4000) do
      inc(k);
    for j := 1 to 30 do write('^H,' ',^H);
  end;
end;
UNTIL DONE;

{SEND THE STRING}
Send_String(St);
PreventExit := FALSE;
End;

```

"SCREEN.PAS"

```

(
( THIS INCLUDE FILE CONTAINS THE SCREEN HANDLING ROUTINES FOR THE
( TRANSPUTER SERVER.
(
{-----}
( This procedure will clear the screen from the current cursor position.
(
Procedure ClrEos;
Var X, Y, I : Byte;
Begin
  x := wherex;   y := wherey;
  clreol;
  for i := (Y+1) to 25 do
  Begin
    GotoXY(1,i);   ClrEol;
  End;
  GotoXY(x,y);
End;

```

```

(-----)
( This procedure will return to the transputer the X location of the cursor. )
(   Input  : None. )
(   Output : Byte giving X location. )
( )
Procedure TPWhereX;
Begin
  Send_Byte(WhereX);
End;

(-----)
( This procedure will return to the transputer the YX location of the cursor.)
(   Input  : None. )
(   Output : Byte giving Y location. )
( )
Procedure TPWhereY;
Begin
  Send_Byte(WhereY);
End;

(-----)
( This procedure will print the current screen (text or graphics) to the )
( printer. It call the normal print screen routine if in TEXT mode, )
( otherwise it calls its own routine to dump the graphics. )
( )
Procedure PrintScreen;
Var LCount, LC8, I : Integer;
    Bite : Byte;
Begin
  If Not(InGraphicsMode) Then Inline($CD/$05) Else
  Begin
    lcount := succ(getmaxx) DIV 8;
    i := (succ(lcount) * 12) mod 216;
    writeln(lst,#27,#51,chr(i)); (Adjust line)
    writeln(lst,#27,#51,#24); (Set line feed to 24/216)
    Writeln(lst);

    while (lcount > 0) do
      Begin
        Write(Lst,#27,#75,Chr(Succ(GetMaxY) MOD 256),Chr(Succ(GetMaxY) DIV 256));
        LC8 := LCount*8;
        For I := 0 To GetMaxY Do
          begin
            bite := 0;
            if getpixel(lc8-1,i) <> black then bite := bite + 128;
            if getpixel(lc8-2,i) <> black then bite := bite + 64;
            if getpixel(lc8-3,i) <> black then bite := bite + 32;
            if getpixel(lc8-4,i) <> black then bite := bite + 16;
            if getpixel(lc8-5,i) <> black then bite := bite + 8;
            if getpixel(lc8-6,i) <> black then bite := bite + 4;
            if getpixel(lc8-7,i) <> black then bite := bite + 2;
            if getpixel(lc8-8,i) <> black then bite := bite + 1;
            write(lst,chr(bite));
          end;
          Writeln(Lst);
          Dec(LCount);
        End;

        writeln(lst,#27,#50); (Reset feed to 1/6)
      End;
    End;
  End;
End;

```

"DOS.PAS"

```

{-----}
{ This procedure is used to execute the command line passed by the }
{ transputer. }
{ }
{ }
Procedure TPExec;
Var Command, Parameter : String255;
Begin
  Command := Get_String;
  Parameter := Get_String;
  Exec(Command,Parameter);
End;

{-----}
{ This procedure is used to return the date to the transputer. }
{ }
{ }
Procedure TPGetDate;
Var year, month, day, dayofweek : Word;
Begin
  GetDate(Year,Month,Day,DayOfWeek);
  Send_Word(Year);
  Send_Word(Month);
  Send_Word(Day);
  Send_Word(DayOfWeek);
End;

{-----}
{ This procedure is used to return the time to the transputer. }
{ }
{ }
Procedure TPGetTime;
Var hour, minute, second, sec100 : Word;
Begin
  GetTime(Hour,Minute,Second,Sec100);
  Send_Word(Hour);
  Send_Word(Minute);
  Send_Word(Second);
  Send_Word(Sec100);
End;

{-----}
{ This procedure initiates the DOS interrupt call. }
{ }
{ }
Procedure TPInterrupt;
Var Regs : Registers;
    IntNo : Byte;
Begin
  IntNo := Get_Byte;
  With Regs Do
  begin
    ax := get_word;
    bx := get_word;
    cx := get_word;
    dx := get_word;
    bp := get_word;
    si := get_word;
    di := get_word;
    ds := get_word;
    es := get_word;
    flags := get_word;
  end;
  Intr(IntNo,Regs);

```

```

With Regs Do
begin
  send_word(ax);
  send_word(bx);
  send_word(cx);
  send_word(dx);
  send_word(bp);
  send_word(si);
  send_word(di);
  send_word(ds);
  send_word(es);
  send_word(flags);
end;
End;

{-----}
{ This procedure will write to a specified port. }
{ }
Procedure TWritePort;
Var PortNo : Word;
Begin
  PortNo := Get_Word;
  Port[PortNo] := Get_Byte;
End;

```

"TRANUTIL.PAS"

Unit TranUtil;

Interface

Uses Crt, Dos, Graph;

CONST

```

Analyse_Flag : Boolean = FALSE;
SectorSize   : Word = 512;

```

TYPE

String255 = String[255];

WordType = Record

```

  Case Boolean Of
    TRUE  : (W : Word);
    FALSE : (B1, B2 : Byte);
  End;

```

IntType = Record

```

  Case Boolean Of
    TRUE  : (I : Integer);
    FALSE : (B1, B2 : Byte);
  End;

```

LongType = Record

```

  Case Boolean Of
    TRUE  : (Long : LongInt);
    FALSE : (Low, High : Word);
  End;

```

FileSector = Array[1..512] Of Byte;

```

FileType = Record
    Fyl      : File;
    FullName : String255;
    Buffer    : FileSector;
    FSect    : LongInt;
    BufPos   : Word;
    FillTo   : Word;
    Reed     : Boolean;
    EndLine  : Boolean;
    EndFile  : Boolean;
    FileStat : Boolean;
    FileOpen : Boolean;
End;

VAR
    Buffer          : String255;

    NFile          : Array[1..20] Of FileType;

    DriverName     : String255;
    DriverLoaded   : Boolean;
    DriverNumber   : Integer;

    Grab_Attention,
    KeyboardInOperation,
    PreventExit,
    InGraphicsMode,
    BreakOn       : Boolean;

    INSTRUCTION   : Byte;
    Memory_Size   : LongInt;

Const Link_Base_PC      : Word = $300;
      Link_Base_Not_PC  : Word = $150;
      Link_Read_Offset  : Word = $0;
      Link_Write_Offset : Word = $1;
      Link_In_Status_Offset : Word = $2;
      Link_Out_Status_Offset : Word = $3;
      Link_Reset_Offset : Word = $10;
      Link_Error_Offset  : Word = $10;
      Link_Analyse_Offset : Word = $11;

Var TimeOutCount,
    MaxLinkTime,
    ResetCount,
    AnalyseCount,
    Link_Read,
    Link_Write,
    Link_In_Status,
    Link_Out_Status,
    Link_Reset,
    Link_Error,
    Link_Analyse      : Word;

    ParamName1, ParamName2, PathParam : String[128];

Procedure Bell;
Procedure Blip;
Function KeyIsPressed : Boolean;
Function ReadAKey : Char;
Procedure Get_Instruction(Var Bite : Byte);
Function Get_String : String255;
Procedure Send_String(Strng : String255);
Function Get_Long : LongInt;
Procedure Send_Long(Wrd : LongInt);
Procedure TPSystemInfo;
Procedure TPBootSubsystem;
Procedure TPBootFileSubSys;

```

```

Implementation
Const Version = '2.0';

{-----}
{ This procedure is used to give a beep for 1/2 a second. }
{ }
{ }
Procedure Bell;
Begin
  Sound(500);
  Delay(500);
  NoSound;
End;

{-----}
{ This procedure is used to give a blip for 1/10 a second. }
{ }
{ }
Procedure Blip;
Begin
  Sound(950);
  Delay(10);
  NoSound;
End;

{-----}
{ This function returns the number of open files (text and other). }
{ }
{ }
Function NumberOfAssignedFiles : Byte;
Var I, Total : Byte;
Begin
  Total := 0;
  For I := 1 To 20 Do
    if nfile[i].filestatus then inc(total);
  NumberOfAssignedFiles := Total;
End;

{-----}
{ This procedure displays the message given on the bottom line of the screen }
{ until a key has been pressed. Note: It does not kill any text which was }
{ on the screen previously. }
{ }
{ }
Procedure DisplayHelp(Message : String255);
Type TextLineType = Array[1..80] Of Word;

Var TH, TW      : Integer;
    TS          : TextSettingsType;
    VS          : ViewPortType;
    FS          : FillSettingsType;
    OldX, OldY, OldC : Word;
    GMem        : Pointer;
    TMem1, TMem2  : TextLineType;
    ActualLine1  : TextLineType Absolute $B000:$0F00;
    ActualLine2  : TextLineType Absolute $B800:$0F00;
    F,X,Y        : Byte;
Begin
  If InGraphicsMode
  Then Begin {WAS IN GRAPHICS MODE}
    {KEEP CURRENT SETTINGS.}
    oldx := getx;
    oldy := gety;
    oldc := getcolor;
    getfillsettings(fs);
    getviewsettings(vs);
    gettextsettings(ts);

    {SET TO OUR REQUIREMENTS}
    setviewport(0,0,getmaxx,getmaxy,TRUE);
    settxtstyle(defaultfont,horizdir,1);
    settxtjustify(lefttext,bottomtext);
    setfillstyle(emptyfill,0);
    setcolor(getmaxcolor);
  End;
End;

```

```

(SAVE THE SCREEN BELOW)
tw := textwidth(message);
th := textheight(message);
getmem(gmem, imagesize(0,0,tw,th));
getimage(0,getmaxy-th,tw,getmaxy,gmem^);

(CLEAR DISPLAY AREA AND DISPLAY TEXT.)
bar(0,getmaxy-th,tw,getmaxy);
outtextxy(0,getmaxy,message);

(WAIT UNTIL A KEY HAS BEEN PRESSED.)
repeat until keypressed;

(RESTORE SCREEN)
putimage(0,getmaxy-th,gmem^,normalput);
freemem(gmem, imagesize(1,1,tw,th));

(RESTORE SETTINGS.)
settextjustify(ts.horiz,ts.vert);
settextstyle(ts.font,ts.direction,ts.charsize);
setviewport(vs.x1, vs.y1, vs.x2, vs.y2, vs.clip);
setfillstyle(fs.pattern,fs.color);
setcolor(olddc);
moveto(olddx,oldy);
End
Else Begin (WAS IN TEXT MODE)
  (KEEP CURRENT SETTINGS)
  x := wherex; y := wherey;

  (KEEP DISPLAY LINE OF BOTH PAGES.)
  tmem1 := actualline1;
  tmem2 := actualline2;

  (DISPLAY MESSAGE)
  gotoxy(1,25);
  write(message); clreol;

  (WAIT UNTIL A KEY IS PRESSED.)
  repeat until keypressed;

  (RESTORE BOTTOM LINES OF BOTH SCREENS)
  actualline1 := tmem1;
  actualline2 := tmem2;

  (RETURN TO OLD SETTINGS.)
  gotoxy(x,y);
End;
End;

{-----}
{ This procedure is used to reset the transputer. }
{ This is done by pulsing RESET while holding ANALYSE low. }
{ }
Procedure Reset_Link;
Var I : Word;
Begin
  (DEASSERT ANALYSE AND RESET)
  Port[Link_Analyse] := 0;
  Port[Link_Reset] := 0;

  (WAIT)
  For I := 0 To ResetCount Do begin (NOTHING) end;

  (PULSE RESET)
  Port[Link_Reset] := $FF;
  For I := 0 To ResetCount Do begin (NOTHING) end;
  Port[Link_Reset] := 0;
  (ASSERT RESET)
  (WAIT)
  (DEASSERT RESET)
End;

```

```

{-----}
{ This procedure is used to reset the transputer and set it in analyse mode. }
{ This is done by pulsing RESET while holding ANALYSE high. }
{ }
Procedure Reset_Analyse_Link;
Var I : Word;
Begin
  {DEASSERT ANALYSE AND RESET}
  Port[Link_Reset] := 0;
  Port[Link_Analyse] := 0;

  {WAIT}
  For I := 0 To ResetCount Do begin {NOTHING} end;

  {ASSERT ANALYSE}
  Port[Link_Analyse] := $FF;

  {WAIT}
  For I := 0 To AnalyseCount Do begin {NOTHING} end;

  {PULSE RESET}
  Port[Link_Reset] := $FF;
  For I := 0 To ResetCount Do begin {NOTHING} end;
  Port[Link_Reset] := 0;
  {ASSERT RESET}
  {WAIT}
  {DEASSERT RESET}

  {DEASSERT ANALYSE}
  Port[Link_Analyse] := 0;
End;

```

```

{-----}
{ This function will return whether there is an error with the transputer. }
{ }
Function Transputer_Error : Boolean;
Begin
  Transputer_Error := ((Port[Link_Error] AND 1) = 0);
End;

```

```

{-----}
{ This procedure is used to try and save the status of the server before }
{ exiting to dos. In order to do this it requires 5K of disk space. }
{ If none exists on the current drive, it allows the user to specify where }
{ to save the data. }
{ }
Procedure ExitToDos;
Type GSCType = Array[1..1] Of Byte;
Var TempStr : String255;
    I, OffSt : Word;
    D, NoFiles, NoProc : Byte;
    Space : LongInt;
    GotSpace, Abort : Boolean;
    Ch : Char;
    SaveFile : Text;
    ScreenFile : File;
    FillInfo : FillSettingsType;
    FillPattern : FillPatternType;
    LineInfo : LineSettingsType;
    Palette : PaletteType;
    TextInfo : TextSettingsType;
    ViewPort : ViewPortType;
    SSize : Word;
    Ptr : Pointer;
    GSCMem : ^GSCType;
    GDriver, GMode : Integer;
Begin
  {CHECK IF THERE IS ENOUGH SPACE.}
  {Determine Space Required.}
  If InGraphicsMode Then Space := ImageSize(0,0,GetMaxX,GetMaxY){Save Screen.}
    Else Space := 4000;
  Space := Space + 2048;

```

```

{Get current Drive}
GetDir(0,TempStr);
D := ORD(TempStr[1]) - 64;  Abort := FALSE;
Repeat
  gotspace := (diskfree(d) > Space);
  if not gotspace then
    Begin
      displayhelp('No Room on current drive to store current transputer operating data');
      ch := readkey;
      displayhelp('Enter Drive # to store transputer data (A, B, C etc. <X> Aborts');
      ch := upcase(readkey);
      abort := (ch = 'X');
      d := ORD(CH) - 64;
    End;
Until GotSpace Or Abort;
If GotSpace Then
  begin {SAVE THE INFORMATION}
    assign(savefile,'ALSERVER.DAT');
    rewrite(savefile);
    writeln(savefile,keyboardinoperation);
    if keyboardinoperation then writeln(savefile,instruction);

    writeln(savefile,driverloaded);      {GRAPHICS DRIVER ?}
    if driverloaded then
      begin
        writeln(savefile,drivername);    {YES, SAVE NAME WHERE LOADED.}

        {SAVE GRAPHICS SETTINGS}
        writeln(savefile,drivernumber);
        writeln(savefile,ingraphicsmode);
      end;
    if ingraphicsmode then {SAVE GRAPHICS SETTINGS}
      begin
        writeln(savefile,getgraphmode);
        writeln(savefile,getbkcolor,' ',getcolor,' ',getx,' ',gety);

        getfillsettings(fillinfo);
        writeln(savefile,fillinfo.pattern,' ',fillinfo.color);
        if (fillinfo.pattern = userfill) then
          begin
            getfillpattern(fillpattern);
            writeln(savefile,fillpattern[1],' ',fillpattern[2],' ',
              fillpattern[3],' ',fillpattern[4],' ',
              fillpattern[5],' ',fillpattern[6],' ',
              fillpattern[7],' ',fillpattern[8]);
          end;

        getlinesettings(lineinfo);
        with lineinfo do writeln(savefile,linestyle,' ',pattern,' ',thickness);

        getpalette(palette);
        write(savefile,palette.size,' ');
        if (palette.size <> 0) Then
          for i := 0 to pred(palette.size) do
            write(savefile,palette.colors[i],' ');
        writeln(savefile);

        gettextsettings(textinfo);
        with textinfo do
          writeln(savefile,font,' ',direction,' ',charsize,' ',horiz,' ',vert);

        getviewsettings(viewport);
        with viewport do
          writeln(savefile,x1,' ',y1,' ',x2,' ',y2);
          writeln(savefile,viewport.clip);

        {SAVE THE SCREEN}
        setviewport(0,0,getmaxx,getmaxy,FALSE);
        SSize := ImageSize(0,0,GetMaxX,GetMaxY);
        writeln(savefile,ssize);

```

```

    GetMem(Ptr,SSize);
    GetImage(0,0,GetMaxX,GetMaxY,Ptr^);
    Assign(ScreenFile,'ALSERVER.SCR');
    Rewrite(ScreenFile,1);
    GSCMem := Ptr;
    {For I := 1 To SSize Do write(ScreenFile,GSCMem^[I]);}
    BlockWrite(ScreenFile,GSCMem^[1],SSize);
    Close(ScreenFile);
    FreeMem(Ptr,SSize);
end else
begin {SAVE TEXT SETTINGS}
  writeln(savefile,wherex,' ',wherey);
  gdriver := detect;
  detectgraph(gdriver,gmode);
  if (gdriver = hercmono) Then OffSt := $0
    Else OffSt := $800;
  writeln(savefile,offst);

  {Save Text Screen}
  Assign(ScreenFile,'ALSERVER.SCR');
  Rewrite(ScreenFile,1);
  {For I := 0 To 3999 Do write(ScreenFile,Mem[$B000+OffSt:I]);}
  BlockWrite(ScreenFile,Mem[$B000+OffSt:0],4000);
  Close(ScreenFile);
end;

{SAVE THE FILE INFORMATION}
NoFiles := NumberOfAssignedFiles;
Writeln(SaveFile,NoFiles);      {NUMBER OF FILES BEING PROCESSED.}

D := 0; NoProc := 0;
While (NoProc < NoFiles) AND (D < 20) Do
begin
  inc(d);
  if nfile[d].filestatus then {FILE IS ASSIGNED SO SAVE STATUS}
  with nfile[d] do
  Begin
    Inc(NoProc); {Next File Found.}
    Writeln(SaveFile,FullName); {Full file name.}
    Writeln(SaveFile,D); {Save File Handle.}

    Writeln(SaveFile,FileOpen); {OPEN ?}
    If FileOpen Then
    begin
      Writeln(SaveFile,Reed); {READ OR WRITE}
      Space := FSect + BufPos;
      Writeln(SaveFile,Space);

      {$I-}
      {CLOSE THE FILE.}
      If Not(Reed) AND (BufPos > 0) Then
      {FLUSH BUFFER}
      BlockWrite(Fyl,Buffer,BufPos);

      Close(Fyl);
    end;
  end;

  {$I+}

  FileStatus := FALSE;
  FileOpen := FALSE;
End;
end;

Close(SaveFile);
halt(5);
end;
End;
```

```

-----}
{ This procedure is used to read keys into the keyboard buffer. }
{ }
Procedure Update_Buffer;

Const AskString :
      String = '(T)erminate Server, (E)xit to Dos, (C)ontinue, (I)gnore, (F)lush Keyboard';

      TerminateString :
      String = 'Are you sure you want to terminate (Y/N) ?';

Var Ch          : Char;
    Add         : Boolean;
Begin
  While KeyPressed Do
    begin
      add := TRUE;

      ch := readkey;

      if (ch = #3) AND BreakOn
      Then
        Begin
          {Find out what to do.}
          blip;
          repeat
            displayhelp(askstring);
            ch := upcase(readkey);
            if (ch = 'T') Then
              Begin
                Bell;
                DisplayHelp(TerminateString);
                ch := upcase(readkey);
                if ch = 'Y' then ch := 'T';
              End;
            until (ch IN ['T','E','C','I','F']);

            {EXECUTE COMMAND}
            case ch of
              'T' : Begin
                  GotoXY(1,24);
                  Reset_Link;
                  If Transputer_Error Then
                    begin
                      Reset_Analyse_Link;
                      Reset_Link;
                    end;
                  If Transputer_Error
                    Then Halt(1)  (RESET TRANSPUTER FAILED.  )
                    Else Halt(5); (RESET TRANSPUTER SUCCESSFUL.)
                End;
              'E' : Begin
                  If Not PreventExit Then ExitToDos;
                  add := FALSE;
                End;
              'C' : if (length(Buffer) < 255) then buffer := buffer + #3;
              'I' : add := FALSE;
              'F' : Begin
                  Buffer := '';
                  Add := False;
                End;
            end;
          End
        Else
          {ENSURE ROOM IN BUFFER, THEN ADD ELSE BLIP.}
          if (length(Buffer) < 255) AND (ch <> #3)
            Then buffer := buffer + ch
            Else Blip;
        end;
      end;
End;

```

```

{-----}
{ This function simulates the keypressed function. }
{ }
Function KeyIsPressed : Boolean;
Begin
  Update_Buffer;
  KeyIsPressed := (Length(Buffer) > 0);
End;

{-----}
{ This function simulates the readkey function. }
{ }
Function ReadAKey : Char;
Var Ch : Char;
Begin
  Repeat Until KeyIsPressed;
  Ch := Buffer[1];
  Delete(Buffer,1,1);
  ReadAKey := Ch;
End;

{-----}
{ This procedure tries to get a byte from the transputer. }
{ }
Procedure Get_Instruction(Var Bite : Byte);
Var Got : Boolean;
Begin
  Got := FALSE;
  Repeat
    If Grab_Attention Then Begin
      Grab_Attention := FALSE;
      Update_Buffer
    End Else
    If ((Port[Link_In_Status] AND 1) = 1) Then
      begin
        Bite := Port[Link_Read];
        Got := TRUE;
      end
    Else if keypressed then Update_Buffer;
  Until Got;
End;

{$I INLINE.PAS}

{-----}
{ This function attempts to read a string from the transputer. }
{ }
Function Get_String : String255;
Var St : String255;
  I,J,Tmp : Byte;
Begin
  I := Get_Byte;
  For J := 1 To I Do
    st[j] := CHR(get_byte);

  st[0] := CHR(i);
  Get_String := St;
End;

{-----}
{ This procedure tries to get a long word from the transputer. }
{ }
Function Get_Long : LongInt;
Var Temp : LongType;
Begin
  Temp.Low := Get_Word;
  Temp.High := Get_Word;
  Get_Long := Temp.Long;
End;

```

```

-----
{ This procedure tries to send a long word to the transputer. }
{ }
{ }
Procedure Send_Long(Wrd : LongInt);
Var Temp : LongType;
Begin
  Temp.Long := Wrd;
  Send_Word(Temp.Low);
  Send_Word(Temp.High);
End;

-----
{ This procedure tries to get a byte from the transputer. It will abort }
{ if the transputer does not send the byte within a certain time period. }
{ }
{ }
Procedure Time_Get_Byte(Var Bite : Byte; Var Error : Boolean);
Var Gotten : Boolean;
  I : Word;
Begin
  I := 0; Gotten := FALSE;
  Repeat
    If ((Port[Link_In_Status] AND 1) = 1) Then
      begin
        Bite := Port[Link_Read];
        Gotten := TRUE;
      end;
    Inc(I);
  Until Gotten OR (I > MaxLinkTime);
  Error := Not(Gotten);
End;

-----
{ This procedure tries to send a byte to the transputer. It will abort }
{ if the transputer does not acknowledge the byte within a certain time }
{ period. }
{ }
{ }
Procedure Time_Send_Byte(Bite : Byte; Var Error : Boolean);
Var Sent : Boolean;
  I : Word;
Begin
  I := 0; Sent := FALSE;
  Repeat
    If ((Port[Link_Out_Status] AND 1) = 1) Then
      begin
        Port[Link_Write] := Bite;
        Sent := TRUE;
      end;
    Inc(I);
  Until Sent OR (I > MaxLinkTime);
  Error := Not(Sent);
End;

-----
{ This procedure tries to send a double word to the transputer. }
{ }
{ }
Procedure Time_Send_Double_Word(W1,W2 : Word; Var Error : Boolean);
Var Temp : WordType;
Begin
  Temp.W := W1;
  Time_Send_Byte(Temp.B1,Error); If Error Then Exit;
  Time_Send_Byte(Temp.B2,Error); If Error Then Exit;
  Temp.W := W2;
  Time_Send_Byte(Temp.B1,Error); If Error Then Exit;
  Time_Send_Byte(Temp.B2,Error);
End;

```

```

{-----}
{ This procedure tries to get a double word from the transputer. }
{
Procedure Time_Get_Double_Word(Var W1,W2 : Word; Var Error : Boolean);
Var Temp : WordType;
Begin
  Time_Get_Byte(Temp.B1,Error);  If Error Then Exit;
  Time_Get_Byte(Temp.B2,Error);  If Error Then Exit;
  W1 := Temp.W;

  Time_Get_Byte(Temp.B1,Error);  If Error Then Exit;
  Time_Get_Byte(Temp.B2,Error);
  W2 := Temp.W;
End;
}

{-----}
{ This function will return whether the Host exists on the PC or not. }
{
Function Host_In_Computer : Boolean;
Label BoardNotFound;
Const PeekVal      : Byte = $1;
      PokeVal      : Byte = $0;
      MostNegIntHigh : Word = $8000;
      MostNegIntLow  : Word = $0000;
      TestPatternHigh : Word = $4567;
      TestPatternLow  : Word = $0123;
      LocHighWord    : Word = $0000;
      LocLowWord     : Word = $0000;
      MinInt         : LongInt = $80000000;

Var Exists, Error, Found           : Boolean;
    Peek1, Peek2                   : Word;
    ThisAddr, OldAddr, OldVal, Counter : LongInt;
Begin
  Exists := FALSE;  Memory_Size := 0;

  {TEST IF WE CAN PEEK A VALUE FROM THE BOARD.}
  Time_Send_Byte(PeekVal,Error);
  If Error Then Goto BoardNotFound;

  {SEND THE ADDRESS TO PEEK.}
  Time_Send_Double_Word(MostNegIntLow,MostNegIntHigh,Error);
  If Error Then Goto BoardNotFound;

  {GET THE VALUE PEEKED.}
  Time_Get_Double_Word(Peek1,Peek2,Error);
  If Error Then Goto BoardNotFound;

  {NOW POKE THE ADDRESS.}
  Send_Byte(PokeVal);           {Poke CMD.}
  Send_Word(MostNegIntLow);     {Poke Address.}
  Send_Word(MostNegIntHigh);   { " " }
  Send_Word(TestPatternLow);   {Poke Value.}
  Send_Word(TestPatternHigh); { " " }

  {PEEK AT WHAT WE POKED.}
  Send_Byte(PeekVal);           {Peek Command.}
  Send_Word(MostNegIntLow);     {Peek Address.}
  Send_Word(MostNegIntHigh);   { " " }
}

```

```

{CHECK IF THE SAME WHAT WE POKED.}
If (Get_Word = TestPatternLow) AND (Get_Word = TestPatternHigh) Then
begin
  exists := TRUE;      {BOARD FOUND.}

  {RESTORE OLD PEEKED VALUE.}
  Send_Byte(PokeVal);      {Poke CMD.}
  Send_Word(MostNegIntLow); {Poke Address.}
  Send_Word(MostNegIntHigh); { " " }
  Send_Word(Peek1);      {Poke Old Peeked Value.}
  Send_Word(Peek2);      { " " " " " }
end;

{FIND THE MEMORY SIZE}
Counter := $20000000;
OldAddr := MinInt OR Counter;
OldVal := OldAddr;
Send_Byte(PokeVal); Send_Long(OldAddr); Send_Long(OldAddr);
Found := FALSE;
Repeat
  counter := counter shr 1;
  thisaddr := counter OR minint;
  send_byte(pokeval); send_long(thisaddr); send_byte(peekval); send_long(peekval);
  oldval := get_long;
  found := (OldVal <> ThisAddr)
Until Found;
Memory_Size := Counter SHL 1;

If Analyse_Flag Then Reset_Analyse_Link
  Else Reset_Link;

{SET WHAT WE FOUND}
BoardNotFound:
Host_In_Computer := Exists;
End;

{-----}
{ This procedure will boot the open transputer file passed. }
{ It will return an error if the boot was unsuccessful. }
{ }
{ }
Procedure Send_Boot_File(Var Fyl : File; Message : String255);
Var Bytes : Array[1..512] Of Byte;
    NumRead, I : Word;
    Total : LongInt;
    Error : Boolean;
Begin
  Total := 0; Error := FALSE;
  write(message);
  repeat
    BlockRead(Fyl,Bytes,512,NumRead);
    i := 1;
    while (i <= numread) AND Not(Error) Do
      begin
        Time_Send_Byte(Bytes[i],Error);
        Inc(I);
      end;
    Total := Total + 1;
  until (numread = 0) OR (numread <> 512) Or Error;
  close(fyl);
  if error then Begin
    WriteLn('Boot Failed');
    WriteLn('Timeout occurred on ',Total,'th byte sent');
    WriteLn;
    Halt(2);
  End
  else WriteLn('Boot Successful')
End;
End;

```

```

-----}
{ This procedure is used to define the global transputer link variable. }
{ }
Procedure Initialise_Link;
Const  PC_ID : Byte = $FF;
       XT_ID : Byte = $FE;
       XT_I2 : Byte = $FB;
       AT_ID : Byte = $FC;
Var    Link_Base : Word;
       PC_Type   : Byte Absolute $FFFF:$000E;
Begin
  If (PC_Type = PC_ID)
    then Link_Base := Link_Base_PC
    else Link_Base := Link_Base_Not_PC;

  Link_Read      := Link_Base + Link_Read_Offset;
  Link_Write     := Link_Base + Link_Write_Offset;
  Link_In_Status := Link_Base + Link_In_Status_Offset;
  Link_Out_Status := Link_Base + Link_Out_Status_Offset;
  Link_Reset     := Link_Base + Link_Reset_Offset;
  Link_Error     := Link_Base + Link_Error_Offset;
  Link_Analyse  := Link_Base + Link_Analyse_Offset;

  TimeOutCount := 64000;
  ResetCount   := 10000;
  AnalyseCount := 10000;
  MaxLinkTime  := 32000;
End;

-----}
{ This procedure will send the string passed to the transputer. }
{ }
Procedure Send_String(Strng : String255);
Var  Lngth, I : Byte;
Begin
  Lngth := Length(Strng);
  For I := 0 To Lngth Do
    Send_Byte(Ord(Strng[I]));
End;

-----}
{ This function will return TRUE if the transputer running status files are }
{ found, and are loaded correctly.  Otherwise it will return FALSE. }
{ }
Function Running_Status : Boolean;
Type  GSCType = Array[1..1] Of Byte;
Var   SaveFile   : Text;
       ScreenFile : File;
       Return     : Boolean;
       Str        : String255;
       X,Y,I,OffSt : Word;
       GMode      : Integer;
       ImSize     : Word;
       Ptr        : Pointer;
       GSCTMem    : ^GSCType;
       FillInfo   : FillSettingsType;
       FillPattern : FillPatternType;
       LineInfo   : LineSettingsType;
       Palette    : PaletteType;
       TextInfo   : TextSettingsType;
       ViewPort   : ViewPortType;
       NoFiles, H : Byte;
       FPosn     : LongInt;
Begin
  Return := FALSE;  KeyboardInOperation := FALSE;

  {$I-}
  Assign(SaveFile,PathParam+'ALSERVER.DAT');
  Reset(SaveFile);
  Return := (IOResult = 0);

```

```

If Return Then
begin
  (STATUS FILE FOUND.)
  readln(savefile,str);
  keyboardinoperation := (str = 'TRUE'); (START WITH KEYBOARD INSTRUCTION?)
  if keyboardinoperation then readln(savefile,instruction);

  readln(savefile,str);
  driverloaded := (str = 'TRUE'); (LOAD GRAPHICS DRIVER)
  ingraphicsmode := FALSE;
  if driverloaded then
  begin
    readln(savefile,drivename);
    readln(savefile,drivernumber);
    gmode := 0;
    initgraph(drivernumber,gmode,drivename);
    return := (drivernumber > 0);

    readln(savefile,str);
    ingraphicsmode := (str = 'TRUE');
    if ingraphicsmode AND Return
    Then Begin
      Readln(SaveFile,GMode);
      SetGraphMode(GMode);
      Return := (GraphResult = grOK);
    End
    Else RestoreCrtMode;
  end;

if return then
if ingraphicsmode then
begin
  (GET AND SET COLORS)
  read(savefile,x,y);
  setbkcolor(x); setcolor(y);

  (GET X and Y CP)
  readln(savefile,x,y);

  (GET AND SET FILL SETTINGS)
  with fillinfo do readln(savefile,pattern,color);
  if (fillinfo.pattern = userfill) then
  begin
    readln(savefile,fillpattern[1],fillpattern[2],
           fillpattern[3],fillpattern[4],
           fillpattern[5],fillpattern[6],
           fillpattern[7],fillpattern[8]);
    setfillpattern(fillpattern,fillinfo.color);
  end else setfillstyle(fillinfo.pattern,fillinfo.color);

  (GET AND SET LINE STYLE)
  with lineinfo do
  begin
    readln(savefile,linestyle,pattern,thickness);
    setlinestyle(linestyle,pattern,thickness);
  end;

  (GET AND SET PALETTE)
  read(savefile,palette.size);
  if (palette.size <> 0) Then
  begin
    for i := 0 to pred(palette.size) do
      read(savefile,palette.colors[i]);
    setallpalette(palette);
  end;
  readln(savefile);

```

```

{GET AND SET TEXT INFO}
with textinfo do
  Begin
    readln(savefile,font,direction,charsize,horiz,vert);
    settextstyle(font,direction,charsize);
    settextjustify(horiz,vert);
  End;

{GET VIEWPORT}
with viewport do
  readln(savefile,x1,y1,x2,y2);
  readln(savefile,str);
  viewport.clip := (str = 'TRUE');

{GET IMAGE SIZE}
readln(savefile,imsize);
return := (ioresult = 0);

{CLOSE DATA FILE AND DELETE.}
close(savefile);
erase(savefile);

if return then
  Begin {O.K. TO CONTINUE, SO SEE IF SCREEN FILE AVAILABLE.}
    Assign(ScreenFile,PathParam+'ALSERVER.SCR');
    Reset(ScreenFile,1);
    Return := (IOResult = 0);
  End;

if return then
  Begin {O.K. SCREEN FILE AVAILABLE, SO LOAD SCREEN.}
    GetMem(Ptr,ImSize);
    GSCMem := Ptr;
    BlockRead(screenfile,gscmem^[1],ImSize,1);

    SetViewPort(0,0,GetMaxX,GetMaxY,FALSE);
    PutImage(0,0,GSCMem^,NormalPut);
    FreeMem(Ptr,ImSize);

    {CLOSE AND DELETE SCREEN FILE.}
    Close(ScreenFile);
    Erase(ScreenFile);
  End;

{SET VIEWPORT}
with viewport do setviewport(x1,y1,x2,y2,clip);

{SET CURSOR POSITION}
moveto(x,y);
end else
begin {RECALL TEXT SCREEN}
  {GET CURSOR POSITION}
  readln(savefile,x,y);
  gotoxy(x,y);

  {GET SCREEN MEMORY LOCATION}
  readln(savefile,offst);
  return := (ioresult = 0);

  {GET FILE STATUS}
  readln(savefile,nofiles);
  if (nofiles > 0) and return then
    repeat
      ReadLn(SaveFile,Str);
      ReadLn(SaveFile,H);
      Return := (IOResult = 0) AND (H > 0) AND (H <= 20);
    until

```



```

{-----}
{ This procedure sends the booted transputer the system information acquired }
{ before the system was actually booted. The system information is the }
{ transputer type and memory size. }
{ }
{ }
Procedure TPSystemInfo;
Begin
  Send_Long(Memory_Size);
End;

{-----}
{ This procedure does the sending of the subsystem file to the Host. }
{ }
{ }
Procedure SendSubsystemFile(FName : String255; Flag : Boolean);
Var Fyl : File;
    Error : Boolean;
    FSize : LongType;
Begin
  If FName = '/'*
  Then begin
    Time_Send_Double_Word(0,0,Error);
    If Error Then writeln('Host not expecting Quadputer File');
  end
  Else begin
    Assign(Fyl,FName);
    ($I-) Reset(Fyl,1); ($I+)
    If (IOResult = 0) Then
      begin
        FSize.Long := FileSize(Fyl);
        Time_Send_Double_Word(FSize.Low,FSize.High,Error);
        If Error
          Then writeln('Host not expecting Quadputer File')
          Else Send_Boot_File(Fyl,'Booting Quadputer ..... ');
        end Else
        begin {FILE NOT FOUND.}
          FSize.Long := -1;
          Time_Send_Double_Word(FSize.Low,FSize.High,Error);
          If Error
            Then writeln('Host not expecting Quadputer File')
            Else if flag then
              writeln('Quadputer Boot File ',FName,' not found !');
          end;
        end;
      end;
End;

{-----}
{ This procedure will send the second boot file (quadputer) to the Host in }
{ order to allow the Host to boot up the quadputer. }
{ }
{ }
Procedure TPBootSubsystem;
Var Error : Boolean;
    LW : LongType;
Begin
  {SEE IF NAME EXISTS}
  If (ParamName2 <> '')
  Then SendSubsystemFile(ParamName2,TRUE) {TRY SEND FILE TO BOOT QUADPUTER}
  Else begin
    LW.Long := -1;
    Time_Send_Double_Word(LW.Low,LW.High,Error); {FILE NOT FOUND}
    If Error Then writeln('Host not expecting Quadputer File');
  end;
End;

```

```

-----
( This procedure will send the boot file passed by the Host to the Host. )
( The it will send the 32 bit integer -1 if the file is not found. )
( )
Procedure TPBootFileSubSys;
Begin
  {GET BOOT FILE NAME}
  SendSubsystemFile(Get_String,FALSE);
End;

-----
( This procedure processes the parameter line. )
( )
Procedure Process_Parameter_Line;
Const ErrConst : Word = 65535;
Var Option      : String255;
    P, Paddr, Value : Word;

Function Number(Nstr : String) : Word;
Var Value, Q : Word;
Begin
  If Nstr[1] = '#' Then begin {HEX ADDRESS}
    delete(nstr,1,1);
    for q := 1 to length(nstr) do nstr[q] := Ucase(nstr[q]);

    value := 0;
    for q := 1 to length(NStr) Do Begin
      if (nstr[q] >= 'A') AND (nstr[q] <= 'F')
        Then Value := Value*16 + Ord(NStr[q])-55
      else if (nstr[q] >= '0') AND (nstr[q] <= '9')
        Then Value := Value*16 + Ord(NStr[q])-48
      else value := errconst;
    End;
  end else begin
    Val(NStr,value,q);
    If q <> 0 Then Value := ErrConst;
  end;

  Number := Value;
End;
Begin
  For P := 1 TO ParamCount Do
  begin
    Option := ParamStr(P);
    If (Option[1] = '/') AND (Ucase(Option[2]) = 'L') Then
      begin
        {SET LINK PORT BASE ADDRESS FOR PC}
        Delete(Option,1,2);
        Paddr := Number(Option);
        If Paddr <> ErrConst Then Link_Base_Not_PC := PAddr;
      end else if (Option[1] = '/') AND (Ucase(Option[2]) = 'K') Then
      begin
        {INITIALISE KEYSTROKES}
        Delete(Option,1,2);
        Repeat
          Value := Pos('^',Option);
          If Value <> 0 Then
            begin
              Delete(Option,value,1);
              If Option[value] <> '^' Then begin
                Paddr := Number(Copy(Option,value,3));
                If (Paddr = ErrConst) OR (Paddr > 255)
                  Then Delete(Option,value,3) Else Begin
                    Delete(Option,value,2);
                    Option[value] := Chr(PAddr);
                  End;
              end;
            end;
          Until (Value = 0);
          Buffer := Option;
        end else if (Option[1] = '/') AND (Ucase(Option[2]) = 'P') Then

```

```

begin
  {INITIALISE PATH FOR ALSERVER FILES}
  Delete(Option,1,2);
  PathParam := Option;
  If (PathParam[Length(PathParam)] <> '\') OR
    (PathParam[Length(PathParam)] <> ':') Then
    pathparam := pathparam + '\';
end else if (Option[1] = '/') AND (Ucase(Option[2]) = 'B') Then
begin
  {INITIALISE BREAK ON/OFF}
  Delete(Option,1,2);
  BreakOn := Option = '+';
end else if paramname1 = ''
then paramname1 := Option else if paramname2 = ''
then paramname2 := Option;
end;
End;

{+++++}
Var I      : Integer;
    Fyl    : File;
    FName  : String255;

Begin
  {SET UP THE FILE VARIABLES.}
  For I := 1 to 20 Do
  Begin
    nfile[i].filestatus := FALSE;
    nfile[i].fileopen  := FALSE;
  End;

  {INITIALISE GRAPHICS VARIABLES}
  InGraphicsMode := FALSE;  DriverLoaded := FALSE;
  DriverName := '';

  {INITIALISE THE ROOT TRANSPUTER}
  Writeln;
  Writeln('Transputer Pascal Server V'+Version+' -- (C) Alex Schuilenburg 1989');

  {GET THE PARAMETER NAMES}
  Buffer := '';           {KEYBOARD BUFFER}
  Grab_Attention := FALSE;
  KeyboardInOperation := FALSE;
  PreventExit := FALSE;
  ParamName1 := '';  ParamName2 := '';  PathParam := '';
  Process_Parameter_Line;

  {BOOT ?}
  If (ParamName1 = '') Then
  begin
    {TRANSPUTER STATUS FILE DOES NOT EXIST SO TRANSPUTER NOT RUNNING.}
    Writeln;
    Writeln('Transputer Boot file OR /* Required as parameter');
    Halt(0);
  end;

  If ParamName1 = '/*' Then {ASSUME TRANSPUTER RUNNING.}
  begin
    {TRY AND GET TRANSPUTER RUNNING INFORMATION.}
    Initialise_Link;
    If Not Running_Status Then
    begin
      Writeln;
      Writeln('Error loading transputer data files -- CONTACT AUTHOR');
      Halt(1);
    end;
  end Else
    {ASSUME BOOT TRANSPUTER FILE.}

```

```

begin
  Write('Initialising Transputer      ');
  Initialise_Link;

  If Analyse_Flag Then Reset_Analyse_Link
    Else Reset_Link;
  If Host_In_Computer Then
    begin
      WriteLn('Host found');
      WriteLn('Memory size is ',Memory_Size);
    end
  Else
    begin
      writeln('Host not found');
      halt(1);
    end;

  {TRY OPEN AND BOOT FILE}
  FName := ParamName1;
  Assign(Fyl,FName);
  {$I-} Reset(Fyl,1); {$I+}
  If (IOResult = 0)
    Then Send_Boot_File(Fyl,'Booting Root Transputer ..... ')
    Else begin
      Writeln;
      Writeln('Transputer Boot File ',FName,' not found!');
      Halt(4);
    end;
  {If Transputer_Error Then      (COMMENTED OUT 24 April 1989)
    begin                          (Mini-Cluster does not like!)
      Writeln('Error in booting transputer');
      Halt(2);
    end;}
end;
End.

```

"FILEHAND.PAS"

```
Unit FileHand;
```

```
Interface
```

```
Uses Dos, Printer, TranUtil;
```

```

Procedure TPAAssignFile;
Procedure TPRResetFile;
Procedure TPRewriteFile;
Procedure TPAAppendFile;
Procedure TPCloseFile;
Procedure TPRenameFile;
Procedure TPDeleteFile;
Procedure TPEndOfFile;
Procedure TPFileSize;
Procedure TPGetFAttr;
Procedure TPSetFAttr;
Procedure TPFileExists;
Procedure TPFileError;
Procedure TPReadTextLine;
Procedure TPReadTextNum;
Procedure TPReadBlock;
Procedure TPReadFile(NumBytes : Word);
Procedure TPWriteTextLine;
Procedure TPWriteText;
Procedure TPWriteBlock;
Procedure TPWriteFile(NumBytes : Byte);

```

```
Implementation
```

```

Var OldExit      : Pointer;
    ErrorCode    : Byte;

```

```

{$I IOERRNOS.PAS}
{$I INLINE.PAS}

{-----}
{ This procedure is used to try and assign a file for the transputer. }
{ Input : Normal File Name }
{ Result : File Handle is returned to the transputer }
{ }
Procedure TPAAssignFile;
Var Name : String255;
    I : Byte;
Begin
  {GET FILE NAME}
  Name := Get_String;

  {Search for available handle.}
  I := 1;
  While (I < 20) AND NFile[I].FileStatus Do
    inc(i);

  If NFile[I].FileStatus
  Then begin
    send_byte(0); {INVALID FILE HANDLE}
    errorcode := toomanyfiles; {TOO MANY FILES}
  end
  Else begin
    send_byte(i); {FILE HANDLE}
    NFile[I].FileStatus := TRUE;
    Assign(NFile[I].Fyl,Name); {ASSIGN FILE}
    errorcode := noerror;
    NFile[I].FullName := FExpand(name);
  end;
End;

{-----}
{ This procedure is used to reset the file passed. }
{ }
Procedure TPRResetFile;
Var Handle : Byte;
    AFile : File;
Begin
  Handle := Get_Byte;
  If (Handle = 0) OR (Handle > 20) Or Not(NFile[Handle].FileStatus)
  then errorcode := InvalidHandle
  else Begin
    {$I-}
    Reset(NFile[Handle].Fyl,1);
    {$I+}
    ErrorCode := IOResult;
    If (ErrorCode <> 0) Then Begin
      {CREATE THE FILE}
      {$I-}
      Rewrite(NFile[Handle].Fyl,1);
      Close(NFile[Handle].Fyl);
      Reset(NFile[Handle].Fyl,1);
      {$I+}
      ErrorCode := IOResult;
    End;
    With NFile[Handle] Do
      begin
        FileOpen := TRUE;
        BufPos := 0;
        FillTo := 0;
        Reed := TRUE;
        FSect := 0;
        If (ErrorCode = NoError) Then
          begin {START WITH INFO IN THE BUFFER}
            blockread(fyl,buffer,SectorSize,fillto);
            endfile := (fillto <> SectorSize);
          end else endfile := TRUE;
      end;
  end;

```

```

    End;
End;

{-----}
{ This procedure is used to rewrite the file passed. }
{ }
{ }
Procedure TPRewriteFile;
Var Handle : Byte;
Begin
  Handle := Get_Byte;
  If (Handle = 0) OR (Handle > 20) Or Not(NFile[Handle].FileStatus)
  then errorcode := InvalidHandle
  else Begin
    {$I-}
    Rewrite(NFile[Handle].Fyl,1);
    {$I+}
    ErrorCode := IOResult;
    With NFile[Handle] Do
      begin
        FileOpen := TRUE;
        FSect := 0;
        BufPos := 0;
        FillTo := SectorSize;
        Reed := FALSE;
        EndFile := TRUE;
      end;
  End;
End;

{-----}
{ This procedure is used to append to the file passed. }
{ }
{ }
Procedure TPApPENDFile;
Var Handle : Byte;
    FPosn : LongInt;
Begin
  Handle := Get_Byte;
  If (Handle = 0) OR (Handle > 20) Or Not(NFile[Handle].FileStatus)
  then errorcode := InvalidHandle
  else With NFile[Handle] Do Begin
    {$I-}
    Reset(Fyl,1);
    {$I+}
    ErrorCode := IOResult;
    If (ErrorCode <> NoError) Then Begin
      {CREATE THE FILE}
      {$I-}
      Rewrite(NFile[Handle].Fyl,1);
      {$I+}
      FPosn := 0;
    End Else Begin {POSITION AT THE END OF THE FILE}
      FPosn := FileSize(Fyl);
      Seek(Fyl,fposn);
    End;

    FileOpen := TRUE;
    BufPos := 0;
    FSect := FPosn;
    FillTo := SectorSize;
    EndFile := TRUE;
    Reed := FALSE;
  End;
End;

```

```

-----
( This procedure is used to close the file passed. )
( )
( )
Procedure TPCloseFile;
Var Handle : Byte;
Begin
  Handle := Get_Byte;
  If (Handle = 0) OR (Handle > 20) Or Not(NFile[Handle].FileStatus)
  then errorcode := InvalidHandle else
  Begin {NORMAL FILE}
    ErrorCode := NoError;
    With NFile[Handle] Do
      If Not(Reed) AND (BufPos > 0) Then
        begin {FLUSH BUFFER}
          {$I-}
          BlockWrite(Fyl,Buffer,BufPos);
          {$I+}
          ErrorCode := IOResult;
        end;
        {$I-}
        Close(NFile[Handle].Fyl);
        {$I+}
        If (ErrorCode = NoError) Then ErrorCode := IOResult;
        NFile[handle].FileStatus := FALSE;
        NFile[handle].FileOpen := FALSE;
      End;
    End;
End;

-----
( This procedure is used to delete the file passed. )
( )
( )
Procedure TPRenameFile;
Var Handle      : Byte;
    NewName     : String255;
Begin
  Handle := Get_Byte;
  NewName := Get_String;

  If (Handle = 0) OR (Handle > 20) Or Not(NFile[handle].FileStatus)
  then errorcode := InvalidHandle else
  Begin
    {$I-}
    Rename(NFile[Handle].Fyl,NewName);
    {$I+}
    ErrorCode := IOResult;
  End;
End;

-----
( This procedure is used to delete the file passed. )
( )
( )
Procedure TPDeleteFile;
Var Handle : Byte;
Begin
  Handle := Get_Byte;
  If (Handle = 0) OR (Handle > 20) Or Not(NFile[handle].FileStatus)
  then errorcode := InvalidHandle else
  Begin {NORMAL FILE}
    {$I-}
    Erase(NFile[Handle].Fyl);
    {$I+}
    ErrorCode := IOResult;
  End;
End;

```

```

-----}
{ This procedure is used to return whether the end of the file has been }
{ reached yet. }
{ }
Procedure TPEndOfFile;
Var Handle, RetCode : Byte;
Begin
  Handle := Get_Byte;
  RetCode := 0;
  If (Handle = 0) OR (Handle > 20) Or Not(NFile[handle].FileStatus)
  then errorcode := InvalidHandle else
  Begin {NORMAL FILE}
    With NFile[Handle] Do
      if EndFile AND (bufpos = fillto)
      then retcode := 1
      else retcode := 0;
    {$I+}
    ErrorCode := IOResult;
  End;

  Send_Byte(RetCode);
End;

-----}
{ This procedure is used to return the size of the file to the transputer. }
{ }
Procedure TPFileSize;
Var Handle : Byte;
    Size : LongInt;
Begin
  Handle := Get_Byte;
  Size := 0;
  If (Handle = 0) OR (Handle > 20) Or Not(NFile[handle].FileStatus)
  then errorcode := InvalidHandle else
  Begin {NORMAL FILE}
    {$I-}
    Size := FileSize(NFile[Handle].Fyl) + NFile[Handle].BufPos;
    ErrorCode := IOResult;
    {$I+}
  End;

  Send_Long(Size);
End;

-----}
{ This procedure is used to return the attribute of the file passed to the }
{ transputer. }
{ }
Procedure TPGetFAttr;
Var Handle, Attribute : Byte;
    Attr : Word;
Begin
  Attr := 0;
  Handle := Get_Byte;
  If (Handle = 0) OR (Handle > 20) Or Not(NFile[handle].FileStatus)
  then errorcode := InvalidHandle else
  Begin {NORMAL FILE}
    {$I-}
    GetFAttr(NFile[Handle],Attr);
    {$I+}
    ErrorCode := IOResult;
    NFile[handle].FileStatus := FALSE;
  End;
  Attribute := Attr;
  Send_Byte(Attribute);
End;

```

```

{-----}
{ This procedure is used to set the attribute of the file passed by the }
{ transputer. }
{ }
Procedure TPSetFAttr;
Var Handle : Byte;
Begin
  Handle := Get_Byte;
  If (Handle = 0) OR (Handle > 20) Or Not(NFile[handle].FileStatus)
  then errorcode := InvalidHandle else
  Begin {NORMAL FILE}
    {$I-}
    SetFAttr(NFile[Handle],Get_Byte);
    {$I+}
    ErrorCode := IOResult;
    NFile[handle].FileStatus := FALSE;
  End;
End;

{-----}
{ This procedure will return a true or false whether a file (assigned) }
{ already exists or not. }
{ }
Procedure TPFileExists;
Var Handle : Byte;
    Does : Boolean;
    S : SearchRec;
Begin
  FindFirst(Get_String,AnyFile,S);
  ErrorCode := DosError;
  If (ErrorCode = NoError) Then Send_Byte(1) Else Send_Byte(0);
End;

{-----}
{ This procedure returns the error code of the last file operation. }
{ }
Procedure TPFileError;
Begin
  Send_Byte(ErrorCode);
  ErrorCode := NoError;
End;

{-----}
{ This procedure is used to read a specific number of bytes from the file }
{ passed. }
{ }
Procedure ReadBlock(Handle : Byte; NumToRead : Word;
                   Var Block; Var NumRead : Word );

Type Memory = Array[0..65520] Of Byte;

Var NumCanRead, TransNo, I : Word;
    NoMore : Boolean;

Begin
  NumRead := 0; NoMore := FALSE;
  ErrorCode := NoError;

  {TRY READ BLOCK FROM FILE}
  If (Handle < 1) OR (Handle > 20) Or Not(NFile[handle].FileStatus)
  then errorcode := InvalidHandle else
  with NFile[handle] do
    if read then
      repeat
        {FILL BLOCK USING (BUFPOS + 1) TO FILLTO}
        NumCanRead := FillTo - BufPos;
        If (NumCanRead > 0)
        Then

```

```

Begin
  {FIND HOW MANY BYES TO READ OUT OF FILE'S BUFFER}
  if (numcanread >= (numtoread - numread))
  then begin
    transno := numtoread - numread;
    nomore := TRUE;
  end
  else begin
    transno := numcanread;
    nomore := FALSE;
  end;

  {READ THE NUMBER OF BYTES}
  move(buffer[BufPos+1],memory(blck)[numread],transno);
  numread := numread + transno;
  BufPos := BufPos + TransNo;
  If (BufPos >= fillto) Then
  begin
    bufpos := 0;
    blockread(fyl,buffer,SectorSize,fillto);
    endfile := (fillto <> SectorSize);
    if not endfile then fsect := fsect + sectorsize;
  end;
  End
  Else If EndFile Then ErrorCode := DiskReadError
  Else Begin
    bufpos := 0;
    blockread(fyl,buffer,SectorSize,fillto);
    endfile := (fillto <> SectorSize);
    if not endfile then fsect := fsect + sectorsize;
  End;
  until nomore OR (ErrorCode <> NOError)

  else {TRYING TO READ FROM A FILE OPEN FOR WRITING}
  errorcode := FileNotInput;
End;

{-----}
{ This procedure is used to read a line from the text file passed. }
{ }
Procedure TReadTextLine;
Var Strng      : String255;
    Handle, MaxSize, LSize : Byte;
    Done       : Boolean;
    NRead      : Word;
Begin
  Handle := Get_Byte;
  MaxSize := Get_Byte;
  Done := FALSE; LSize := 0;
  If (Handle = 0) OR (Handle > 20) Or Not(NFile[handle].FileStatus)
  then errorcode := InvalidHandle else With NFile[Handle] Do
  repeat
    readblock(handle,1,strng[lsize+1],nread);
    if (nread = 1) then
      if (strng[lsize+1] = #13) OR (strng[lsize+1] = #10) {<CR>,<LF> ?}
      then begin {SKIP <LF> AS WELL ?}
        done := TRUE;
        if buffer[bufpos+1] = 10 then
          readblock(handle,1,strng[lsize+1],nread);
        end
      else begin
        inc(lsize);
        if lsize = maxsize then done := TRUE;
        if lsize = 255 then lsize := 254;
      end;
    until done or (nread = 0);

  Strng[0] := Chr(LSize);
  Send_String(Strng);
End;

```

```

-----
{ This procedure is used to read a text number from the text file passed. }
{ }
Procedure TPreadTextNum;
Var Strng      : String255;
    Handle, MaxSize, LSize : Byte;
    Done       : Boolean;
    NRead      : Word;
    ECodeInt   : Integer;
    Num        : Real;
Begin
    Handle := Get_Byte;
    MaxSize := Get_Byte;
    Done := FALSE; LSize := 0; ErrorCode := NoError; Strng := '';
    If (Handle = 0) OR (Handle > 20) Or Not(NFile[handle].FileStatus)
    then errorcode := InvalidHandle else With NFile[Handle] Do
    begin
        (SKIP LEADING SPACES)
        repeat
            readblock(handle,1,strng[lsize+1],nread);
        until (strng[lsize+1] > ' ') AND (strng[lsize+1] <= #127) OR (NRead = 0);

        if (NRead = 0) AND (lsize = 0) Then ErrorCode := DiskReadError Else
        repeat
            (READ THE STRING)
            inc(lsize);
            readblock(handle,1,strng[lsize+1],nread);
            done := (nread = 1) AND ((strng[lsize+1] <= ' ') OR (strng[lsize+1] > #127));
        until done or (nread = 0);

        If LSize > MaxSize Then LSize := MaxSize;
        Strng[0] := Chr(LSize);
        Val(Strng,Num,ECodeInt);
        If (ECodeInt <> NOError) Then ErrorCode := InvalidNumeric;
    end;
    Send_String(Strng);
End;
-----
{ This procedure is used to read the appropriate number of bytes to the }
{ transputer for a read from the file passed. }
{ }
Procedure TPreadBlock;
Type MemArray = Array[1..65521] Of Byte;
    MemPtr = ^MemArray;
Var Handle      : Byte;
    NumToRead, NumRead, I : Word;
    Memory       : MemPtr;
Begin
    Handle := Get_Byte;
    NumToRead := Get_Word;           {GET BLOCK SIZE}
    GetMem(Memory,NumToRead);       {GET MEMORY FOR BLOCK}

    ReadBlock(Handle,NumToRead,Memory^,NumRead);

    Send_Word(NumRead);             {SEND HOW MANY BYTES READ.}
    For I := 1 To NumRead Do       {SEND BLOCK}
        Send_Byte(Memory^[I]);

    FreeMem(Memory,NumToRead);     {FREE THAT MEMORY USED.}
End;

```

```

-----
{ This procedure is used to read the appropriate number of bytes to the }
{ transputer for a read from the file passed. }
{ }
{ }
Procedure TPreadFile(NumBytes : Word);
Var Handle      : Byte;
    NumRead, I   : Word;
    Memory       : Array[1..8] Of Byte;
Begin
    Handle := Get_Byte;
    ReadBlock(Handle, NumBytes, Memory, NumRead);

    {SEND THE BYTES - irrespective whether all were read or not}
    { as the transputer expects them anyway. }

    For I := 1 To NumBytes Do
        Send_Byte(Memory[I]);
End;

-----
{ This procedure is used to write a specific number of bytes to the file }
{ passed. }
{ }
{ }
Procedure WriteBlock(Handle      : Byte;    NumToWrite : Word;
                    Var Block;    Var NumWritten : Word);

Type Memory = Array[0..65520] Of Byte;

Var NumCanWrite, TransNo, I : Word;
    NoMore                : Boolean;

Begin
    NumWritten := 0;    ErrorCode := NoError;

    {TRY READ BLOCK FROM FILE}
    If (Handle < 1) OR (Handle > 20) Or Not(NFile[handle].FileStatus)
    then errorcode := InvalidHandle
    else
        with NFile[handle] do
            if not read then
                repeat
                    {FILL BLOCK USING (BUFPOS + 1) TO FILLTO}
                    NumCanWrite := FillTo - BufPos;
                    If (NumCanWrite > 0)
                    Then
                        Begin
                            {FIND HOW MANY BYES TO WRITE TO THE FILE'S BUFFER}
                            if (numcanwrite > (numtowrite - numwritten))
                            then begin
                                transno := numtowrite - numwritten;
                                nomore := TRUE;
                            end
                            else begin
                                transno := numcanwrite;
                                nomore := FALSE;
                            end;
                        end;

                    {READ THE NUMBER OF BYTES}
                    move(memory(block)[numwritten], buffer[BufPos+1], transno);
                    numwritten := numwritten + transno;
                    BufPos := BufPos + TransNo;
                End
            Else Begin
                bufpos := 0;
                blockwrite(fyl, buffer, SectorSize, fillto);
                if (fillto <> SectorSize) then
                    Begin
                        errorcode := DiskWriteError;
                        nomore := TRUE;
                    End
                Else fsect := fsect + sectorsize;
            End;
        end;
    end;
End;

```

```

        End;
    until nomore

    else {TRYING TO WRITE TO A FILE OPEN FOR READING}
        errorcode := FileNotOutput;
End;

{-----}
{ This procedure is used to write a text line to the text file passed. }
{
Procedure TPWriteTextLine;
Var Strng      : String255;
    Handle     : Byte;
    NWritten   : Word;
Const Newline : Array[1..2] of Byte = (13,10);
Begin
    Handle := Get_Byte;
    If (Handle = 255) {THE PRINTER}
    then begin
        {$I-}
        writeln(LST,Get_String);
        {$I+}
        ErrorCode := IOResult;
    end
    Else
    If (Handle = 0) OR (Handle > 20) Or Not(NFile[handle].FileStatus)
    then errorcode := InvalidHandle
    else begin
        Strng := Get_String;
        WriteBlock(Handle,Length(Strng),Strng[1],NWritten);
        WriteBlock(Handle,2,Newline,NWritten);
    end;
End;

{-----}
{ This procedure is used to write some text to the text file passed. }
{
Procedure TPWriteText;
Var Strng      : String255;
    Handle     : Byte;
    NWritten   : Word;
Begin
    Handle := Get_Byte;
    If (Handle = 255) {THE PRINTER}
    then begin
        {$I-}
        writeln(LST,Get_String);
        {$I+}
        ErrorCode := IOResult;
    end
    Else
    If (Handle = 0) OR (Handle > 20) Or Not(NFile[handle].FileStatus)
    then errorcode := InvalidHandle
    else begin
        Strng := Get_String;
        WriteBlock(Handle,Length(Strng),Strng[1],NWritten);
    end;
End;

```

```

{-----}
{ This procedure is used to write the appropriate number of bytes to the }
{ transputer for a write from the file passed. }
{ }
{ }
Procedure TPWriteBlock;
Type MemArray = Array[1..65521] Of Byte;
    MemPtr = ^MemArray;
Var Handle : Byte;
    NumToWrite, NumWritten, I : Word;
    Memory : MemPtr;
Begin
    Handle := Get_Byte;
    NumToWrite := Get_Word;           {GET BLOCK SIZE}
    GetMem(Memory, NumToWrite);      {GET MEMORY FOR BLOCK}
    For I := 1 To NumToWrite Do     {GET BLOCK}
        Memory^[I] := Get_Byte;

    WriteBlock(Handle, NumToWrite, Memory^, NumWritten);

    Send_Word(NumWritten);           {SEND HOW MANY BYTES WRITTEN.}
    FreeMem(Memory, NumToWrite);     {FREE THAT MEMORY USED.}
End;

{-----}
{ This procedure is used to write the appropriate number of bytes to the }
{ transputer for a write from the file passed. }
{ }
{ }
Procedure TPWriteFile(NumBytes : Byte);
Var Handle : Byte;
    Memory : Array[1..8] Of Byte;
    NumWritten, I : Word;
Begin
    Handle := Get_Byte;
    For I := 1 To NumBytes Do       {GET BLOCK}
        Memory[I] := Get_Byte;
    WriteBlock(Handle, NumBytes, Memory, NumWritten);
End;

{-----}
{ This procedure is used to close any open files. }
{ }
{ }
{$F+} Procedure CloseFileSystem; {$F-}
Var Handle : Byte;
Begin
    {Close any open files.}
    For Handle := 1 To 20 Do
        If NFile[handle].FileStatus Then
            begin
                With NFile[Handle] Do
                    If FileOpen Then Begin
                        If Not(Reed) AND (BufPos > 0) Then
                            begin {FLUSH BUFFER}
                                {$I-}
                                BlockWrite(Fyl, Buffer, BufPos);
                                {$I+}
                                ErrorCode := IOResult;
                            end;

                                {$I-}
                                Close(NFile[Handle].Fyl);
                                {$I+}
                            End;

                                ErrorCode := IOResult;
                                NFile[handle].FileStatus := FALSE;
                                NFile[handle].FileOpen := FALSE;
                            end;

                                {NORMAL TURBO EXIT FROM UNIT.}
                                ExitProc := OldExit;
End;

```

```

-----}
{ This procedure initialises the file variables. }
{ }
Var I : Integer;
Begin
  {INITIALISE FILE ERROR CODE}
  ErrorCode := NoError;

  {SET UP FINALISATION PROCEDURE.}
  OldExit := ExitProc;
  ErrorCode := NoError;
  ExitProc := @CloseFileSystem;
End.

```

"GRAPHICS.PAS"

Unit Graphics;

Interface

Uses Dos, Graph, TranUtil;

```

Procedure TPIInitGraph;
Procedure TPRestoreCRTMode;
Procedure TPCloseGraphics;
Procedure TPSetGraphMode;
Procedure TPSetViewPort;
Procedure TPDetectGraph;
Procedure TPSetLineStyle;
Procedure TPSetFillPattern;
Procedure TPSetFillStyle;
Procedure TPArc;
Procedure TPBar;
Procedure TPBar3D;
Procedure TPCircle;
Procedure TPEllipse;
Procedure TPFillEllipse;
Procedure TPDrawPoly;
Procedure TPFillPoly;
Procedure TPFloodFill;
Procedure TPGetArcCoords;
Procedure TPLine;
Procedure TPLineTo;
Procedure TPLineRel;
Procedure TPMoveRel;
Procedure TPMoveTo;
Procedure TPPieSlice;
Procedure TPPutPixel;
Procedure TPOutTextXY;
Procedure TPRectangle;
Procedure TPSector;
Procedure TPSetTextJustify;
Procedure TPSetTextStyle;
Procedure TPGetMaxX;
Procedure TPGetMaxY;
Procedure TPGetAspectRatio;
Procedure TPGraphResult;
Procedure TPSetColor;
Procedure TPSetBkColor;
Procedure TPGetColor;
Procedure TPGetBkColor;

```

Implementation

Var OldExit : Pointer;

{ \$I INLINE.PAS }

```

{-----}
{ This procedure is used to detect the graphics drivers and mode. }
{ }
{ }
Procedure TPDetectGraph;
Var GDriver, GMode : Integer;
Begin
  DetectGraph(GDriver,GMode);
  Send_Word(GDriver);
  Send_Word(GMode);
End;

{-----}
{ This procedure is used to set the line style, pattern and thickness for }
{ lines to be drawn. }
{ }
{ }
Procedure TPSetLineStyle;
Var Style, Pattern, Thickness : Word;
Begin
  Style := Get_Word;
  Pattern := Get_Word;
  Thickness := Get_Word;
  If DriverLoaded Then SetLineStyle(Style,Pattern,Thickness);
End;

{-----}
{ This procedure is used to set the fill pattern. }
{ }
{ }
Procedure TPSetFillPattern;
Var Pattern : FillPatternType;
    Color : Word;
    I : Byte;
Begin
  For I := 1 To 8 Do
    Pattern[I] := Get_Byte;
  Color := Get_Word;
  If DriverLoaded Then SetFillPattern(Pattern,Color)
End;

{-----}
{ This procedure is used to set the fill style. }
{ }
{ }
Procedure TPSetFillStyle;
Var Pattern, Color : Word;
Begin
  Pattern := Get_Word;
  Color := Get_Word;
  If DriverLoaded Then SetFillStyle(Pattern,Color)
End;

{-----}
{ This procedure is used to draw an arc on the graphics screen. }
{ }
{ }
Procedure TPArc;
Var X, Y : Integer;
    StAngle, EndAngle, Radius : Word;
Begin
  X := Get_Word;
  Y := Get_Word;
  StAngle := Get_Word;
  EndAngle := Get_Word;
  Radius := Get_Word;
  If DriverLoaded Then Arc(X,Y,StAngle,EndAngle,Radius);
End;

```

```

{-----}
{ This procedure is used to draw a bar.          }
{                                               }
{                                               }
Procedure TBar;
Var X1, Y1, X2, Y2 : Integer;
Begin
  X1 := Get_Word;
  Y1 := Get_Word;
  X2 := Get_Word;
  Y2 := Get_Word;
  If DriverLoaded Then Bar(X1,Y1,X2,Y2);
End;

{-----}
{ This procedure is used to draw a 3D bar.      }
{                                               }
{                                               }
Procedure TBar3D;
Var X1, Y1, X2, Y2 : Integer;
    Depth          : Word;
    Top            : Boolean;
Begin
  X1 := Get_Word;
  Y1 := Get_Word;
  X2 := Get_Word;
  Y2 := Get_Word;
  Depth := Get_Word;
  Top := (Get_Byte <> 0);
  If DriverLoaded Then Bar3D(X1,Y1,X2,Y2,Depth,Top);
End;

{-----}
{ This procedure is used to draw a circle.     }
{                                               }
{                                               }
Procedure TPCircle;
Var X, Y : Integer;
    Radius : Word;
Begin
  X := Get_Word;
  Y := Get_Word;
  Radius := Get_Word;
  If DriverLoaded Then Circle(X,Y,Radius);
End;

{-----}
{ This procedure is used to draw an ellipse on }
{ the graphics screen.                       }
{                                               }
{                                               }
Procedure TPEllipse;
Var X, Y : Integer;
    StAngle, EndAngle, XRad, YRad : Word;
Begin
  X := Get_Word;
  Y := Get_Word;
  StAngle := Get_Word;
  EndAngle := Get_Word;
  XRad := Get_Word;
  YRad := Get_Word;
  If DriverLoaded Then Ellipse(X,Y,StAngle,EndAngle,XRad,YRad);
End;

```

```

{-----}
{ This procedure is used to draw and fill an ellipse on the graphics screen. }
{
Procedure TPFillEllipse;
Var X, Y      : Integer;
    XRad, YRad : Word;
Begin
  X := Get_Word;
  Y := Get_Word;
  XRad := Get_Word;
  YRad := Get_Word;
  If DriverLoaded Then FilleEllipse(X,Y,XRad,YRad);
End;

{-----}
{ This procedure is used to draw a polygon. }
{
Procedure TPDrawPoly;
Type PointRec = Record
    X, Y : Word;
End;
    PointArr = Array[1..1000] Of PointRec;

Var NumPoint, I : Word;
    Mem          : ^PointArr;
Begin
  NumPoint := Get_Word;
  GetMem(Mem, NumPoint * SizeOf(PointRec));
  For I := 1 To NumPoint Do
  begin
    mem^[i].x := Get_Word;
    mem^[i].y := Get_Word;
  end;
  If DriverLoaded Then DrawPoly(NumPoint,Mem^);
  FreeMem(Mem, NumPoint * SizeOf(PointRec));
End;

{-----}
{ This procedure is used to draw and fill a polygon. }
{
Procedure TPFillPoly;
Type PointRec = Record
    X, Y : Word;
End;
    PointArr = Array[1..1000] Of PointRec;

Var NumPoint, I : Word;
    Mem          : ^PointArr;
Begin
  NumPoint := Get_Word;
  GetMem(Mem, NumPoint * SizeOf(PointRec));
  For I := 1 To NumPoint Do
  begin
    mem^[i].x := Get_Word;
    mem^[i].y := Get_Word;
  end;
  If DriverLoaded Then FillPoly(NumPoint,Mem^);
  FreeMem(Mem, NumPoint * SizeOf(PointRec));
End;

{-----}
{ This procedure is used to fill a bounded region. }
{
Procedure TPFloodFill;
Var X, Y      : Integer;
    Border    : Word;
Begin
  X := Get_Word;
  Y := Get_Word;
  Border := Get_Word;
  If DriverLoaded Then FloodFill(X,Y,Border);

```

```

End;

{-----}
{ This procedure is used to get coordinates of the arc last plotted. }
{ }
{ }
Procedure TPGetArcCoords;
Var CoOrds : ArcCoordsType;
Begin
  If DriverLoaded Then GetArcCoords(CoOrds);
  With CoOrds Do
    begin
      send_word(x);
      send_word(y);
      send_word(xstart);
      send_word(ystart);
      send_word(xend);
      send_word(yend);
    end;
End;

{-----}
{ This procedure is used to draw a line. }
{ }
{ }
Procedure TPLine;
Var X1, Y1, X2, Y2 : Integer;
Begin
  X1 := Get_Word;
  Y1 := Get_Word;
  X2 := Get_Word;
  Y2 := Get_Word;
  If DriverLoaded Then Line(X1,Y1,X2,Y2);
End;

{-----}
{ This procedure is used to draw a line from the current cursor position to }
{ the position passed. }
{ }
{ }
Procedure TPLineTo;
Var X, Y : Integer;
Begin
  X := Get_Word;
  Y := Get_Word;
  If DriverLoaded Then LineTo(X,Y);
End;

{-----}
{ This procedure is used to draw a line from the current cursor position to }
{ the relative position passed. }
{ }
{ }
Procedure TPLineRel;
Var X, Y : Integer;
Begin
  X := Get_Word;
  Y := Get_Word;
  If DriverLoaded Then LineRel(X,Y);
End;

{-----}
{ This procedure is used to move the graphics cursor to a point relative to }
{ its current location. }
{ }
{ }
Procedure TPMoveRel;
Var DX, DY : Integer;
Begin
  DX := Get_Word;
  DY := Get_Word;
  If DriverLoaded Then MoveRel(DX,DY);
End;

```

```

{-----}
{ This procedure is used to move the graphics cursor to an exact point. }
{ }
Procedure TPMoveTo;
Var X, Y : Integer;
Begin
  X := Get_Word;
  Y := Get_Word;
  If DriverLoaded Then MoveTo(X,Y);
End;

{-----}
{ This procedure is used to draw a pie slice on the graphics screen. }
{ }
Procedure TPPieSlice;
Var X, Y : Integer;
    StAngle, EndAngle, Radius : Word;
Begin
  X := Get_Word;
  Y := Get_Word;
  StAngle := Get_Word;
  EndAngle := Get_Word;
  Radius := Get_Word;
  If DriverLoaded Then PieSlice(X,Y,StAngle,EndAngle,Radius);
End;

{-----}
{ This procedure is used to plot a pixel at a specific location. }
{ }
Procedure TPPutPixel;
Var X, Y : Integer;
    Pixel : Word;
Begin
  X := Get_Word;
  Y := Get_Word;
  Pixel := Get_Word;
  If DriverLoaded Then PutPixel(X,Y,Pixel);
End;

{-----}
{ This procedure is used to display the text at the specified cursor }
{ location. }
{ }
Procedure TPOutTextXY;
Var X, Y : Integer;
    Str : String255;
Begin
  X := Get_Word;
  Y := Get_Word;
  Str := Get_String;
  If DriverLoaded Then OutTextXY(X,Y,Str);
End;

{-----}
{ This procedure is used to plot a rectangle given two opposite corner }
{ points. }
{ }
Procedure TPRectangle;
Var X1, Y1, X2, Y2 : Integer;
Begin
  X1 := Get_Word;
  Y1 := Get_Word;
  X2 := Get_Word;
  Y2 := Get_Word;
  If DriverLoaded Then Rectangle(X1,Y1,X2,Y2);
End;

```

```

{-----}
{ This procedure is used to draw and fill an ellipse on the graphics screen. }
{
Procedure TPSector;
Var X, Y                : Integer;
    StAngle, EndAngle, XRad, YRad : Word;
Begin
  X := Get_Word;
  Y := Get_Word;
  StAngle := Get_Word;
  EndAngle := Get_Word;
  XRad := Get_Word;
  YRad := Get_Word;
  If DriverLoaded Then Sector(X,Y,StAngle,EndAngle,XRad,YRad);
End;
}

{-----}
{ This procedure is used to set the graphics text justification. }
{
Procedure TPSetTextJustify;
Var Horiz, Vert : Word;
Begin
  Horiz := Get_Word;
  Vert := Get_Word;
  If DriverLoaded Then SetTextJustify(Horiz,Vert);
End;
}

{-----}
{ This procedure is used to set the graphics text style. }
{
Procedure TPSetTextStyle;
Var Font, Direction : Word;
    ChSize          : 1..10;
Begin
  Font := Get_Word;
  Direction := Get_Word;
  ChSize := Get_Byte;
  If DriverLoaded Then SetTextStyle(Font,Direction,ChSize);
End;
}

{-----}
{ This procedure is used to return the maximum X value of the graphics }
{ screen. }
{
Procedure TPGetMaxX;
Var MaxX : Word;
Begin
  If DriverLoaded Then MaxX := GetMaxX
    Else MaxX := 0;
  Send_Word(MaxX);
End;
}

{-----}
{ This procedure is used to return the maximum Y value of the graphics }
{ screen. }
{
Procedure TPGetMaxY;
Var MaxY : Word;
Begin
  If DriverLoaded Then MaxY := GetMaxY
    Else MaxY := 0;
  Send_Word(MaxY);
End;
}

```

```

{-----}
{ This procedure is used to return the aspect ratio to the transputer. }
{ }
Procedure TPGetAspectRatio;
Var AspX, AspY : Word;
Begin
  If DriverLoaded Then GetAspectRatio(AspX,AspY)
    Else Begin
      AspX := 0; AspY := 0;
    End;
  Send_Word(AspX);
  Send_Word(AspY);
End;

{-----}
{ This procedure is used to return the result of the last graphics operation }
{ to the transputer. }
{ }
Procedure TPGraphResult;
Begin
  If DriverLoaded Then Send_Word(GraphResult)
    Else Send_Int(grNoInitGraph);
End;

{-----}
{ This procedure is used to set the foreground color. }
{ }
Procedure TPSetColor;
Var Color : Integer;
Begin
  Color := Get_Word;
  If DriverLoaded Then SetColor(Color);
End;

{-----}
{ This procedure is used to set the background color. }
{ }
Procedure TPSetBkColor;
Var Color : Integer;
Begin
  Color := Get_Word;
  If DriverLoaded Then SetBkColor(Color);
End;

{-----}
{ This procedure is used to get the foreground color. }
{ }
Procedure TPGetColor;
Begin
  If DriverLoaded Then Send_Word(GetColor)
    Else Send_Int(grNoInitGraph);
End;

{-----}
{ This procedure is used to get the background color. }
{ }
Procedure TPGetBkColor;
Var Color : Integer;
Begin
  If DriverLoaded Then Send_Word(GetBkColor)
    Else Send_Int(grNoInitGraph);
End;

```

```
-----}
{ This procedure is used to close off the graphics system of the transputer. }
{
{$F+} Procedure ExitGraphics; {$F-}
Begin
  {Close down the graphics system}
  If InGraphicsMode Then CloseGraph;
  ExitProc := OldExit;
End;

-----}
{ This initialises the graphics system. }
Begin
  OldExit := ExitProc;
  ExitProc := @ExitGraphics;
End.
```

(ii) Occam Source

"TPSERVER.INC"

```
-- Colors
VAL Black      IS 0:
VAL Blue       IS 1:
VAL Green      IS 2:
VAL Cyan       IS 3:
VAL Red        IS 4:
VAL Magenta    IS 5:
VAL Brown     IS 6:
VAL LightGray  IS 7:
VAL DarkGray   IS 8:
VAL LightBlue  IS 9:
VAL LightGreen IS 10:
VAL LightCyan  IS 11:
VAL LightRed   IS 12:
VAL LightMagenta IS 13:
VAL Yellow     IS 14:
VAL White      IS 15:
VAL MaxColors  IS 15:
```

"TPSCREEN.INC"

```
VAL BW40  IS 0:  -- 40x25 B/W on color adaptor
VAL CO40  IS 1:  -- 40x25 color on color adaptor
VAL BW80  IS 2:  -- 80x25 B/W on color adaptor
VAL CO80  IS 3:  -- 80x25 color on color adaptor
VAL Mono  IS 7:  -- 80x25 on monochrome adaptor
```

"TPFILE.INC"

```
VAL NoError      IS INT 0:
VAL FileNotFound IS INT 2:
VAL PathNotFound IS INT 3:
VAL TooManyFiles IS INT 4:
VAL AccessDenied IS INT 5:
VAL InvalidHandle IS INT 6:
VAL InvalidAccess IS INT 12:
VAL InvalidDrive IS INT 15:
VAL CantRemoveDir IS INT 16:
VAL CantRename   IS INT 17:
VAL DiskReadError IS INT 100:
VAL DiskWriteError IS INT 101:
VAL FileNotAssign IS INT 102:
VAL FileNotOpen   IS INT 103:
VAL FileNotInput  IS INT 104:
VAL FileNotOutput IS INT 105:
VAL InvalidNumeric IS INT 106:
VAL PRINTER       IS BYTE 255:
```

"TPGRAPH.INC"

```
-- GraphResult error return codes
VAL grOk      IS 0:
VAL grNoInitGraph IS (-1):
VAL grNotDetected IS (-2):
VAL grFileNotFound IS (-3):
VAL grInvalidDriver IS (-4):
VAL grNoLoadMem IS (-5):
VAL grNoScanMem IS (-6):
VAL grNoFloodMem IS (-7):
VAL grFontNotFound IS (-8):
VAL grNoFontMem IS (-9):
VAL grInvalidMode IS (-10):
VAL grError      IS (-11):  -- generic error
VAL grIOError    IS (-12):
```

```

VAL grInvalidFont      IS (-13):
VAL grInvalidFontNum  IS (-14):
VAL grInvalidDeviceNum IS (-15):

-- define graphics drivers
VAL Detect      IS 0:  -- requests autodetection
VAL CGA        IS 1:
VAL MCGA       IS 2:
VAL EGA        IS 3:
VAL EGA64      IS 4:
VAL EGAMono    IS 5:
VAL RESERVED   IS 6:
VAL HercMono   IS 7:
VAL ATT400     IS 8:
VAL VGA        IS 9:
VAL PC3270     IS 10:

-- graphics modes for each driver
VAL CGACO      IS 0:  -- 320x200 pal 0 L/Green, L/Red, Yellow: 1 pg
VAL CGAC1      IS 1:  -- 320x200 pal 1 L/Cyan, L/Magenta, White: 1 pg
VAL CGAC2      IS 2:  -- 320x200 pal 2 Green, Red, Brown: 1 pg
VAL CGAC3      IS 3:  -- 320x200 pal 3 Cyan, Magenta, L/Gray: 1 pg
VAL CGAHi      IS 4:  -- 640x200 1 pg
VAL MCGACO     IS 0:  -- 320x200 pal 0 L/Green, L/Red, Yellow: 1 pg
VAL MCGAC1     IS 1:  -- 320x200 pal 1 L/Cyan, L/Magenta, White: 1 pg
VAL MCGAC2     IS 2:  -- 320x200 pal 2 Green, Red, Brown: 1 pg
VAL MCGAC3     IS 3:  -- 320x200 pal 3 Cyan, Magenta, L/Gray: 1 pg
VAL MCGAMed    IS 4:  -- 640x200 1 pg
VAL MCGAHi     IS 5:  -- 640x480 1 pg
VAL EGALo      IS 0:  -- 640x200 16 color 4 pg
VAL EGAHi      IS 1:  -- 640x350 16 color 2 pg
VAL EGA64Lo    IS 0:  -- 640x200 16 color 1 pg
VAL EGA64Hi    IS 1:  -- 640x350 4 color 1 pg
VAL EGAMonoHi  IS 3:  -- 640x350 64K on card, 1 pg: 256K on card, 2 pg
VAL HercMonoHi IS 0:  -- 720x348 2 pg
VAL ATT400C0   IS 0:  -- 320x200 pal 0 L/Green, L/Red, Yellow: 1 pg
VAL ATT400C1   IS 1:  -- 320x200 pal 1 L/Cyan, L/Magenta, White: 1 pg
VAL ATT400C2   IS 2:  -- 320x200 pal 2 Green, Red, Brown: 1 pg
VAL ATT400C3   IS 3:  -- 320x200 pal 3 Cyan, Magenta, L/Gray: 1 pg
VAL ATT400Med  IS 4:  -- 640x200 1 pg
VAL ATT400Hi   IS 5:  -- 640x400 1 pg
VAL VGALo      IS 0:  -- 640x200 16 color 4 pg
VAL VGAMed     IS 1:  -- 640x350 16 color 2 pg
VAL VGAHi      IS 2:  -- 640x480 16 color 1 pg
VAL PC3270Hi   IS 0:  -- 720x350 1 pg

-- Line styles and widths for Get/SetLineStyle.
VAL SolidLn    IS 0:
VAL DottedLn   IS 1:
VAL CenterLn   IS 2:
VAL DashedLn   IS 3:
VAL UserBitLn  IS 4:  -- User-defined line style

VAL NormWidth  IS 1:
VAL ThickWidth IS 3:

-- Set/GetTextStyle constants
VAL DefaultFont IS 0:  -- 8x8 bit mapped font

VAL TriplexFont IS 1:  -- "Stroked" fonts
VAL SmallFont   IS 2:
VAL SansSerifFont IS 3:
VAL GothicFont  IS 4:

VAL HorizDir   IS 0:  -- left to right
VAL VertDir    IS 1:  -- bottom to top

VAL UserCharSize IS BYTE 0:  -- user-defined char size

```

```

-- Clipping constants
VAL ClipOn IS TRUE:
VAL ClipOff IS FALSE:

-- Bar3D constants
VAL TopOn IS TRUE:
VAL TopOff IS FALSE:

-- Fill patterns for Get/SetFillStyle
VAL EmptyFill IS 0: -- fills area in background color
VAL SolidFill IS 1: -- fills area in solid fill color
VAL LineFill IS 2: -- --- fill
VAL LtSlashFill IS 3: -- /// fill
VAL SlashFill IS 4: -- /// fill with thick lines
VAL BkSlashFill IS 5: -- \\\ fill with thick lines
VAL LtBkSlashFill IS 6: -- \\\ fill
VAL HatchFill IS 7: -- light hatch fill
VAL XHatchFill IS 8: -- heavy cross hatch fill
VAL InterleaveFill IS 9: -- interleaving line fill
VAL WideDotFill IS 10: -- Widely spaced dot fill
VAL CloseDotFill IS 11: -- Closely spaced dot fill
VAL UserFill IS 12: -- user defined fill

-- BitBlt operators for PutImage
VAL NormalPut IS 0: -- MOV
VAL XORPut IS 1: -- XOR
VAL OrPut IS 2: -- OR
VAL AndPut IS 3: -- AND
VAL NotPut IS 4: -- NOT

-- Horizontal and vertical justification for SetTextJustify
VAL LeftText IS 0:
VAL CenterText IS 1:
VAL RightText IS 2:

VAL BottomText IS 0:
VAL TopText IS 2:

```

"SENDSTR.OCC"

```

PROC SendString(CHAN OF ANY in, out, VAL [BYTE] str)
  BYTE i:
  INT len:
  BOOL cont:
  SEQ
  -- FIND THE LENGTH OF THE STRING
  IF
    IF j = 0 FOR SIZE str
      str[j] = 0 (BYTE)
      len := j
    TRUE
    len := SIZE str

  -- SEND THE STRING
  i := BYTE len
  out ! i -- Number of characters
  IF
    (len > 0)
    out ! [str FROM 0 FOR len]
  TRUE
  SKIP
:

```

"TPKEYPRO.INC"

```
-- KEYBOARD PROTOCOL 1 - 50
VAL TPKeyPressed      IS BYTE 1:
VAL TPReadKey         IS BYTE 2:
VAL TPReadEchoKey    IS BYTE 3:
VAL TPReadString      IS BYTE 4:
VAL TPReadEchoString IS BYTE 5:
VAL TPReadNumber      IS BYTE 6:
VAL TPReadEchoNumber IS BYTE 7:
VAL TPBreakOn         IS BYTE 8:
```

"TPKEYBRD.OCC"

```
#INCLUDE "TPKeyPro.INC"
```

```
PROC KeyPressed (CHAN OF ANY in, out, BOOL Pressed)
```

```
  BYTE x:
  SEQ
    out ! TPKeyPressed -- Keypressed Function
    in ? x             -- Get result from 8086 server
  IF
    x = 0 (BYTE)      -- Set Function
    Pressed := FALSE
  TRUE
    Pressed := -TRUE
```

```
:
```

```
PROC ReadKey (CHAN OF ANY in, out, VAL BOOL echo, BYTE ch)
```

```
  SEQ
  IF
    echo = FALSE
    out ! TPReadKey -- Read Key Function
  TRUE
    out ! TPReadEchoKey -- Read and echo the key
    in ? ch             -- Get result from 8086 server
```

```
:
```

```
PROC ReadString (CHAN OF ANY in, out, VAL BOOL echo, INT len, [BYTE string])
```

```
  BYTE length:
  INT i:
  SEQ
    length := BYTE (SIZE string)
  IF
    echo = FALSE
    out ! TPReadString; length -- Read String Function
  TRUE
    out ! TPReadEchoString; length -- Read Echo String Function

    in ? length -- Read the length
    len := INT length
  IF
    (len > 0)
    in ? [string FROM 0 FOR len] -- Read the string
  TRUE
    SKIP

  IF
    len < (SIZE string)
    string[len] := 0 (BYTE)
  TRUE
    SKIP
```

```
:
```

```

PROC ReadNumber(CHAN OF ANY in, out, VAL BOOL echo, INT len, [BYTE string)
  BYTE length:
  INT i:
  SEQ
    length := BYTE (SIZE string)
  IF
    echo = FALSE
      out ! TReadNumber; length -- Read String Function
    TRUE
      out ! TReadEchoNumber; length -- Read Echo String Function

  in ? length -- Read the length
  len := INT length
  IF
    (len > 0)
      in ? [string FROM 0 FOR len] -- Read the string
    TRUE
      SKIP

  IF
    len < (SIZE string)
      string[len] := 0 (BYTE) -- Terminate String
    TRUE
      SKIP
:

```

```

PROC BreakOn(CHAN OF ANY in,out, VAL BOOL on)
  BYTE b:
  SEQ
    out ! TBreakOn
  IF
    on
      b := 1 (BYTE)
    TRUE
      b := 0 (BYTE)
  out ! b
:

```

"TPSCRPRO.INC"

```

-- SCREEN PROTOCOL 51 - 100
VAL TPClrScr IS BYTE 51:
VAL TPClrEOS IS BYTE 52:
VAL TPClrEOL IS BYTE 53:
VAL TPGotoXY IS BYTE 54:
VAL TPNormVideo IS BYTE 55:
VAL TPhighVideo IS BYTE 56:
VAL TPLowVideo IS BYTE 57:
VAL TPSound IS BYTE 58:
VAL TPNoSound IS BYTE 59:
VAL TPWhereX IS BYTE 60:
VAL TPWhereY IS BYTE 61:
VAL TPTextBackground IS BYTE 62:
VAL TPTextColor IS BYTE 63:
VAL TPTextMode IS BYTE 64:
VAL TPWriteString IS BYTE 65:
VAL TPWriteLnString IS BYTE 66:
VAL TPrintScreen IS BYTE 80:

```

"TPSCREEN.OCC"

```
#INCLUDE "TPScrPro.INC"
```

```

PROC ClrScr (CHAN OF ANY in, out)
  SEQ
    out ! TPClrScr -- ClrScr Function
:

```

```

PROC ClrEOS (CHAN OF ANY in, out)
  SEQ
  out ! TPClrEOS          -- ClrEOS Function
:

PROC ClrEOL (CHAN OF ANY in, out)
  SEQ
  out ! TPClrEOL         -- ClrEOL Function
:

PROC GotoXY(CHAN OF ANY in, out, VAL INT x,y)
  VAL [4]BYTE bx RETYPES x:
  VAL [4]BYTE by RETYPES y:
  SEQ
  out ! TPGotoXY ; bx[0] ; by[0]  -- GotoXY Function
:

PROC NormVideo (CHAN OF ANY in, out)
  SEQ
  out ! TPNormVideo      -- Normal Video Function
:

PROC HighVideo (CHAN OF ANY in, out)
  SEQ
  out ! TPHighVideo     -- High Video Function
:

PROC LowVideo (CHAN OF ANY in, out)
  SEQ
  out ! TPLowVideo      -- Low Video Function
:

PROC Sound(CHAN OF ANY in, out, VAL INT hertz)
  VAL [4]BYTE small RETYPES hertz:
  SEQ
  out ! TPSound; [small FROM 0 FOR 2]  -- Sound Function and Send the hertz
:

PROC NoSound (CHAN OF ANY in, out)
  SEQ
  out ! TPNoSound       -- NoSound Function
:

PROC WhereX(CHAN OF ANY in, out, INT x)
  BYTE temp:
  SEQ
  out ! TPWhereX        -- WhereX Function
  in ? temp             -- Get X position
  x := INT temp
:

PROC WhereY(CHAN OF ANY in, out, INT y)
  BYTE temp:
  SEQ
  out ! TPWhereY        -- WhereY Function
  in ? temp             -- Get Y position
  y := INT temp
:

PROC TextBackground(CHAN OF ANY in, out, VAL INT x)
  VAL [4]BYTE small RETYPES x:
  SEQ
  out ! TPTextBackground ; small[0]  -- Text Background Function
:

PROC TextColor(CHAN OF ANY in, out, VAL INT x)
  VAL [4]BYTE small RETYPES x:
  SEQ
  out ! TPTextColor ; small[0]       -- Text Color Function
:

```

```

PROC TextMode(CHAN OF ANY in, out, VAL INT x)
  VAL [4]BYTE small RETYPES x:
  SEQ
    out ! TPTextMode ; small [0]      -- Text Mode Function
  :

PROC WriteString(CHAN OF ANY in, out, VAL []BYTE str)
  #USE "SendStr"
  SEQ
    out ! TPWriteString              -- Write String Function
    SendString(in, out, str)        -- String to display
  :

PROC WriteLnString(CHAN OF ANY in, out, VAL []BYTE str)
  #USE "SendStr"
  SEQ
    out ! TPWriteLnString            -- WriteLn String Function
    SendString(in, out, str)        -- String to display
  :

PROC PrintScreen(CHAN OF ANY in, out)
  SEQ
    out ! TPPrintScreen              -- Print Screen Function
  :

```

"TPFILPRO.INC"

```

-- FILE PROTOCOL      101 - 150
VAL TPAAssignFile      IS BYTE 102:
VAL TPRResetFile      IS BYTE 103:
VAL TPRewriteFile     IS BYTE 104:
VAL TPAAppendFile     IS BYTE 105:
VAL TPCloseFile       IS BYTE 106:
VAL TPRrenameFile     IS BYTE 107:
VAL TPDdeleteFile     IS BYTE 108:
VAL TPEndOfFile       IS BYTE 109:
VAL TPFileError       IS BYTE 110:

VAL TPRreadTextLine   IS BYTE 111:
VAL TPRreadTextNum    IS BYTE 112:
VAL TPRreadBlock      IS BYTE 113:
VAL TPRreadBool       IS BYTE 114:
VAL TPRreadByte       IS BYTE 115:
VAL TPRreadInt        IS BYTE 116:
VAL TPRreadInt16      IS BYTE 117:
VAL TPRreadInt32      IS BYTE 118:
VAL TPRreadInt64      IS BYTE 119:
VAL TPRreadReal32     IS BYTE 120:
VAL TPRreadReal64     IS BYTE 121:

VAL TPWriteTextLine   IS BYTE 131:
VAL TPWriteText       IS BYTE 132:
VAL TPWriteBlock      IS BYTE 133:
VAL TPWriteBool       IS BYTE 134:
VAL TPWriteByte       IS BYTE 135:
VAL TPWriteInt        IS BYTE 136:
VAL TPWriteInt16      IS BYTE 137:
VAL TPWriteInt32      IS BYTE 138:
VAL TPWriteInt64      IS BYTE 139:
VAL TPWriteReal32     IS BYTE 140:
VAL TPWriteReal64     IS BYTE 141:

```

"TPFILE.OCC"

#INCLUDE "TPFilPro.INC"

```

PROC AssignFile(CHAN OF ANY in, out, VAL [BYTE str, BYTE handle)
#USE "SendStr"
SEQ
  out ! TPAAssignFile          -- Assign File Function
  SendString(in, out, str)
  in ? handle                  -- Get File Handle
:

PROC ResetFile(CHAN OF ANY in, out, VAL BYTE handle)
SEQ
  out ! TPRResetFile; handle
:

PROC RewriteFile(CHAN OF ANY in, out, VAL BYTE handle)
SEQ
  out ! TPRRewriteFile; handle
:

PROC AppendFile(CHAN OF ANY in, out, VAL BYTE handle)
SEQ
  out ! TPAAppendFile; handle
:

PROC CloseFile(CHAN OF ANY in, out, VAL BYTE handle)
SEQ
  out ! TPCloseFile; handle
:

PROC RenameFile(CHAN OF ANY in, out, VAL BYTE handle, VAL [BYTE str)
#USE "SendStr"
SEQ
  out ! TPRRenameFile; handle  -- Rename File Function
  SendString(in, out, str)    -- Write New Name
:

PROC DeleteFile(CHAN OF ANY in, out, VAL BYTE handle)
SEQ
  out ! TPDeleteFile; handle   -- Erase File Function
:

PROC EndOfFile(CHAN OF ANY in, out, VAL BYTE handle, BOOL eof)
BYTE temp:
SEQ
  out ! TPEndOfFile; handle    -- End Of File Function
  in ? temp                    -- Get what it is

  IF
    (temp = 0 (BYTE))
    eof := FALSE
  TRUE
    eof := TRUE
:

PROC FileError(CHAN OF ANY in, out, INT error.code)
BYTE temp:
SEQ
  out ! TPFileError
  in ? temp
  error.code := INT temp
:

```

```

PROC ReadTextLine(CHAN OF ANY in, out, VAL BYTE handle, INT len, [BYTE str)
  BYTE length:
  SEQ
    length := BYTE (SIZE str)
    out ! TReadTextLine; handle; length

    in ? length          -- Read the length
    len := INT length
    IF
      (len > 0)
        in ? [str FROM 0 FOR len]  -- Read the string
        TRUE
        SKIP

    IF
      len < (SIZE str)
        str[len] := 0 (BYTE)      -- Terminate String
        TRUE
        SKIP
  :

PROC ReadTextNum(CHAN OF ANY in, out, VAL BYTE handle, INT len, [BYTE str)
  BYTE length:
  SEQ
    length := BYTE (SIZE str)
    out ! TReadTextNum; handle; length

    in ? length          -- Read the length
    len := INT length
    IF
      (len > 0)
        in ? [str FROM 0 FOR len]  -- Read the string
        TRUE
        SKIP

    IF
      len < (SIZE str)
        str[len] := 0 (BYTE)      -- Terminate String
        TRUE
        SKIP
  :

PROC ReadBlock(CHAN OF ANY in, out, VAL BYTE handle, VAL INT blocksize,
              [BYTE block, INT numread)
  INT16 temp1:
  VAL [4]BYTE sblocksize RETYPES blocksize:
  SEQ
    out ! TReadBlock; handle; [sblocksize FROM 0 FOR 2] -- Size of the block

    in ? temp1          -- Actual number read
    numread := INT temp1
    IF
      (numread = 0)
        SKIP
      TRUE
        in ? [block FROM 0 FOR numread]  -- Read The Block
  :

PROC ReadBool(CHAN OF ANY in, out, VAL BYTE handle, BOOL val)
  BYTE temp:
  SEQ
    out ! TReadBool; handle
    in ? temp          -- Byte Read
    IF
      (temp = 0 (BYTE))
        val := FALSE
      TRUE
        val := TRUE
  :

```

```

PROC ReadByte(CHAN OF ANY in, out, VAL BYTE handle, BYTE val)
  SEQ
    out ! TReadByte; handle
    in ? val          -- Byte Read
  :

PROC ReadInt(CHAN OF ANY in, out, VAL BYTE handle, INT val)
  SEQ
    out ! TReadInt; handle
    in ? val          -- Integer Read
  :

PROC ReadInt16(CHAN OF ANY in, out, VAL BYTE handle, INT16 val)
  SEQ
    out ! TReadInt16; handle
    in ? val          -- Integer Read
  :

PROC ReadInt32(CHAN OF ANY in, out, VAL BYTE handle, INT32 val)
  SEQ
    out ! TReadInt32; handle
    in ? val          -- Integer Read
  :

PROC ReadInt64(CHAN OF ANY in, out, VAL BYTE handle, INT64 val)
  SEQ
    out ! TReadInt64; handle
    in ? val          -- Integer Read
  :

PROC ReadReal32(CHAN OF ANY in, out, VAL BYTE handle, REAL32 val)
  SEQ
    out ! TReadReal32; handle
    in ? val          -- Real Value Read
  :

PROC ReadReal64(CHAN OF ANY in, out, VAL BYTE handle, REAL64 val)
  SEQ
    out ! TReadReal64; handle
    in ? val          -- Real Value Read
  :

PROC WriteTextLine(CHAN OF ANY in, out, VAL BYTE handle, VAL [BYTE str)
  #USE "SendStr"
  SEQ
    out ! TWriteTextLine; handle
    SendString(in, out, str)
  :

PROC WriteText(CHAN OF ANY in, out, VAL BYTE handle, VAL [BYTE str)
  #USE "SendStr"
  SEQ
    out ! TWriteText; handle
    SendString(in, out, str)
  :

PROC WriteBlock(CHAN OF ANY in, out, VAL BYTE handle, VAL INT blocksize,
               VAL [BYTE block, INT numwritten)
  INT16 temp1:
  SEQ
    VAL [4]BYTE sblocksize RETYPES blocksize:
    out ! TWriteBlock; handle; [sblocksize FROM 0 FOR 2]  -- Size of block

    IF
      (blocksize = 0)
      SKIP
      TRUE
      out ! [block FROM 0 FOR blocksize]  -- Write The Block

    in ? temp1          -- Actual number written
    numwritten := INT temp1

```

```

:
PROC WriteBool(CHAN OF ANY in, out, VAL BYTE handle, VAL BOOL val)
  SEQ
  out ! TPWriteBool; handle; val    -- Byte Write
:
PROC WriteByte(CHAN OF ANY in, out, VAL BYTE handle, val)
  SEQ
  out ! TPWriteByte; handle; val    -- Write Byte
:
PROC WriteInt(CHAN OF ANY in, out, VAL BYTE handle, VAL INT val)
  SEQ
  out ! TPWriteInt; handle; val    -- Integer Write
:
PROC WriteInt16(CHAN OF ANY in, out, VAL BYTE handle, VAL INT16 val)
  SEQ
  out ! TPWriteInt16; handle; val  -- Integer Write
:
PROC WriteInt32(CHAN OF ANY in, out, VAL BYTE handle, VAL INT32 val)
  SEQ
  out ! TPWriteInt32; handle; val  -- Integer Write
:
PROC WriteInt64(CHAN OF ANY in, out, VAL BYTE handle, VAL INT64 val)
  SEQ
  out ! TPWriteInt64; handle; val  -- Integer Write
:
PROC WriteReal32(CHAN OF ANY in, out, VAL BYTE handle, VAL REAL32 val)
  SEQ
  out ! TPWriteReal32; handle; val -- Real Value Write
:
PROC WriteReal64(CHAN OF ANY in, out, VAL BYTE handle, VAL REAL64 val)
  SEQ
  out ! TPWriteReal64; handle; val -- Real Value Write
:

```

"TPDOSPRO.INC"

```

-- DOS PROTOCOL      151 - 200
VAL TPExec           IS BYTE 151:
VAL TPGetDate        IS BYTE 152:
VAL TPSetDate        IS BYTE 153:
VAL TPGetTime        IS BYTE 154:
VAL TPSetTime        IS BYTE 155:
VAL TPDiskFree       IS BYTE 156:
VAL TPDiskSize       IS BYTE 157:
VAL TPGetFAttr       IS BYTE 158:
VAL TPSetFAttr       IS BYTE 159:
VAL TPFileExists     IS BYTE 160:
VAL TPInterrupt      IS BYTE 161:
VAL TPReadPort       IS BYTE 162:
VAL TPWritePort      IS BYTE 163:
VAL TPFileSize       IS BYTE 164:

```

"TPDOS.OCC"

```
#INCLUDE "TPDosPro.INC"
```

```

PROC Exec(CHAN OF ANY in, out, VAL []BYTE path, cmd)
  #USE "SendStr"
  SEQ
  out ! TPExec           -- Execute command
  SendString(in, out, path) -- Send Path
  SendString(in, out, cmd)  -- Send parameters
:

```

```

PROC GetDate(CHAN OF ANY in, out, INT year, month, day, dayofweek)
  INT16 temp1, temp2, temp3, temp4:
  SEQ
    out ! TPGetDate          -- Get Date command
    in ? temp1; temp2; temp3; temp4
    year, month, day, dayofweek := INT temp1, INT temp2, INT temp3, INT temp4
  :

PROC SetDate(CHAN OF ANY in, out, VAL INT year, month, day)
  VAL [4]BYTE sy RETYPES year:
  VAL [4]BYTE sm RETYPES month:
  VAL [4]BYTE sd RETYPES day:
  SEQ
    -- Set Date command
    out ! TPSetDate; [sy FROM 0 FOR 2]; [sm FROM 0 FOR 2]; [sd FROM 0 FOR 2]
  :

PROC GetTime(CHAN OF ANY in, out, INT hour, minute, second, sec100)
  INT16 temp1, temp2, temp3, temp4:
  SEQ
    out ! TPGetTime          -- Get Time command
    in ? temp1; temp2; temp3; temp4
    hour, minute, second, sec100 := INT temp1, INT temp2, INT temp3, INT temp4
  :

PROC SetTime(CHAN OF ANY in, out, VAL INT hour, minute, second, sec100)
  VAL [4]BYTE sh RETYPES hour:
  VAL [4]BYTE sm RETYPES minute:
  VAL [4]BYTE ss RETYPES second:
  VAL [4]BYTE s1 RETYPES sec100:
  SEQ
    -- Set Time Command
    out ! TPSetTime; [sh FROM 0 FOR 2]; [sm FROM 0 FOR 2];
    [ss FROM 0 FOR 2]; [s1 FROM 0 FOR 2]
  :

PROC DiskFree(CHAN OF ANY in, out, VAL INT disk , INT free)
  VAL [4]BYTE sdisk RETYPES disk:
  SEQ
    out ! TPDiskFree; [sdisk FROM 0 FOR 2]
    in ? free
  :

PROC DiskSize(CHAN OF ANY in, out, VAL INT disk, INT size)
  VAL [4]BYTE sdisk RETYPES disk:
  SEQ
    out ! TPDiskSize; [sdisk FROM 0 FOR 2]
    in ? size
  :

PROC FileSize(CHAN OF ANY in, out, VAL BYTE handle, INT size)
  SEQ
    out ! TPFileSize; handle          -- File Size function
    in ? size
  :

PROC GetFAttr(CHAN OF ANY in, out, VAL BYTE handle, INT attr)
  BYTE temp1:
  SEQ
    out ! TPGetFAttr; handle
    in ? temp1          -- Get File Attribute and Error Code
    attr := INT temp1
  :

PROC SetFAttr(CHAN OF ANY in, out, VAL BYTE handle, VAL INT attr)
  VAL [4]BYTE sattr RETYPES attr:
  SEQ
    out ! TPSetFAttr; handle; sattr[0]
  :

```

```

PROC FileExists(CHAN OF ANY in,out, VAL [BYTE name, BOOL Does)
#USE "SendStr"
BYTE byte:
SEQ
  out ! TFileExists
  SendString(in,out,name)
  in ? byte
  Does := (byte <> 0 (BYTE))
:

PROC Intr(CHAN OF ANY in,out, VAL BYTE IntNo, INT16 AX, BX, CX, DX, BP,
          SI, DI, DS, ES, Flags)
SEQ
  out ! TInterrupt; IntNo; AX; BX; CX; DX; BP; SI; DI; DS; ES; Flags
  in ? AX; BX; CX; DX; BP; SI; DI; DS; ES; Flags
:

PROC ReadPort(CHAN OF ANY in,out, VAL INT Port, BYTE val)
VAL [4]BYTE sp RETYPES Port:
SEQ
  out ! TReadPort; [sp FROM 0 FOR 2]
  in ? val
:

PROC WritePort(CHAN OF ANY in,out, VAL INT Port, VAL BYTE val)
VAL [4]BYTE sp RETYPES Port:
SEQ
  out ! TWritePort; [sp FROM 0 FOR 2]; val
:

```

"TPGRFPRO.INC"

```

-- GRAPH PROTOCOL      201 - 250
VAL TInitGraph         IS BYTE 201:
VAL TSetGraphMode      IS BYTE 202:
VAL TRestoreCrtMode    IS BYTE 203:
VAL TCloseGraph        IS BYTE 204:
VAL TSetViewPort       IS BYTE 205:
VAL TClearViewPort     IS BYTE 206:
VAL TClearDevice       IS BYTE 207:
VAL TDetectGraph       IS BYTE 208:
VAL TSetLineStyle      IS BYTE 209:
VAL TSetFillPattern    IS BYTE 210:
VAL TSetFillStyle      IS BYTE 211:
VAL TPArc              IS BYTE 212:
VAL TPBar              IS BYTE 213:
VAL TPBar3D            IS BYTE 214:
VAL TPCircle           IS BYTE 215:
VAL TDrawPoly          IS BYTE 216:
VAL TPLine             IS BYTE 217:
VAL TPLineTo           IS BYTE 218:
VAL TPMoveRel          IS BYTE 219:
VAL TPMoveTo           IS BYTE 220:
VAL TPPutPixel         IS BYTE 221:
VAL TPOutText          IS BYTE 222:
VAL TPOutTextXY        IS BYTE 223:
VAL TPRectangle        IS BYTE 224:
VAL TSetTextJustify    IS BYTE 225:
VAL TSetTextStyle      IS BYTE 226:
VAL TGetAspectRatio    IS BYTE 227:
VAL TGetMaxX           IS BYTE 228:
VAL TGetMaxY           IS BYTE 229:
VAL TGraphResult       IS BYTE 230:
VAL TSetColor          IS BYTE 231:
VAL TSetBkColor        IS BYTE 232:
VAL TGetColor          IS BYTE 233:
VAL TGetBkColor        IS BYTE 234:
VAL TPEllipse          IS BYTE 240:
VAL TFillEllipse       IS BYTE 241:
VAL TFillPoly          IS BYTE 242:

```

```

VAL TPfloodFill           IS BYTE 243:
VAL TPGetArcCoords       IS BYTE 244:
VAL TPLineRel            IS BYTE 245:
VAL TPIeSlice           IS BYTE 246:
VAL TPSector            IS BYTE 247:

```

"TPGRAPH.OCC"

```
#INCLUDE "TPGrfPro.INC"
```

```
PROC InitGraph(CHAN OF ANY in, out, INT GDriver, GMode, VAL [1]BYTE path)
```

```
#USE "SendStr"
```

```
INT16 temp1, temp2:
```

```
SEQ
```

```
-- Drivers and Mode
```

```
[4]BYTE sd RETYPES GDriver:
```

```
[4]BYTE sm RETYPES GMode:
```

```
out ! TPIInitGraph; [sd FROM 0 FOR 2]; [sm FROM 0 FOR 2]
```

```
SendString(in, out, path) -- Send Path To Find Drivers
```

```
in ? temp1; temp2
```

```
GDriver, GMode := INT temp1, INT temp2 -- Return Results
```

```
:
```

```
PROC SetGraphMode(CHAN OF ANY in, out, VAL INT GMode)
```

```
VAL [4]BYTE s RETYPES GMode:
```

```
SEQ
```

```
out ! TPSetGraphMode; [s FROM 0 FOR 2]
```

```
:
```

```
PROC RestoreCrtMode (CHAN OF ANY in, out)
```

```
SEQ
```

```
out ! TPRestoreCrtMode
```

```
:
```

```
PROC CloseGraph (CHAN OF ANY in, out)
```

```
SEQ
```

```
out ! TPCloseGraph
```

```
:
```

```
PROC SetViewPort(CHAN OF ANY in, out, VAL INT X1, Y1, X2, Y2, VAL BOOL Clip)
```

```
VAL [4]BYTE sx1 RETYPES X1:
```

```
VAL [4]BYTE sy1 RETYPES Y1:
```

```
VAL [4]BYTE sx2 RETYPES X2:
```

```
VAL [4]BYTE sy2 RETYPES Y2:
```

```
SEQ
```

```
out ! TPSetViewPort; [sx1 FROM 0 FOR 2]; [sy1 FROM 0 FOR 2];  
[sx2 FROM 0 FOR 2]; [sy2 FROM 0 FOR 2]; Clip
```

```
:
```

```
PROC ClearViewPort (CHAN OF ANY in, out)
```

```
SEQ
```

```
out ! TPClearViewPort
```

```
:
```

```
PROC ClearDevice (CHAN OF ANY in, out)
```

```
SEQ
```

```
out ! TPClearDevice
```

```
:
```

```
PROC DetectGraph(CHAN OF ANY in, out, INT GDriver, GMode)
```

```
INT16 temp1, temp2:
```

```
SEQ
```

```
out ! TPDetectGraph
```

```
in ? temp1; temp2
```

```
GDriver, GMode := INT temp1, INT temp2 -- Return Results
```

```
:
```

```

PROC SetLineStyle(CHAN OF ANY in, out, VAL INT Style, Pattern, Thickness)
  VAL [4]BYTE ss RETYPES Style:
  VAL [4]BYTE sp RETYPES Pattern:
  VAL [4]BYTE st RETYPES Thickness:
  SEQ
    out ! TPSetLineStyle; [ss FROM 0 FOR 2]; [sp FROM 0 FOR 2];
      [st FROM 0 FOR 2]
  :

PROC SetFillPattern(CHAN OF ANY in, out, VAL [8]BYTE Pattern, VAL INT Color)
  VAL [4]BYTE sc RETYPES Color:
  INT i:
  SEQ
    out ! TPSetFillPattern; Pattern; [sc FROM 0 FOR 2]
  :

PROC SetFillStyle(CHAN OF ANY in, out, VAL INT Pattern, Color)
  VAL [4]BYTE sp RETYPES Pattern:
  VAL [4]BYTE sc RETYPES Color:
  SEQ
    out ! TPSetFillStyle; [sp FROM 0 FOR 2]; [sc FROM 0 FOR 2]
  :

PROC Arc(CHAN OF ANY in, out, VAL INT X, Y, StAngle, EndAngle, Radius)
  VAL [4]BYTE sx RETYPES X:
  VAL [4]BYTE sy RETYPES Y:
  VAL [4]BYTE ss RETYPES StAngle:
  VAL [4]BYTE se RETYPES EndAngle:
  VAL [4]BYTE sr RETYPES Radius:
  SEQ
    out ! TPArc; [sx FROM 0 FOR 2]; [sy FROM 0 FOR 2];
      [ss FROM 0 FOR 2]; [se FROM 0 FOR 2]; [sr FROM 0 FOR 2]
  :

PROC Bar(CHAN OF ANY in, out, VAL INT X1, Y1, X2, Y2)
  VAL [4]BYTE sX1 RETYPES X1:
  VAL [4]BYTE sY1 RETYPES Y1:
  VAL [4]BYTE sX2 RETYPES X2:
  VAL [4]BYTE sY2 RETYPES Y2:
  SEQ
    out ! TPBar; [sX1 FROM 0 FOR 2]; [sY1 FROM 0 FOR 2];
      [sX2 FROM 0 FOR 2]; [sY2 FROM 0 FOR 2]
  :

PROC Bar3D(CHAN OF ANY in, out, VAL INT X1, Y1, X2, Y2, Depth, VAL BOOL Top)
  VAL [4]BYTE sX1 RETYPES X1:
  VAL [4]BYTE sY1 RETYPES Y1:
  VAL [4]BYTE sX2 RETYPES X2:
  VAL [4]BYTE sY2 RETYPES Y2:
  VAL [4]BYTE sDepth RETYPES Depth:
  SEQ
    out ! TPBar3D; [sX1 FROM 0 FOR 2]; [sY1 FROM 0 FOR 2];
      [sX2 FROM 0 FOR 2]; [sY2 FROM 0 FOR 2];
      [sDepth FROM 0 FOR 2]; Top
  :

PROC Circle(CHAN OF ANY in, out, VAL INT X, Y, Radius)
  VAL [4]BYTE sX RETYPES X:
  VAL [4]BYTE sY RETYPES Y:
  VAL [4]BYTE sRadius RETYPES Radius:
  SEQ
    out ! TPCircle; [sX FROM 0 FOR 2]; [sY FROM 0 FOR 2];
      [sRadius FROM 0 FOR 2]
  :

```

```

PROC Ellipse(CHAN OF ANY in, out, VAL INT X, Y, StAngle, EndAngle,
             XRadius, YRadius)
  VAL [4]BYTE sX      RETYPES X:
  VAL [4]BYTE sY      RETYPES Y:
  VAL [4]BYTE sStAngle RETYPES StAngle:
  VAL [4]BYTE sEndAngle RETYPES EndAngle:
  VAL [4]BYTE sXRadius RETYPES XRadius:
  VAL [4]BYTE sYRadius RETYPES YRadius:
  SEQ
    out ! TPEllipse; [sX FROM 0 FOR 2]; [sY FROM 0 FOR 2];
                    [sStAngle FROM 0 FOR 2]; [sEndAngle FROM 0 FOR 2];
                    [sXRadius FROM 0 FOR 2]; [sYRadius FROM 0 FOR 2]
  :

PROC Fillellipse(CHAN OF ANY in, out, VAL INT X, Y, XRadius, YRadius)
  VAL [4]BYTE sX      RETYPES X:
  VAL [4]BYTE sY      RETYPES Y:
  VAL [4]BYTE sXRadius RETYPES XRadius:
  VAL [4]BYTE sYRadius RETYPES YRadius:
  SEQ
    out ! TPFillellipse; [sX FROM 0 FOR 2]; [sY FROM 0 FOR 2];
                        [sXRadius FROM 0 FOR 2]; [sYRadius FROM 0 FOR 2]
  :

PROC PieSlice(CHAN OF ANY in, out, VAL INT X, Y, StAngle, EndAngle, Radius)
  VAL [4]BYTE sX      RETYPES X:
  VAL [4]BYTE sY      RETYPES Y:
  VAL [4]BYTE sStAngle RETYPES StAngle:
  VAL [4]BYTE sEndAngle RETYPES EndAngle:
  VAL [4]BYTE sRadius  RETYPES Radius:
  SEQ
    out ! TPPieSlice; [sX FROM 0 FOR 2]; [sY FROM 0 FOR 2];
                    [sStAngle FROM 0 FOR 2]; [sEndAngle FROM 0 FOR 2];
                    [sRadius FROM 0 FOR 2]
  :

PROC DrawPoly(CHAN OF ANY in, out, VAL INT NumPoints, VAL [][2]INT points)
  INT i:
  VAL [4]BYTE sNumPoints RETYPES NumPoints:
  SEQ
    out ! TPDrawPoly; [sNumPoints FROM 0 FOR 2]
  IF
    NumPoints > 0
    SEQ i = 0 FOR NumPoints
      VAL [4]BYTE sp0 RETYPES points[i][0]:
      VAL [4]BYTE sp1 RETYPES points[i][1]:
      out ! [sp0 FROM 0 FOR 2]; [sp1 FROM 0 FOR 2]
    TRUE
    SKIP
  :

PROC FillPoly(CHAN OF ANY in, out, VAL INT NumPoints, VAL [][2]INT points)
  INT i:
  VAL [4]BYTE sNumPoints RETYPES NumPoints:
  SEQ
    out ! TPFillPoly; [sNumPoints FROM 0 FOR 2]
  IF
    NumPoints > 0
    SEQ i = 0 FOR NumPoints
      VAL [4]BYTE sp0 RETYPES points[i][0]:
      VAL [4]BYTE sp1 RETYPES points[i][1]:
      out ! [sp0 FROM 0 FOR 2]; [sp1 FROM 0 FOR 2]
    TRUE
    SKIP
  :

```

```

PROC Line(CHAN OF ANY in, out, VAL INT X1, Y1, X2, Y2)
  VAL [4]BYTE sX1 RETYPES X1:
  VAL [4]BYTE sY1 RETYPES Y1:
  VAL [4]BYTE sX2 RETYPES X2:
  VAL [4]BYTE sY2 RETYPES Y2:
  SEQ
    out ! TPLine; [sX1 FROM 0 FOR 2]; [sY1 FROM 0 FOR 2];
              [sX2 FROM 0 FOR 2]; [sY2 FROM 0 FOR 2]
:

PROC LineTo(CHAN OF ANY in, out, VAL INT X, Y)
  VAL [4]BYTE sX RETYPES X:
  VAL [4]BYTE sY RETYPES Y:
  SEQ
    out ! TPLineTo; [sX FROM 0 FOR 2]; [sY FROM 0 FOR 2]
:

PROC LineRel(CHAN OF ANY in, out, VAL INT X, Y)
  VAL [4]BYTE sX RETYPES X:
  VAL [4]BYTE sY RETYPES Y:
  SEQ
    out ! TPLineRel; [sX FROM 0 FOR 2]; [sY FROM 0 FOR 2]
:

PROC Sector(CHAN OF ANY in, out, VAL INT X, Y, StAngle, EndAngle, XRad, YRad)
  VAL [4]BYTE sX RETYPES X:
  VAL [4]BYTE sY RETYPES Y:
  VAL [4]BYTE sStAngle RETYPES StAngle:
  VAL [4]BYTE sEndAngle RETYPES EndAngle:
  VAL [4]BYTE sXRad RETYPES XRad:
  VAL [4]BYTE sYRad RETYPES YRad:
  SEQ
    out ! TPSector; [sX FROM 0 FOR 2]; [sY FROM 0 FOR 2];
                  [sStAngle FROM 0 FOR 2]; [sEndAngle FROM 0 FOR 2];
                  [sXRad FROM 0 FOR 2]; [sYRad FROM 0 FOR 2]
:

PROC FloodFill(CHAN OF ANY in, out, VAL INT X, Y, Border)
  VAL [4]BYTE sX RETYPES X:
  VAL [4]BYTE sY RETYPES Y:
  VAL [4]BYTE sBorder RETYPES Border:
  SEQ
    out ! TPFloodFill; [sX FROM 0 FOR 2]; [sY FROM 0 FOR 2];
                      [sBorder FROM 0 FOR 2]
:

PROC GetArcCoords(CHAN OF ANY in, out, INT X, Y, StX, StY, EndX, EndY)
  INT16 temp1, temp2, temp3, temp4, temp5, temp6:
  SEQ
    out ! TPGetArcCoords
    in ? temp1; temp2; temp3; temp4; temp5; temp6
    X, Y := INT temp1, INT temp2 -- Centre Point
    StX, StY, EndX, EndY := INT temp3, INT temp4, INT temp5, INT temp6
:

PROC MoveRel(CHAN OF ANY in, out, VAL INT X, Y)
  VAL [4]BYTE sX RETYPES X:
  VAL [4]BYTE sY RETYPES Y:
  SEQ
    out ! TPMoveRel; [sX FROM 0 FOR 2]; [sY FROM 0 FOR 2]
:

PROC MoveTo(CHAN OF ANY in, out, VAL INT X, Y)
  VAL [4]BYTE sX RETYPES X:
  VAL [4]BYTE sY RETYPES Y:
  SEQ
    out ! TPMoveTo; [sX FROM 0 FOR 2]; [sY FROM 0 FOR 2]
:

```

```

PROC PutPixel(CHAN OF ANY in, out, VAL INT X, Y, Pixel)
  VAL [4]BYTE sX RETYPES X:
  VAL [4]BYTE sY RETYPES Y:
  VAL [4]BYTE sPixel RETYPES Pixel:
  SEQ
    out ! TPPutPixel; [sX FROM 0 FOR 2]; [sY FROM 0 FOR 2];
      [sPixel FROM 0 FOR 2]
  :

PROC OutText(CHAN OF ANY in, out, VAL []BYTE str)
  #USE "SendStr"
  SEQ
    out ! TPOutText
      SendString(in, out, str)
  :

PROC OutTextXY(CHAN OF ANY in, out, VAL INT X, Y, VAL []BYTE str)
  #USE "SendStr"
  VAL [4]BYTE sX RETYPES X:
  VAL [4]BYTE sY RETYPES Y:
  SEQ
    out ! TPOutTextXY; [sX FROM 0 FOR 2]; [sY FROM 0 FOR 2]
      SendString(in, out, str)
  :

PROC Rectangle(CHAN OF ANY in, out, VAL INT X1, Y1, X2, Y2)
  VAL [4]BYTE sX1 RETYPES X1:
  VAL [4]BYTE sY1 RETYPES Y1:
  VAL [4]BYTE sX2 RETYPES X2:
  VAL [4]BYTE sY2 RETYPES Y2:
  SEQ
    out ! TPRectangle; [sX1 FROM 0 FOR 2]; [sY1 FROM 0 FOR 2];
      [sX2 FROM 0 FOR 2]; [sY2 FROM 0 FOR 2]
  :

PROC SetTextJustify(CHAN OF ANY in, out, VAL INT Horiz, Vert)
  VAL [4]BYTE sHoriz RETYPES Horiz:
  VAL [4]BYTE sVert RETYPES Vert:
  SEQ
    out ! TPSetTextJustify; [sHoriz FROM 0 FOR 2]; [sVert FROM 0 FOR 2]
  :

PROC SetTextStyle(CHAN OF ANY in, out, VAL INT Font, Direction, VAL BYTE Size)
  VAL [4]BYTE sFont RETYPES Font:
  VAL [4]BYTE sDirection RETYPES Direction:
  SEQ
    out ! TPSetTextStyle; [sFont FROM 0 FOR 2]; [sDirection FROM 0 FOR 2]; Size
  :

PROC GetAspectRatio(CHAN OF ANY in, out, INT AspX, AspY)
  INT16 temp1, temp2:
  SEQ
    out ! TPGetAspectRatio
      in ? temp1; temp2
    AspX, AspY := INT temp1, INT temp2          -- Return Results
  :

PROC GetMaxX(CHAN OF ANY in, out, INT MaxX)
  INT16 temp1:
  SEQ
    out ! TPGetMaxX
      in ? temp1
    MaxX := INT temp1          -- Return Result
  :

```

```

PROC GetMaxY(CHAN OF ANY in, out, INT MaxY)
  INT16 temp1:
  SEQ
    out ! TPGetMaxY
    in ? temp1
    MaxY := INT temp1          -- Return Result
:

PROC GraphResult(CHAN OF ANY in, out, INT Result)
  INT16 temp1:
  SEQ
    out ! TPGraphResult
    in ? temp1
    Result := INT temp1      -- Return Result
:

PROC SetColor(CHAN OF ANY in, out, VAL INT Color)
  VAL [4]BYTE sColor RETYPES Color:
  SEQ
    out ! TPSetColor; [sColor FROM 0 FOR 2]
:

PROC SetBkColor(CHAN OF ANY in, out, VAL INT BkColor)
  VAL [4]BYTE sBkColor RETYPES BkColor:
  SEQ
    out ! TPSetBkColor; [sBkColor FROM 0 FOR 2]
:

PROC GetColor(CHAN OF ANY in, out, INT Color)
  INT16 temp1:
  SEQ
    out ! TPGetColor
    in ? temp1
    Color := INT temp1
:

PROC GetBkColor(CHAN OF ANY in, out, INT BkColor)
  INT16 temp1:
  SEQ
    out ! TPGetBkColor
    in ? temp1
    BkColor := INT temp1
:

```

"TPSERPRO.INC"

```

-- SERVER PROTOCOL
VAL TPSystemInfo      IS BYTE 250:
VAL TPBootSubsystem  IS BYTE 251:
VAL TPBootFileSubSys IS BYTE 252:
VAL TPEndServer      IS BYTE 255:

```

"TPSERVER.OCC"

```
#INCLUDE "TPSerPro.INC"
```

```

PROC SystemInfo(CHAN OF ANY in,out, INT memsize)
  SEQ
    out ! TPSystemInfo
    in ? memsize
:

PROC TerminateServer (CHAN OF ANY in, out)
  SEQ
    out ! TPEndServer      -- End Server Function
:

```

"TPSUBSYS.OCC"

```

PROC reset.subsystem (BOOL err)
  VAL sub.reset  IS ((MOSTNEG INT) >< 0) >> 2:
  VAL sub.error  IS ((MOSTNEG INT) >< 0) >> 2:
  VAL sub.analyse IS ((MOSTNEG INT) >< 4) >> 2:
  PORT OF INT reset, error, analyse:
  PLACE reset  AT sub.reset:
  PLACE error  AT sub.error:
  PLACE analyse AT sub.analyse:

  TIMER clock:
  INT current, errval:
  SEQ
    analyse ! 0          -- analyse low
    reset  ! 0          -- reset low
    clock ? current
    clock ? AFTER current PLUS 78
    reset  ! 1          -- reset high
    clock ? current
    clock ? AFTER current PLUS 78
    reset  ! 0          -- reset subsystem
    clock ? current
    clock ? AFTER current PLUS 78

    error  ? errval    -- test if error in resetting subsystem
  IF
    errval = 0          -- error is NOTted
    err := TRUE
  TRUE
    err := FALSE
:
PROC poke(CHAN OF ANY to.subsystem, from.subsystem, VAL INT address,value)
  VAL poke.val IS 0 (BYTE):
  SEQ
    to.subsystem ! poke.val    -- request POKE
    to.subsystem ! address    -- send address
    to.subsystem ! value      -- send value to POKE
:
PROC peek(CHAN OF ANY to.subsystem, from.subsystem, VAL INT address, INT16 value)
  VAL peek.val IS 1 (BYTE):
  SEQ
    to.subsystem ! peek.val    -- request PEEK
    to.subsystem ! address    -- send address
    from.subsystem ? value    -- receive value PEEKed
:

```

"QUADPUTE.OCC"

```

#include "TPSerPro.INC"
#USE "TPSubSys"
#USE "TPScreen"
#USE "SendStr"

PROC boot.quadputer(CHAN OF ANY in, out, bootlink, BOOL error)
  INT size, i:
  BYTE byte:
  BOOL result:

  SEQ
    out ! TPBootSubsystem
    in ? size
  IF
    size > 0
    SEQ
      reset.subsystem(result)
    IF
      result
      SEQ
        SEQ I = 0 FOR size
          in ? byte
          error := TRUE

```

```

    TRUE
    SEQ
      SEQ I = 0 FOR size
      SEQ
        in ? byte
        bootlink ! byte
      error := FALSE
size = 0
error := FALSE
TRUE
error := TRUE
:
PROC boot.file.quadputer(CHAN OF ANY in, out, bootlink, VAL [BYTE name, BOOL error)
  INT size, I:
  BYTE byte:
  BOOL result:

  SEQ
    out ! TPBootFileSubSys
    SendString(in,out,name)
    in ? size
    IF
      size > 0
      SEQ
        reset.subsystem(result)
        IF
          result
          SEQ
            SEQ I = 0 FOR size
            in ? byte
            error := TRUE
          TRUE
          SEQ
            SEQ I = 0 FOR size
            SEQ
              in ? byte
              bootlink ! byte
            error := FALSE
size = 0
error := FALSE
TRUE
error := TRUE
:

```

```
-- ASSUME QUADPUTER ALREADY RUNNING
```

```
-- BOOT FILE NOT FOUND
```

```
-- ASSUME QUADPUTER ALREADY RUNNING
```

```
-- BOOT FILE NOT FOUND
```

Chapter 5 - Airflow Model

Airflow Model - OCCAM Source Code

This chapter contains the source listing of the OCCAM 2 source code of the final implementation of the Airflow Modelling System described in Section 9 of the thesis. It must be noted that the algorithm or techniques used in implementing the theory of Airflow Modelling is not an issue, but rather the technique of implementing the code in parallel. The Airflow Shell therefore consists of the protocols and communication routines used, as well as the method of distributing the work and parallel divisions employed. The worker code listed has been translated as close as possible to the actual Fortran 77 source code, which was provided by the physics consultants, as well as the initial calculations of the system by the master used to set up the model. The actual Fortran 77 code provided by the consultants incorporated in no way any for of parallelism. The consultants merely concentrated on the airflow problem at hand, leaving the parallel implementations entirely to myself. No modifications to the algorithm theory were made, apart from the obvious change of parallelism and the implementations discussed in Sections 9.5 and 9.6 of the thesis.

```
((( COMMENT on the format of work distribution
The T414 is the controller and the 4 T800s are the workers W, X, Y and Z. The procedure START (which
initiates a molecule within a cell) is integrated in the controller with the procedure DOCELL being passed
the cell I and J. DOCELL then determines the adjoining cell which has been calculated (if any) and passes
across those parameters to the worker. This adjoining calculated cell is necessary in order to convey
information to the centre of the model. The adjoining cell closest to the walls should take preference in
order to convey the information as fast as possible.
```

```
NOTE: 1 Feb 1989
The model given is operative and fully functional.
))) COMMENT on the format of work distribution
```

```
{{{ Libraries
{{{ LIB "AIRPRO"      Airflow protocols
{{{ Protocols
PROTOCOL messages
CASE
  initialise;   INT; INT; INT; REAL32; REAL32; REAL32; REAL32
  initialisepro; INT; INT; INT; INT; REAL32; REAL32; REAL32; REAL32
  point;       INT16; INT16
  results1;    INT; INT; INT
  results2;    [15][15]REAL32; [15][15]REAL32;
               REAL32; REAL32; REAL32; REAL32;
               REAL32; REAL32; REAL32; REAL32; REAL32
work;         INT; INT; [15][15]REAL32; [15][15]REAL32;
               REAL32; REAL32; REAL32; REAL32; REAL32; REAL32; REAL32
```

```

topprocessor;   INT; INT; INT; [15][15]REAL32; [15][15]REAL32;
               REAL32; REAL32; REAL32; REAL32; REAL32; REAL32; REAL32; REAL32
lotsOfWork;    INT
:
))) Protocols

((( Constants
VAL PI        IS 3.141592654 (REAL32):
VAL ZERO     IS 0.0 (REAL32):
VAL WorkerW  IS INT 1:
VAL WorkerX  IS INT 2:
VAL WorkerY  IS INT 3:
VAL WorkerZ  IS INT 4:
))) Constants
))) LIB "AIRPRO" Airflow protocols

```

```

{{{ LIB "AIRLIB1" -- "Airflow library 1"
((CF RAND FUNCTION (Returns a random number between 0 and 1)
REAL32, INT FUNCTION RAND(VAL INT SEED)
#USE snglmath
INT newseed:
REAL32 rand:
VALOF
SEQ
  newseed := SEED TIMES 259
  IF
    newseed < 0
      newseed := (newseed PLUS 2147483647) PLUS 1
    newseed = 0
      newseed := 2147483647
  TRUE
  SKIP
  rand := SCALEB(REAL32 ROUND newseed, -31)
RESULT rand, newseed
:
)))F RAND FUNCTION (Returns a random number between 0 and 1)
))) LIB "AIRLIB1" -- "Airflow library 1"

```

```

{{{ LIB "AIRLIB2" -- "Airflow library 2"
((( Constants
VAL PI        IS 3.141592654 (REAL32):
VAL ZERO     IS 0.0 (REAL32):
)))

((CF RSIGN FUNCTION (Returns a random plus or minus one)
REAL32, INT FUNCTION RSIGN(VAL INT SEED)
#USE Airlib1
INT newseed:
REAL32 ran, result:
VALOF
SEQ
  ran, newseed := RAND(SEED)
  IF
    ran > 0.5 (REAL32)
      result := 1.0 (REAL32)
  TRUE
    result := -1.0 (REAL32)
RESULT result, newseed
:
)))F RSIGN FUNCTION (Returns a random plus or minus one)

((CF MIN FUNCTION (Returns the minimum of the two real values)
REAL32 FUNCTION MIN(VAL REAL32 V1,V2)
REAL32 result:
VALOF
SEQ
  IF
    V1 < V2
      result := V1

```

```

        TRUE
        result := V2
    RESULT result
:
)))F MIN FUNCTION (Returns the minimum of the two real values)

{{{F MAX FUNCTION (Returns the maximum of the two real values)
REAL32 FUNCTION MAX(VAL REAL32 V1,V2)
REAL32 result:
  VALOF
  SEQ
  IF
  V1 > V2
    result := V1
  TRUE
    result := V2
  RESULT result
:
)))F MAX FUNCTION (Returns the maximum of the two real values)
}}) LIB "AIRLIB2" -- "Airflow library 2"

{{{ LIB "WORKER"
{{{F Worker Procedure
#USE AirPro
PROC Worker(VAL INT ProcID, CHAN OF messages fromController, toController)

#USE snglmath
#USE Airlib1
#USE Airlib2

INT MAXCOL, SEED, LC, I, J, ncolij:
REAL32 xip, yip, uip, vip, mx0ij, my0ij, c0ij, mx0param, my0param, c0param,
      gij, gxfact, gyfact, H, TEMP:
[15][15]REAL32 f0ij, f1ij:

{{{F Start procedure (Starting a new molecule)
PROC Start()
#USE Airlib1
#USE Airlib2
#USE snglmath

SEQ
  xip := H * ((REAL32 TRUNC I) + 0.5 (REAL32))
  yip := H * ((REAL32 TRUNC J) + 0.5 (REAL32))
  REAL32 rand, rsign:
  SEQ
    {{{ U := RSIGN*SQRT(-ALOG(RAND))*c0param+mx0param
      rand, SEED := RAND(SEED)
      rsign, SEED := RSIGN(SEED)
      uip := (rsign*(SQRT(-ALOG(rand))*c0param)) + mx0param
    }}} U := RSIGN*SQRT(-ALOG(RAND))*c0param+mx0param

    {{{ V := RSIGN*SQRT(-ALOG(RAND))*c0param+my0param
      rand, SEED := RAND(SEED)
      rsign, SEED := RSIGN(SEED)
      vip := (rsign*(SQRT(-ALOG(rand))*c0param)) + my0param
    }}} V := RSIGN*SQRT(-ALOG(RAND))*c0param+my0param
  :
}))F Start procedure (Starting a new molecule)

```

```

{{{F Smash procedure
PROC SMASH(INT I, J, REAL32 US, VS,
           INT SEED,
           [15][15]REAL32 f0ij,
           REAL32 gij, mx0ij, my0ij)
#USE AirLib1
#USE AirLib2
#USE snlmath

REAL32 R, SUM:
INT LC, L, M, N:

VAL REAL32 G1 IS gij:
VAL REAL32 DUDV IS G1*G1:
BOOL loop:
SEQ
  loop := TRUE
  WHILE loop
  SEQ
    REAL32 rand:
    SEQ
      rand, SEED := RAND(SEED)
      R := rand / DUDV
      LC, L, M := 7, 0, 0
      SUM := f0ij[7+L][7+M]
      IF
        SUM > R
          loop := FALSE
      TRUE
      {{{ 50 loop
      SEQ
        N := 1
        WHILE (N <= LC) AND loop
        SEQ
          {{{ 10 loop
          L, M := N, (-N)
          VAL INT np7 IS 7+N:
          VAL [ ]REAL32 f0ijn IS f0ij[np7]:
          WHILE (M <= N) AND loop
          SEQ
            SUM := SUM + f0ijn[7+M]
            IF
              SUM > R
                loop := FALSE
            TRUE
              M := M + 1
          }}} 10 loop
          IF
            loop
              {{{ 20, 30, 40 loops
              SEQ
                {{{ 20 loop
                L, M := N-1, N
                VAL INT onemn IS 1-N:
                VAL INT np7 IS 7+N:
                WHILE (L >= onemn) AND loop
                SEQ
                  SUM := SUM + f0ij[7+L][np7]
                  IF
                    SUM > R
                      loop := FALSE
                    TRUE
                      L := L - 1
                }}} 20 loop

```

```

IF
  Loop
  {{{ 30 and 40 loops
  SEQ
  {{{ 30 loop .
  SEQ
  L, M := (-N), N
  VAL [REAL32 f0ijn IS f0ij[7-N]:
  WHILE (M >= (-N)) AND loop
  SEQ
  SUM := SUM + f0ijn[7+M]
  IF
  SUM > R
  loop := FALSE
  TRUE
  M := M - 1
  }}} 30 loop
  IF
  Loop
  SEQ
  {{{ 40 loop
  L, M := 1-N, (-N)
  VAL INT sevenmn IS 7-N:
  VAL INT nm1 IS N-1:
  WHILE (L <= nm1) AND loop
  SEQ
  SUM := SUM + f0ij[7+L][sevenmn]
  IF
  SUM > R
  loop := FALSE
  TRUE
  L := L + 1
  }}} 40 loop
  {{{ Next N ?
  IF
  Loop
  N := N + 1
  TRUE
  SKIP
  }}} Next N ?
  TRUE
  SKIP
  }}} 30 and 40 loops
  TRUE
  SKIP
  }}} 20, 30, 40 loops
  TRUE
  SKIP
  }}} 50 loop

REAL32 GC, UT, VT:
SEQ
UT := ((REAL32 TRUNC L)*G1) + mx0ij
VT := ((REAL32 TRUNC M)*G1) + my0ij

REAL32 rand:
SEQ
rand, SEED := RAND(SEED)
R := 2.0 (REAL32) * (PI * rand)

VAL REAL32 usmut IS US - UT:
VAL REAL32 vsmvt IS VS - VT:
SEQ
GC := Sqrt((usmut*usmut) + (vsmvt*vsmvt))

US := 0.5 (REAL32) * ((US+UT) + (GC*cos(R)))
VS := 0.5 (REAL32) * ((VS+VT) + (GC*sin(R)))
:
}}]F Smash procedure

```

```

SEQ
  fromController ? CASE
    initialise; MAXCOL; SEED; LC; gxfact; gyfact; H; TEMP
    SKIP

  WHILE TRUE
    INT counter:
    REAL32 CHISQ, C1, MX1, MY1, DUDV:
    SEQ
    -- Get Work
    fromController ? CASE
      work; I; J; f0ij; f1ij; mx0ij; my0ij; c0ij; gij; c0param; mx0param; my0param
      INT nummols:
      SEQ
      nummols := 1
      ncolij, counter := 0, 0
      Start()
      WHILE (ncolij < MAXCOL)
        {{{ Do the points
          INT II, JJ, L, M:
          REAL32 TC:
          REAL32 XP, YP:
          SEQ
          XP := (xip*25.0 (REAL32)) / H
          YP := (yip*25.0 (REAL32)) / H
          IF
            counter = 10
              SEQ
                toController ! point; (INT16 ROUND (XP*gxfact)); (INT16 ROUND (YP*gyfact))
                counter := 0
            TRUE
              counter := counter + 1

          L := INT ROUND ((uip-mx0ij)/gij)
          M := INT ROUND ((vip-my0ij)/gij)
          {{{ Catch Overflows
          IF
            L < (-LC)
              L := (-LC)
            L > LC
              L := LC
            TRUE
              SKIP
          IF
            M < (-LC)
              M := (-LC)
            M > LC
              M := LC
            TRUE
              SKIP
          }}} Catch Overflows

          -- Time to collision
          REAL32 rand:
          SEQ
            rand, SEED := RAND(SEED)
            TC := (-ALOG(rand)) / c0ij

          -- Time to boundary of cell
          REAL32 XSTEP, YSTEP:
          SEQ
            XSTEP := uip*TC
            YSTEP := vip*TC
            xip := xip + XSTEP
            yip := yip + YSTEP
            II := INT TRUNC (xip/H)
            JJ := INT TRUNC (yip/H)

```

```

-- Test for collisional or boundary crossing
IF
  (II = I) AND (JJ = J)
  SEQ
    -- Collision
    f1ij[7+L][7+M] := f1ij[7+L][7+M] + TC
    ncolij := ncolij + 1
    SMASH(I,J,uip,vip,
          SEED, f0ij, gij, mx0ij, my0ij)
  TRUE
  Start() -- Start new molecule as boundary crossed
))) Do the points

{{{ Process the results
REAL32 NORM1, C00:
SEQ
-- 200 Code
NORM1, MX1, MY1, C1 := ZERO, ZERO, ZERO, ZERO
DUDV := gij*gij
SEQ L = (-LC) FOR ((LC+LC)+1)
  [REAL32 f1ijl IS f1ij[7+L]:
  SEQ M = (-LC) FOR ((LC+LC)+1)
    REAL32 f1ijlm IS f1ijl[7+M]:
    SEQ
      MX1 := MX1 + (((gij*(REAL32 TRUNC L)) + mx0ij) * f1ijlm)
      MY1 := MY1 + (((gij*(REAL32 TRUNC M)) + my0ij) * f1ijlm)
      NORM1 := NORM1 + f1ijlm

-- This replaces this
MX1 := MX1 / NORM1 -- NORM1 := NORM1 * DUDV
MY1 := MY1 / NORM1 -- MX1 := (MX1*DUDV) / NORM1
-- MY1 := (MY1*DUDV) / NORM1

SEQ L = (-LC) FOR ((LC+LC)+1)
  [REAL32 f1ijl IS f1ij[7+L]:
  SEQ M = (-LC) FOR ((LC+LC)+1)
    REAL32 f1ijlm IS f1ijl[7+M]:
    REAL32 tmp1, tmp2:
    SEQ
      tmp1 := gij * (REAL32 TRUNC L)
      tmp2 := gij * (REAL32 TRUNC M)
      C1 := C1 + (((tmp1*tmp1) + (tmp2*tmp2))*f1ijlm)
  C1 := SQRT(C1 / NORM1)
  NORM1 := NORM1 * DUDV -- Final part of (This replaces this)

c0ij := C1
C00 := C1*C1
mx0ij := MX1
my0ij := MY1

-- Initialise distribution F0
gij := 0.3 (REAL32) * c0ij
DUDV := gij*gij

REAL32 TOT, DEN1:
SEQ
  TOT := ZERO
  SEQ L = (-LC) FOR ((LC+LC)+1)
    [REAL32 f0ijl IS f0ij[7+L]:
    SEQ M = (-LC) FOR ((LC+LC)+1)
      REAL32 tmp1, tmp2:
      REAL32 f0ijlm IS f0ijl[7+M]:
      SEQ
        tmp1 := gij * (REAL32 TRUNC L)
        tmp2 := gij * (REAL32 TRUNC M)
        f0ijlm := EXP(-(((tmp1*tmp1) + (tmp2*tmp2))/C00))
        TOT := TOT + f0ijlm

  DEN1 := TOT*DUDV

```

```

CHISQ := ZERO
SEQ L = (-LC) FOR ((LC+LC)+1)
  []REAL32 f0ijl IS f0ij[7+L]:
  []REAL32 f1ijl IS f1ij[7+L]:
  SEQ M = (-LC) FOR ((LC+LC)+1)
    REAL32 f0ijlm IS f0ijl[7+M]:
    REAL32 f1ijlm IS f1ijl[7+M]:
    REAL32 tmp:
    SEQ
      f0ijlm := f0ijlm / DEN1
      f1ijlm := f1ijlm / NORM1
      tmp := f1ijlm - f0ijlm
      CHISQ := CHISQ + (DUDV*((tmp*tmp)/f0ijlm))
  ))) Process the results

-- Give Results
toController ! results1; ProcID; I; J
toController ! results2; f0ij; f1ij; c0ij; mx0ij; my0ij; gij;
               CHISQ; C1; MX1; MY1; DUDV
:
)))F Worker Procedure
))) LIB "WORKER"

))) Libraries

```

```

{{{ PROGRAM Airflow controller (T414)
#USE AirPro

{{{ SC Airflow Controller for 4 transputers (with stats)
#USE AirPro
PROC T414CONTROLLER(CHAN OF ANY in, out,
                    CHAN OF messages fromW, toW, fromX, toX, fromY, toY)
  {{{ Library Usage
  #USE quadputer
  #USE TPKeyboard
  #USE TPScreen
  #USE TPDos
  #USE TPFile
  #USE TPGraphics
  #USE TPTerminator
  #USE ioconv
  #USE extrio
  #USE snglmath
  }}} Library Usage

  {{{ Variable declarations
  -- T800 Usage
  [30]BYTE STR, fname, qname:
  INT IM, JM, LM, MM, MAXCOL:

  -- Added Variables
  INT SEED:
  TIMER clock:
  REAL32 xfactor, yfactor:
  INT16 MaxX, MaxY:
  BOOL error:

  INT IP, LC, LOOP, ICELL, NFULL:
  REAL32 C00, C1, G1, H, MX1, MY1, XMAX, YMAX, TEMP, TOT, CHISQ, DUDV:
  [10]REAL32 U, V, X, Y:
  [10][10]INT NCOL:
  [10][10]REAL32 G, MX0, MY0, C0, TCOL, mxtotal, mytotal, mxav, myav:
  [10][10][15][15]REAL32 F0, F1:

  VAL INT numprocs IS 4:
  [numprocs]BOOL busy:
  INT numbusy:

  VAL INT unconnected IS 1:
  [unconnected]REAL32 c0queue, mx0queue, my0queue:
  [unconnected]INT iqueue, jqueue:
  INT inqueue:

  INT screeniterations, maxiterations, looptotal, restarts:

  BYTE driftfile, ecode:
  BOOL ptrace, piter, paver, ptotal:
  }}} Variable declarations

  {{{ SC RAND FUNCTION (Returns a random number between 0 and 1)
  REAL32, INT FUNCTION RAND(VAL INT SEED)
  #USE snglmath
  INT newseed:
  REAL32 rand:
  VALOF
  SEQ
  newseed := SEED TIMES 259
  IF
  newseed < 0
  newseed := (newseed PLUS 2147483647) PLUS 1
  newseed = 0
  newseed := 2147483647
  TRUE
  SKIP
  rand := SCALEB(REAL32 ROUND newseed, -31)
  RESULT rand, newseed

```

```

:
))) SC RAND FUNCTION (Returns a random number between 0 and 1)

{{{ Procedure to get nearest calculated cell and constants
PROC DoCell(VAL INT i, j)

  VAL icellm1 IS ICELL - 1:
  BYTE ecode:
  {{{ Find Nearest Unprocessed Cell
  PROC FindNearest(VAL INT i, j, INT neari, nearj, neardist)
    VAL icelld2 IS (ICELL+1) / 2:
    INT tmpdist, tmpdist:
    SEQ
    IF
      NCOL[i][j] = (-1)
      SEQ
      {{{ Get closest distance to the side
      IF
        i < icelld2
          tmpdist := i
          TRUE
          tmpdist := icellm1 - i
      IF
        j < icelld2
          tmpdist := j
          TRUE
          tmpdist := icellm1 - j
      IF
        tmpdist < tmpdist
          tmpdist := tmpdist
          TRUE
          SKIP
      ))) Get closest distance to the side

      {{{ Set closest distance to the side
      IF
        tmpdist < neardist
          neari, nearj, neardist := i, j, tmpdist
          TRUE
          SKIP
      ))) Set closest distance to the side
    TRUE
    SKIP
  :
  ))) Find Nearest Unprocessed Cell

  INT RI, RJ:
  REAL32 c0param, mx0param, my0param:

  {{{ Procedure to empty queue
  PROC emptyqueue(CHAN OF messages downchan)
    INT qi, qj:
    SEQ
    busy[3] := TRUE
    inqueue := inqueue - unconnected
    SEQ q = 0 FOR unconnected
    SEQ
    qi := iqueue[q]
    qj := jqueue[q]
    downchan ! toprocessor; Worker2; qi; qj; F0[qi][qj];
      F1[qi][qj]; MX0[qi][qj]; MY0[qi][qj];
      C0[qi][qj]; G[qi][qj];
      c0queue[q]; mx0queue[q]; my0queue[q]
  :
  ))) Procedure to empty queue

```

```

{{{ Procedure to give work
PROC givework(CHAN OF messages downchan, VAL INT WorkerNo)
  SEQ
    downchan ! topprocessor; WorkerNo; i; j; FO[i][j]; F1[i][j];
      MXO[i][j]; MYO[i][j]; CO[i][j]; G[i][j];
      cOparam; mxOparam; myOparam
    busy[WorkerNo-1] := TRUE
  :
}}) Procedure to give work

{{{ Procedure to get results if any are available
PROC GetResults()
  BOOL nottimeout:
  TIMER clock:
  INT time:
  SEQ
    nottimeout := TRUE
    WHILE nottimeout OR (numbusy = numprocs)
      INT16 x, y:
      INT RI, RJ, ProcID:
      SEQ
        clock ? time
        PRI ALT
          fromW ? CASE
            point; x; y
            PutPixel(in,out,x,MaxY-y,White)
            results1; ProcID; RI; RJ
            SEQ
              fromW ? CASE
                results2; FO[RI][RJ]; F1[RI][RJ]; CO[RI][RJ];
                  MXO[RI][RJ]; MYO[RI][RJ]; G[RI][RJ];
                  CHISQ; C1; MX1; MY1; DUDV
                SEQ
                  busy[ProcID-1] := FALSE
                  numbusy := numbusy - 1
                  NFULL := NFULL + 1
                  NCOL[RI][RJ] := (-1)

                  mxtotal[RI][RJ] := mxtotal[RI][RJ] + MXO[RI][RJ]
                  mytotal[RI][RJ] := mytotal[RI][RJ] + MYO[RI][RJ]

              fromX ? CASE
                point; x; y
                PutPixel(in,out,x,MaxY-y,White)
                results1; ProcID; RI; RJ
                SEQ
                  fromX ? CASE
                    results2; FO[RI][RJ]; F1[RI][RJ]; CO[RI][RJ];
                      MXO[RI][RJ]; MYO[RI][RJ]; G[RI][RJ];
                      CHISQ; C1; MX1; MY1; DUDV
                    SEQ
                      busy[ProcID-1] := FALSE
                      numbusy := numbusy - 1
                      NFULL := NFULL + 1
                      NCOL[RI][RJ] := (-1)

                      mxtotal[RI][RJ] := mxtotal[RI][RJ] + MXO[RI][RJ]
                      mytotal[RI][RJ] := mytotal[RI][RJ] + MYO[RI][RJ]

                  fromY ? CASE
                    point; x; y
                    PutPixel(in,out,x,MaxY-y,White)
                    results1; ProcID; RI; RJ
                    SEQ
                      fromY ? CASE
                        results2; FO[RI][RJ]; F1[RI][RJ]; CO[RI][RJ];
                          MXO[RI][RJ]; MYO[RI][RJ]; G[RI][RJ];
                          CHISQ; C1; MX1; MY1; DUDV
                        SEQ
                          busy[ProcID-1] := FALSE
                          numbusy := numbusy - 1

```

```

        NFULL := NFULL + 1
        NCOL[R1][RJ] := (-1)

        mxtotal[R1][RJ] := mxtotal[R1][RJ] + MXO[R1][RJ]
        mytotal[R1][RJ] := mytotal[R1][RJ] + MYO[R1][RJ]

clock ? AFTER time
  SEQ
  IF
    ((numbusy <> 0) AND ((numbusy+NFULL) = (ICELL*ICELL))) OR
    ((busy[3] AND busy[2]) AND busy[1])
    SEQ
    SKIP -- Must still wait for results
  TRUE
    nottimeout := FALSE -- Timed out, may give more more, or
                      -- all finished.
:
))) Procedure to get results if any are available
SEQ
((( Set the parameters
IF
  (((i = 0) OR (i = icellm1)) OR (j = 0)) OR (j = icellm1)
  SEQ -- Border cell
  c0param := TEMP
  mx0param := 0.0 (REAL32)
  my0param := 0.0 (REAL32)
TRUE
  INT neari, nearj, neardist:
  SEQ -- Find calculated cell nearest border
  neari, nearj, neardist := (-1), (-1), ICELL
  WHILE neari = (-1)
  SEQ
    FindNearest((i-1), j, neari, nearj, neardist) -- LEFT
    FindNearest((i+1), j, neari, nearj, neardist) -- RIGHT
    FindNearest(i, (j-1), neari, nearj, neardist) -- DOWN
    FindNearest(i, (j+1), neari, nearj, neardist) -- UP

  IF
    neari = (-1)
    SEQ
    GetResults()
    IF
      numbusy = 0
      SEQ
        OutTextXY(in,out,0 (INT16),8 (INT16),"BANG, T414 dead")
        OutTextXY(in,out,0 (INT16),16 (INT16),"Work assignment ERROR")
        STOP
      TRUE
      SKIP
    TRUE
    SEQ
      c0param := C0[neari][nearj]
      mx0param := MXO[neari][nearj]
      my0param := MYO[neari][nearj]
))) Set the parameters

-- Send work to idle processor
NCOL[i][j] := (-2)
IF
  (NOT busy[0]) AND ((NOT busy[3]) AND (inqueue = unconnected))
  SEQ
  toW ! lotsofwork; unconnected
  emptyqueue(toW)
  givework(toW,WorkerW)
NOT busy[1]
  SEQ
  givework(toX,WorkerX)
NOT busy[2]
  SEQ
  givework(toY,WorkerY)

```

```

(inqueue < unconnected)
  SEQ -- Place work in queue
    iqueue[inqueue] := i
    jqueue[inqueue] := j
    c0queue[inqueue] := c0param
    mx0queue[inqueue] := mx0param
    my0queue[inqueue] := my0param
    inqueue := inqueue + 1
  TRUE
  SEQ -- Oops, shouldn't be here
    OutTextXY(in,out,0 (INT16),8 (INT16),"BANG, T414 dead, shouldnt be here")
    OutTextXY(in,out,0 (INT16),16 (INT16),"Work had to go somewhere but couldnt")
  STOP

numbusy := numbusy + 1

-- Check all processors for results and if all processors are busy,
-- wait until one is vacant.
GetResults()
:
))) Procedure to get nearest calculated cell and constants

CHAN OF ANY toquad:
PLACE toquad AT 1:
SEQ
boot.quadputer(in,out,toquad,error)
IF
error
  WriteLnString(in,out, "Quadputer boot parameter expected")
TRUE
  INT seedw, seedx, seedy, seedz:
  SEQ
    {{{ Rest of the program
    IM, JM, LM, MM := 10, 10, 10, 10
    LC, ICELL := 7, 10

  ClrScr(in,out)
  WriteLnString(in,out,"Airflow Modelling - 10x10 model")
  WriteLnString(in,out," ")
  {{{ Read In Number MAXCOL
  BOOL error:
  SEQ
    error := TRUE
    WriteString(in,out,"Enter the maximum collisions :")
    WHILE error
      INT size:
      BOOL notfound:
      SEQ
        ReadNumber(in,out,TRUE,STR)
        WriteLnString(in,out," ")
        {{{ Get the string size
        size := 0
        notfound := TRUE
        WHILE (size < (SIZE STR)) AND notfound
          SEQ
            notfound := STR[size] <> 0 (BYTE)
            IF
              notfound
                size := size + 1
            TRUE
              SKIP
          }}} Get the string size
        STRINGTOINT(error,MAXCOL,[STR FROM 0 FOR size])
  }}} Read In Number MAXCOL

  {{{ Read In Temperature TEMP
  BOOL error:
  SEQ
    error := TRUE
    WriteString(in,out,"Enter the starting wall temperature :")

```

```

WHILE error
  INT size:
  BOOL notfound:
  SEQ
    ReadNumber(in,out,TRUE,STR)
    WriteLnString(in,out," ")
    {{{ Get the string size
    size := 0
    notfound := TRUE
    WHILE (size < (SIZE STR)) AND notfound
      SEQ
        notfound := STR[size] <> 0 (BYTE)
        IF
          notfound
            size := size + 1
          TRUE
          SKIP
        }}} Get the string size
    STRINGTOREAL32(error,TEMP,[STR FROM 0 FOR size])
  }}} Read In Temperature TEMP

{{{ Total Iterations
BOOL error:
SEQ
  error := TRUE
  WriteString(in,out,"Enter number of iterations :")
  WHILE error
    INT size:
    BOOL notfound:
    SEQ
      ReadNumber(in,out,TRUE,STR)
      WriteLnString(in,out," ")
      {{{ Get the string size
      size := 0
      notfound := TRUE
      WHILE (size < (SIZE STR)) AND notfound
        SEQ
          notfound := STR[size] <> 0 (BYTE)
          IF
            notfound
              size := size + 1
            TRUE
            SKIP
          }}} Get the string size
      STRINGTOINT(error,maxiterations,[STR FROM 0 FOR size])
  }}} Total Iterations

{{{ Print screen after ? Iterations
BOOL error:
SEQ
  error := TRUE
  WriteString(in,out,"Enter number of iterations to print screen after :")
  WHILE error
    INT size:
    BOOL notfound:
    SEQ
      ReadNumber(in,out,TRUE,STR)
      WriteLnString(in,out," ")
      {{{ Get the string size
      size := 0
      notfound := TRUE
      WHILE (size < (SIZE STR)) AND notfound
        SEQ
          notfound := STR[size] <> 0 (BYTE)
          IF
            notfound
              size := size + 1
            TRUE
            SKIP
          }}} Get the string size
      STRINGTOINT(error,screeniterations,[STR FROM 0 FOR size])

```

```

))) Print screen after ? Iterations

{{{ Find what to print
BYTE ch:
SEQ
  {{{ Trace
  WriteString(in,out,"Print Trace ? (Y/N)")
  ReadKey(in,out,TRUE,ch)
  IF
    (ch = 'N') OR (ch = 'n')
      ptrace := FALSE
    TRUE
      ptrace := TRUE
  WriteLnString(in,out,"!")
  ))) Trace

{{{ Iteration
WriteString(in,out,"Print Iteration Drift ? (Y/N)")
ReadKey(in,out,TRUE,ch)
IF
  (ch = 'N') OR (ch = 'n')
    piter := FALSE
  TRUE
    piter := TRUE
WriteLnString(in,out,"!")
  ))) Iteration

{{{ Average
WriteString(in,out,"Print Average Drift ? (Y/N)")
ReadKey(in,out,TRUE,ch)
IF
  (ch = 'N') OR (ch = 'n')
    paver := FALSE
  TRUE
    paver := TRUE
WriteLnString(in,out,"!")
  ))) Average

{{{ Total
WriteString(in,out,"Print Total Drift ? (Y/N)")
ReadKey(in,out,TRUE,ch)
IF
  (ch = 'N') OR (ch = 'n')
    ptotal := FALSE
  TRUE
    ptotal := TRUE
WriteLnString(in,out,"!")
  ))) Total
  ))) Find what to print

{{{ Read In File Name
WriteString(in,out,"Enter the drift data file name :")
INT size:
BOOL notfound:
BYTE ch:
SEQ
  ReadString(in,out,TRUE,fname)
  {{{ Get the string size
  size := 0
  notfound := TRUE
  WHILE (size < (SIZE STR)) AND notfound
    SEQ
      notfound := STR[size] <> 0 (BYTE)
      IF
        notfound
          size := size + 1
        TRUE
          SKIP
  ))) Get the string size

```

```

IF
  size = 0
  SEQ
    WriteLnString(in,out,"File DRIFT.DAT used, initialised to 0.0")
    [fname FROM 0 FOR 9] := "DRIFT.DAT"
    fname[9] := 0 (BYTE)
    looptotal := 0
    SEQ I = 0 FOR ICELL
      SEQ J = 0 FOR ICELL
        SEQ
          mxav[I][J] := 0.0 (REAL32)
          myav[I][J] := 0.0 (REAL32)
TRUE
  INT16 nread:
  SEQ
    AssignFile(in,out,fname,driftfile,ecode)
    ResetFile(in,out,driftfile,ecode)
    ReadInt(in,out,driftfile,looptotal,ecode)
    [400]BYTE totalx RETYPES mxav:
    [400]BYTE totaly RETYPES myav:
  SEQ
    ReadBlock(in,out,driftfile,INT16 (SIZE totalx),totalx,nread,ecode)
    ReadBlock(in,out,driftfile,INT16 (SIZE totaly),totaly,nread,ecode)
  IF
    (nread <> 400 (INT16)) OR (ecode <> 0(BYTE))
    SEQ
      WriteLnString(in,out,"  File not loaded.")
      WriteLnString(in,out,"          ---- Initialised with 0.0")
      looptotal := 0
      SEQ I = 0 FOR ICELL
        SEQ J = 0 FOR ICELL
          SEQ
            mxav[I][J] := 0.0 (REAL32)
            myav[I][J] := 0.0 (REAL32)
    TRUE
      WriteLnString(in,out,"  File loaded O.K.")
      CloseFile(in,out,driftfile,ecode)
))) Read In File Name

{{{ Read In Number of Restarts
BOOL error:
SEQ
  error := TRUE
  WriteString(in,out,"Enter the number of restarts :")
  WHILE error
    INT size:
    BOOL notfound:
    SEQ
      ReadNumber(in,out,TRUE,STR)
      WriteLnString(in,out," ")
      {{{ Get the string size
      size := 0
      notfound := TRUE
      WHILE (size < (SIZE STR)) AND notfound
        SEQ
          notfound := STR[size] <> 0 (BYTE)
          IF
            notfound
              size := size + 1
            TRUE
              SKIP
      }}} Get the string size
      STRINGTOINT(error,restarts,[STR FROM 0 FOR size])
  ))) Read In Number of Restarts

```

```

((( Read In Quadputer file name
IF
  restarts > 0
  SEQ
    WriteString(in,out,"Enter the quadputer boot file name :")
    INT size:
    BOOL notfound:
    BYTE ch:
    SEQ
      ReadString(in,out,TRUE,qname)
      ((( Get the string size
      size := 0
      notfound := TRUE
      WHILE (size < (SIZE STR)) AND notfound
        SEQ
          notfound := STR[size] <> 0 (BYTE)
          IF
            notfound
              size := size + 1
            TRUE
            SKIP
          ))) Get the string size
      TRUE
      SKIP
  ))) Read In Quadputer file name

SEQ mainportion = 0 FOR (restarts+1)
SEQ
  ((( Main Portion
  ((( Set Random Number Seed
  INT16 hour, minute, second, sec100:
  SEQ
    GetTime(in,out,hour,minute,second,sec100)
    SEED := (INT hour) PLUS (((INT minute) * 60) PLUS ((INT second) * 3600))
    SEED := SEED PLUS ((INT sec100) * 360000)

  INT16 hour, minute, second, sec100:
  SEQ
    GetTime(in,out,hour,minute,second,sec100)
    seedw := (INT hour) PLUS (((INT minute) * 80) PLUS ((INT second) * 3800))
    seedw := seedw PLUS ((INT sec100) * 380000)

  INT16 hour, minute, second, sec100:
  SEQ
    GetTime(in,out,hour,minute,second,sec100)
    seedx := (INT hour) PLUS (((INT minute) * 100) PLUS ((INT second) * 4000))
    seedx := seedx PLUS ((INT sec100) * 400000)

  INT16 hour, minute, second, sec100:
  SEQ
    GetTime(in,out,hour,minute,second,sec100)
    seedy := (INT hour) PLUS (((INT minute) * 120) PLUS ((INT second) * 4200))
    seedy := seedy PLUS ((INT sec100) * 420000)

  INT16 hour, minute, second, sec100:
  SEQ
    GetTime(in,out,hour,minute,second,sec100)
    seedz := (INT hour) PLUS (((INT minute) * 140) PLUS ((INT second) * 4400))
    seedz := seedz PLUS ((INT sec100) * 440000)
  ))) Set Random Number Seed

  ((( Initialise graphics driver
  INT16 GDriver, GMode:
  SEQ
    GDriver := Detect
    InitGraph(in,out,GDriver,GMode,"C:\TP\GRAPHICS")
  ))) Initialise graphics driver

```

```

{{{ Set graphics world
GetMaxX(in,out,MaxX)
xfactor := (REAL32 ROUND MaxX) / 500.0 (REAL32)
GetMaxY(in,out,MaxY)
yfactor := (REAL32 ROUND MaxY) / 333.0 (REAL32)
}}) Set graphics world

{{{ Set the text font, style, size, line style and width
SetTextStyle(in,out,DefaultFont,HorizDir,1 (BYTE))
SetTextJustify(in,out,LeftText,TopText)
SetLineStyle(in,out,SolidLn,0 (INT16),NormWidth)
SetBkColor(in,out,Black)
}}) Set the text font, style, size, line style and width

{{{ Set Fill Style
SetFillStyle(in,out,EmptyFill,Black)
}}) Set Fill Style

{{{ Draw the top axis
SetColor(in,out,White)
Line(in,out,0 (INT16), MaxY - (INT16 ROUND (330.0 (REAL32) * yfactor)),
      0 (INT16), MaxY - (INT16 ROUND (260.0 (REAL32) * yfactor)) )
Line(in,out,0 (INT16), MaxY - (INT16 ROUND (260.0 (REAL32) * yfactor)),
      (INT16 ROUND (250.0 (REAL32) * xfactor)),
      MaxY - (INT16 ROUND (260.0 (REAL32) * yfactor)) )
}}) Draw the top axis

BOOL BigLoop:
INT tstart, tend:
SEQ
  clock ? tstart
  H      := 250.0 (REAL32)
  XMAX, YMAX := H*(REAL32 TRUNC ICELL), H*(REAL32 TRUNC ICELL)
  MX1, MY1  := ZERO, ZERO
  COO       := 1.0 (REAL32)
  G1        := 0.3 (REAL32)
  IP        := 0          -- USED TO BE 1
  C1        := 1.0 (REAL32)

  toW ! initialisepro; WorkerW; MAXCOL; seedw; LC; xfactor; yfactor; H; TEMP
  toX ! initialisepro; WorkerX; MAXCOL; seedx; LC; xfactor; yfactor; H; TEMP
  toY ! initialisepro; WorkerY; MAXCOL; seedy; LC; xfactor; yfactor; H; TEMP
  toW ! initialisepro; WorkerZ; MAXCOL; seedz; LC; xfactor; yfactor; H; TEMP

{{{ Initialise distribution FO
SEQ I = 0 FOR ICELL
  []REAL32 gi IS G[I]:
  []REAL32 mxi IS MXO[I]:
  []REAL32 myi IS MYO[I]:
  []REAL32 c0i IS CO[I]:
  []INT ncoli IS NCOL[I]:
  SEQ J = 0 FOR ICELL
    SEQ
      gi[J] := 0.3 (REAL32)
      mxi[J] := ZERO
      myi[J] := ZERO
      c0i[J] := 1.0 (REAL32)
      ncoli[J] := 0

  TOT := ZERO
  SEQ I = 0 FOR ICELL
    SEQ J = 0 FOR ICELL
      [] []REAL32 f0ij IS FO[I][J]:
      SEQ
        MX1, MY1 := MXO[I][J], MYO[I][J]
        COO := CO[I][J]*CO[I][J]
        G1 := G[I][J]
        SEQ L = (-LC) FOR ((LC+LC)+1)
          SEQ M = (-LC) FOR ((LC+LC)+1)
            REAL32 tmp1, tmp2:
            SEQ

```

```

    tmp1 := (REAL32 TRUNC L)*G1
    tmp2 := (REAL32 TRUNC M)*G1
    f0ij[7+L][7+M] := EXP(-((tmp1*tmp1)+(tmp2*tmp2)))/C00) / PI
  ))) Initialise distribution F0

SEQ I = 0 FOR ICELL
  SEQ J = 0 FOR ICELL
    SEQ
      mxtotal[I][J] := 0.0 (REAL32)
      mytotal[I][J] := 0.0 (REAL32)

LOOP := 0
BigLoop := TRUE

clock ? tend
REAL32 time:
INT len:
SEQ
  time := (REAL32 ROUND (tend MINUS tstart)) / 15625.0 (REAL32)
  OutTextXY(in,out,0 (INT16),0 (INT16),"TIME = ")
  REAL32TOSTRING(len,STR,time,5,3)
  STR[len] := 0 (BYTE)
  OutTextXY(in,out,64 (INT16),0 (INT16),STR)

{{{ Draw the right bottom axis
SetColor(in,out,White)
Line(in,out,(INT16 ROUND (250.0 (REAL32) * xfactor)), MaxY,
      (INT16 ROUND (500.0 (REAL32) * xfactor)), MaxY )
Line(in,out,(INT16 ROUND (375.0 (REAL32) * xfactor)), MaxY,
      (INT16 ROUND (375.0 (REAL32) * xfactor)),
      MaxY - (INT16 ROUND (160.0 (REAL32) * yfactor)) )

  ))) Draw the right bottom axis

{{{ Draw the right top axis
SetColor(in,out,White)
Line(in,out,(INT16 ROUND (250.0 (REAL32) * xfactor)),
      MaxY - (INT16 ROUND (166.0 (REAL32) * yfactor)),
      (INT16 ROUND (500.0 (REAL32) * xfactor)),
      MaxY - (INT16 ROUND (166.0 (REAL32) * yfactor)) )
Line(in,out,(INT16 ROUND (375.0 (REAL32) * xfactor)),
      MaxY - (INT16 ROUND (166.0 (REAL32) * yfactor)),
      (INT16 ROUND (375.0 (REAL32) * xfactor)),
      MaxY - (INT16 ROUND (326.0 (REAL32) * yfactor)) )

  ))) Draw the right top axis

WHILE BigLoop
  REAL32 XP, YP:
  [2]BYTE page:
  SEQ
    page[0] := 12 (BYTE)
    page[1] := 0 (BYTE)

    clock ? tstart
    {{{ Draw the white box
    SetColor(in,out,White)
    Rectangle(in,out, 0 (INT16),(MaxY - (INT16 ROUND (250.0 (REAL32) * yfactor))),
              (INT16 ROUND (250.0 (REAL32) * xfactor)), MaxY)
    }}} Draw the white box

    VAL middle IS ICELL / 2:
    SEQ
      LOOP := LOOP + 1
      XP := (REAL32 TRUNC LOOP) * 0.5 (REAL32)
      YP := 260.0 (REAL32) + (5.0 (REAL32) * C0[middle][middle])
      PutPixel(in,out,INT16 ROUND (XP*xfactor),
              MaxY-(INT16 ROUND (YP*yfactor)), White)
      YP := 260.0 (REAL32) + (5.0 (REAL32) * C0[middle-1][middle])
      PutPixel(in,out,INT16 ROUND (XP*xfactor),
              MaxY-(INT16 ROUND (YP*yfactor)), White)

```

```

numbusy, NFULL := 0, 0
inqueue := 0
SEQ p = 0 FOR numprocs
  busy[p] := FALSE

{{{ Zero Distribution F1
SEQ I = 0 FOR ICELL
  SEQ J = 0 FOR ICELL
    SEQ
      NCOL[I][J] := 0
      TCOL[I][J] := ZERO
      [] [] REAL32 f1ij IS F1[I][J]:
      SEQ L = (-LC) FOR ((LC+LC)+1)
        SEQ M = (-LC) FOR ((LC+LC)+1)
          f1ij[7+L][7+M] := ZERO
}}} Zero Distribution F1

{{{ Main worker loop
VAL icellm1 IS ICELL - 1:
VAL icellm2 IS ICELL - 2:

REAL32 r:
INT start, step:
SEQ
  {{{ Get random direction
  r,seedx := RAND(seedx)
  IF
    r > 0.5 (REAL32)
      SEQ
        start := 0
        step := 1
      TRUE
      SEQ
        start := icellm1
        step := (-1)
  }}} Get random direction
SEQ I = 0 FOR ICELL
  SEQ
    DoCell(start,0) -- Bottom line
    start := start + step

  {{{ Get random direction
  r,seedx := RAND(seedx)
  IF
    r > 0.5 (REAL32)
      SEQ
        start := 0
        step := 1
      TRUE
      SEQ
        start := icellm1
        step := (-1)
  }}} Get random direction
SEQ I = 0 FOR ICELL
  SEQ
    DoCell(start,9) -- Top line
    start := start + step

  {{{ Get random direction
  r,seedx := RAND(seedx)
  IF
    r > 0.5 (REAL32)
      SEQ
        start := 1
        step := 1
      TRUE
      SEQ
        start := icellm2
        step := (-1)
  }}} Get random direction

```

```

        iadd := 0
    TRUE
    SEQ
    IF
        jadd = 1
        iadd := (-1)
    TRUE
        iadd := 1
    J := J - jadd
    I := I + iadd
    jadd := 0
    TRUE
    SKIP
TRUE
INT len:
SEQ
{{{ Inverse direction
IF
    iadd = 0
    SEQ
        iadd := 0-jadd
        jadd := 0 .
    TRUE
    SEQ
        jadd := iadd
        iadd := 0
}}}) Inverse direction

WHILE NCOL[I][J] >= 0
    SEQ
    DoCell(I,J)
    I := I + iadd
    J := J + jadd
    IF
        NCOL[I][J] = (-1) -- Processed
        SEQ
        IF
            (iadd <> 0)
            SEQ
            IF
                iadd = 1
                jadd := (-1)
            TRUE
                jadd := 1
            I := I - iadd
            J := J + jadd
            iadd := 0
        TRUE
        SEQ
        IF
            jadd = 1
            iadd := 1
        TRUE
            iadd := (-1)
        J := J - jadd
        I := I + iadd
        jadd := 0
    TRUE
    SKIP
}}}) Random spiral
}}}) Main worker loop

{{{ Display the results
{{{ Clear axis screen
Bar(in,out, (INT16 ROUND (251.0 (REAL32) * xfactor)),
    0 (INT16),
    MaxX, MaxY      )
}}}) Clear axis screen

```

```

((( Draw the right bottom axis
SetColor(in,out,White)
Line(in,out,(INT16 ROUND (250.0 (REAL32) * xfactor)), MaxY,
      (INT16 ROUND (500.0 (REAL32) * xfactor)), MaxY )
Line(in,out,(INT16 ROUND (375.0 (REAL32) * xfactor)), MaxY,
      (INT16 ROUND (375.0 (REAL32) * xfactor)),
      MaxY - (INT16 ROUND (160.0 (REAL32) * yfactor)) )

))) Draw the right bottom axis

((( Draw the right top axis
SetColor(in,out,White)
Line(in,out,(INT16 ROUND (250.0 (REAL32) * xfactor)),
      MaxY - (INT16 ROUND (166.0 (REAL32) * yfactor)),
      (INT16 ROUND (500.0 (REAL32) * xfactor)),
      MaxY - (INT16 ROUND (166.0 (REAL32) * yfactor)) )
Line(in,out,(INT16 ROUND (375.0 (REAL32) * xfactor)),
      MaxY - (INT16 ROUND (166.0 (REAL32) * yfactor)),
      (INT16 ROUND (375.0 (REAL32) * xfactor)),
      MaxY - (INT16 ROUND (326.0 (REAL32) * yfactor)) )
))) Draw the right top axis

INT middle:
SEQ
  middle := ICELL / 2
  ((( Display White (BLUE) (Bottom right) distribution curves
  SetColor(in,out,White)
  SEQ
    ((( Draw the circles
    SEQ K = (-LC) FOR ((LC+LC)+1)
    SEQ
      XP := 375.0 (REAL32) + (16.0 (REAL32) * (REAL32 TRUNC K))
      YP := 5000.0 (REAL32) * (DUDV*F1[middle][middle][7+K][7])
      Circle(in,out,INT16 ROUND (XP*xfactor),
            MaxY-(INT16 ROUND (YP*yfactor)) , 2 (INT16))
    ))) Draw the circles

    ((( Draw the actual distribution curve
    -- Move to start of distribution curve
    XP := 375.0 (REAL32) + (16.0 (REAL32) * (REAL32 TRUNC (-LC)))
    YP := 5000.0 (REAL32) * (DUDV*F0[middle][middle][7-LC][7])
    MoveTo(in,out, INT16 ROUND (XP*xfactor),
           MaxY - (INT16 ROUND (YP*yfactor)))

    -- The actual distribution curve
    SEQ K = (1-LC) FOR (LC+LC)
    SEQ
      XP := 375.0 (REAL32) + (16.0 (REAL32) * (REAL32 TRUNC K))
      YP := 5000.0 (REAL32) * (DUDV*F0[middle][middle][7+K][7])
      LineTo(in,out,(INT16 ROUND (XP*xfactor)), MaxY-(INT16 ROUND (YP*yfactor)))
    ))) Draw the actual distribution curve
  ))) Display White (BLUE) (Bottom right) distribution curves

  ((( Display White (RED) (Top right) distribution curves
  SetColor(in,out,White)
  SEQ
    ((( Draw the squares
    SEQ K = (-LC) FOR ((LC+LC)+1)
    INT16 x, y:
    SEQ
      XP := 375.0 (REAL32) + (16.0 (REAL32) * (REAL32 TRUNC K))
      YP := 166.0 (REAL32) + (5000.0 (REAL32) * (DUDV*F1[middle][middle][7][7+K]))
      x, y := (INT16 ROUND (XP*xfactor)), (INT16 ROUND (YP*yfactor))
      Rectangle(in,out, x - 2 (INT16), (MaxY - y) - 2 (INT16),
                x + 2 (INT16), (MaxY - y) + 2 (INT16) )
    ))) Draw the squares

    ((( Draw the actual distribution curve
    -- Move to start of distribution curve
    XP := 375.0 (REAL32) + (16.0 (REAL32) * (REAL32 TRUNC (-LC)))
    YP := 166.0 (REAL32) + (5000.0 (REAL32) * (DUDV*F0[middle][middle][7][7-LC]))
  )))

```

```

MoveTo(in,out, INT16 ROUND (XP*xfactor),
      MaxY - (INT16 ROUND (YP*yfactor)))

-- The actual distribution curve
SEQ K = (1-LC) FOR (LC+LC)
  SEQ
    XP := 375.0 (REAL32) + (16.0 (REAL32) * (REAL32 TRUNC K))
    YP := 166.0 (REAL32) + (5000.0 (REAL32)*(DUDV*F0[middle][middle][7][7+K]))
    LineTo(in,out,(INT16 ROUND (XP*xfactor)), MaxY-(INT16 ROUND (YP*yfactor)))
  ))) Draw the actual distribution curve
))) Display White (RED) (Top right) distribution curves

{{{ Display Text
INT len:
INT16 mid:
SEQ
  {{{ Display the loop
  OutTextXY(in,out,(MaxX / 2 (INT16)),0 (INT16),"LOOP = ")
  INT2TOSTRING(len,STR,LOOP)
  STR[len] := 0 (BYTE)
  OutTextXY(in,out,64 (INT16) + (MaxX / 2 (INT16)),0 (INT16),STR)
  ))) Display the loop

  {{{ Display CHI square
  mid := (INT16 ROUND (400.0 (REAL32) * xfactor))
  OutTextXY(in,out,mid,0 (INT16),"CHISQ = ")
  REAL32TOSTRING(len,STR,CHISQ,0,0)
  STR[len] := 0 (BYTE)
  OutTextXY(in,out,MaxX - 80(INT16),0 (INT16),STR)
  ))) Display CHI square

  {{{ Display C0
  OutTextXY(in,out,mid,16 (INT16),"C1 = ")
  REAL32TOSTRING(len,STR,C1,0,0)
  STR[len] := 0 (BYTE)
  OutTextXY(in,out,MaxX - 80 (INT16),16 (INT16),STR)
  ))) Display C0

  {{{ Display MY1
  OutTextXY(in,out,mid,MaxY - (INT16 ROUND (300.0 (REAL32) * yfactor)),
            "MY1 = ")
  REAL32TOSTRING(len,STR,MY1,0,0)
  STR[len] := 0 (BYTE)
  OutTextXY(in,out,MaxX-80 (INT16),MaxY-(INT16 ROUND (300.0 (REAL32)*yfactor)),
            STR)
  ))) Display MY1

  {{{ Display MX1
  OutTextXY(in,out,mid,MaxY - (INT16 ROUND (150.0 (REAL32) * yfactor)),
            "MX1 = ")
  REAL32TOSTRING(len,STR,MX1,0,0)
  STR[len] := 0 (BYTE)
  OutTextXY(in,out,MaxX-80 (INT16),MaxY-(INT16 ROUND (150.0 (REAL32) * yfactor)),
            STR)
  ))) Display MX1
  ))) Display Text

{{{ Display Time
clock ? tend

Bar(in,out, 0 (INT16), 0 (INT16), 144 (INT16), 9 (INT16))

REAL32 time:
INT len:
SEQ
  time := (REAL32 ROUND (tend MINUS tstart)) / 15625.0 (REAL32)
  OutTextXY(in,out,0 (INT16),0 (INT16),"TIME = ")
  REAL32TOSTRING(len,STR,time,5,3)
  STR[len] := 0 (BYTE)
  OutTextXY(in,out,64 (INT16),0 (INT16),STR)
  ))) Display Time

```

```

))) Display the results

((( Check for print screen
IF
  ((LOOP REM screeniterations) = 0) AND ptrace
  BYTE ecode:
  SEQ
    PrintScreen(in,out)
    WriteTextLine(in,out,PRINTER,page,ecode)
  TRUE
  IF
    ((LOOP REM maxiterations) = 0)
    BYTE ch:
    SEQ
      ReadKey(in,out,FALSE,ch)
    TRUE
    SKIP
))) Check for print screen

((( Display the MX,MY drift for this iteration
SEQ
  Bar(in,out, 0 (INT16), 0 (INT16), 144 (INT16), 9 (INT16))
  OutTextXY(in,out,0 (INT16),0 (INT16),"Iteration drift")

  -- Clear Screen
  Bar(in,out, 0 (INT16),(MaxY - (INT16 ROUND (250.0 (REAL32) * yfactor))),
      (INT16 ROUND (250.0 (REAL32) * xfactor)), MaxY)

  -- Draw the white box
  SetColor(in,out,White)
  Rectangle(in,out, 0 (INT16),(MaxY - (INT16 ROUND (250.0 (REAL32) * yfactor))),
      (INT16 ROUND (250.0 (REAL32) * xfactor)), MaxY)

  -- Draw the average drift for this iteration
  REAL32 size:
  SEQ i = 0 FOR ICELL
    SEQ j = 0 FOR ICELL
      REAL32 x1, x2, y1, y2:
      VAL REAL32 mx0ij IS MX0[i][j]:
      VAL REAL32 my0ij IS MY0[i][j]:
      SEQ
        size := SQRT((mx0ij*mx0ij) + (my0ij*my0ij)) * 2.0 (REAL32)
        x1 := ((H * ((REAL32 TRUNC i) + 0.5 (REAL32))) * 25.0 (REAL32)) / H
        y1 := ((H * ((REAL32 TRUNC j) + 0.5 (REAL32))) * 25.0 (REAL32)) / H
        x2 := x1 + ((MX0[i][j] / size) * 25.0 (REAL32))
        y2 := y1 + ((MY0[i][j] / size) * 25.0 (REAL32))
        Line(in,out,(INT16 ROUND (x1*xfactor)),MaxY-(INT16 ROUND (y1*yfactor)),
            (INT16 ROUND (x2*xfactor)),MaxY-(INT16 ROUND (y2*yfactor)))
))) Display the MX,MY drift for this iteration

((( Check for print screen
IF
  ((LOOP REM screeniterations) = 0) AND piter
  BYTE ecode:
  SEQ
    PrintScreen(in,out)
    WriteTextLine(in,out,PRINTER,page,ecode)
  TRUE
  IF
    ((LOOP REM maxiterations) = 0)
    BYTE ch:
    SEQ
      ReadKey(in,out,FALSE,ch)
    TRUE
    SKIP
))) Check for print screen

```

```

{{{ Display the numbers for the MX,MY drift
SEQ
Bar(in,out, 0 (INT16), 0 (INT16), 144 (INT16), 9 (INT16))
OutTextXY(in,out,0 (INT16),0 (INT16),"MX,MY,CO values")

SetTextJustify(in,out,CenterText,CenterText)

-- Clear Screen
Bar(in,out, 0 (INT16),(MaxY - (INT16 ROUND (250.0 (REAL32) * yfactor))),
    MaxX, MaxY)

-- Draw the white box
SetColor(in,out,White)
Rectangle(in,out, 0 (INT16),(MaxY - (INT16 ROUND (250.0 (REAL32) * yfactor))),
    MaxX, MaxY)

-- Draw the average drift for this iteration
REAL32 size:
SEQ i = 0 FOR ICELL
  SEQ j = 0 FOR ICELL
    REAL32 x1, y1:
    VAL REAL32 mx0ij IS MX0[i][j]:
    VAL REAL32 my0ij IS MY0[i][j]:
    INT len:
    SEQ
      size := SQRT((mx0ij*mx0ij) + (my0ij*my0ij))
      x1 := ((H * ((REAL32 TRUNC i) + 0.5 (REAL32))) * 50.0 (REAL32)) / H
      y1 := ((H * ((REAL32 TRUNC j) + 0.5 (REAL32))) * 25.0 (REAL32)) / H
      {{{ Display MX0
      REAL32TOSTRING(len,STR,MX0[i][j],1,5)
      STR[len] := 0 (BYTE)
      OutTextXY(in,out,(INT16 ROUND (x1*xfactor)),
          (MaxY-(INT16 ROUND (y1*yfactor)))-8(INT16),STR)
      ))) Display MX0

      {{{ Display MY0
      REAL32TOSTRING(len,STR,MY0[i][j],1,5)
      STR[len] := 0 (BYTE)
      OutTextXY(in,out,(INT16 ROUND (x1*xfactor)),
          (MaxY-(INT16 ROUND (y1*yfactor))),STR)
      ))) Display MY0

      {{{ Display CO
      REAL32TOSTRING(len,STR,CO[i][j],1,5)
      STR[len] := 0 (BYTE)
      OutTextXY(in,out,(INT16 ROUND (x1*xfactor)),
          (MaxY-(INT16 ROUND (y1*yfactor)))+8(INT16),STR)
      ))) Display CO

SetTextJustify(in,out,LeftText,TopText)
}}) Display the numbers for the MX,MY drift

{{{ Check for print screen
IF
  ((LOOP REM screeniterations) = 0) AND piter
  BYTE ecode:
  SEQ
    PrintScreen(in,out)
    WriteTextLine(in,out,PRINTER,page,ecode)
  TRUE
  IF
    ((LOOP REM maxiterations) = 0)
    BYTE ch:
    SEQ
      ReadKey(in,out,FALSE,ch)
    TRUE
    SKIP
}}) Check for print screen

```

```

{{{ Display the average MX,MY drift
SEQ
Bar(in,out, 0 (INT16), 0 (INT16), 144 (INT16), 9 (INT16))
OutTextXY(in,out,0 (INT16),0 (INT16),"Average drift")

-- Clear Screen
Bar(in,out,(MaxY - (INT16 ROUND (250.0 (REAL32) * yfactor))),
      (INT16 ROUND (250.0 (REAL32) * xfactor)), MaxY)

-- Draw the white box
SetColor(in,out,White)
Rectangle(in,out, 0 (INT16),(MaxY - (INT16 ROUND (250.0 (REAL32) * yfactor))),
          (INT16 ROUND (250.0 (REAL32) * xfactor)), MaxY)

-- Draw the average drift for this iteration
REAL32 size:
SEQ i = 0 FOR ICELL
  SEQ j = 0 FOR ICELL
    REAL32 x1, x2, y1, y2:
    VAL REAL32 mx0ij IS mxtotal[i][j]:
    VAL REAL32 my0ij IS mytotal[i][j]:
    SEQ
      size := SQRT((mx0ij*mx0ij) + (my0ij*my0ij)) * 2.0 (REAL32)
      x1 := ((H * ((REAL32 TRUNC i) + 0.5 (REAL32))) * 25.0 (REAL32)) / H
      y1 := ((H * ((REAL32 TRUNC j) + 0.5 (REAL32))) * 25.0 (REAL32)) / H
      x2 := x1 + ((mxtotal[i][j] / size) * 25.0 (REAL32))
      y2 := y1 + ((mytotal[i][j] / size) * 25.0 (REAL32))
      Line(in,out,(INT16 ROUND (x1*xfactor)),MaxY-(INT16 ROUND (y1*yfactor)),
          (INT16 ROUND (x2*xfactor)),MaxY-(INT16 ROUND (y2*yfactor)))
}}} Display the average MX,MY drift

{{{ Check for print screen
IF
  ((LOOP REM screeniterations) = 0) AND paver
  BYTE ecode:
  SEQ
    PrintScreen(in,out)
    WriteTextLine(in,out,PRINTER,page,ecode)
  TRUE
  IF
    ((LOOP REM maxiterations) = 0)
    BYTE ch:
    SEQ
      ReadKey(in,out,FALSE,ch)
    TRUE
    SKIP
}}} Check for print screen

{{{ Check for loop again
IF
  ((LOOP REM maxiterations) = 0)
  {{{ Get a key, checking for loop again
  BYTE ch:
  SEQ
    ReadKey(in,out,FALSE,ch)
    IF
      (ch = 'x') OR (ch = 'X')
      SEQ
        BigLoop := FALSE          -- Exit loop

        looptotal := looptotal + LOOP
        SEQ i = 0 FOR ICELL
          SEQ j = 0 FOR ICELL
            SEQ
              mxav[i][j] := mxav[i][j] + mxtotal[i][j]
              myav[i][j] := myav[i][j] + mytotal[i][j]
  }}}
  }}}

```

```

((( Display the total MX,MY drift
SEQ
  Bar(in,out, 0 (INT16), 0 (INT16), 144 (INT16), 9 (INT16))
  OutTextXY(in,out,0 (INT16),0 (INT16),"Total drift")

  -- Clear Screen
  Bar(in,out, 0 (INT16),(MaxY - (INT16 ROUND (250.0 (REAL32) * yfactor))),
      (INT16 ROUND (250.0 (REAL32) * xfactor)), MaxY)

  -- Draw the white box
  SetColor(in,out,White)
  Rectangle(in,out,0(INT16),(MaxY-(INT16 ROUND (250.0(REAL32)*yfactor))),
      (INT16 ROUND (250.0 (REAL32) * xfactor)), MaxY)

  -- Draw the average drift for this iteration
  REAL32 size:
  SEQ i = 0 FOR ICELL
    SEQ j = 0 FOR ICELL
      VAL REAL32 mx0ij IS mxav[i][j]:
      VAL REAL32 my0ij IS myav[i][j]:
      REAL32 x1, x2, y1, y2:
      SEQ
        size := SQRT((mx0ij*mx0ij) + (my0ij*my0ij)) * 2.0 (REAL32)
        x1 := ((H * ((REAL32 TRUNC i) + 0.5(REAL32))) * 25.0(REAL32)) / H
        y1 := ((H * ((REAL32 TRUNC j) + 0.5(REAL32))) * 25.0(REAL32)) / H
        x2 := x1 + ((mxav[i][j] / size) * 25.0 (REAL32))
        y2 := y1 + ((myav[i][j] / size) * 25.0 (REAL32))
        Line(in,out,(INT16 ROUND(x1*xfactor)),
            MaxY-(INT16 ROUND(y1*yfactor)),
            (INT16 ROUND (x2*xfactor)),
            MaxY-(INT16 ROUND (y2*yfactor)))
    ))) Display the total MX,MY drift

((( Check for print screen
IF
  ptotal
  BYTE ecode:
  SEQ
    PrintScreen(in,out)
    WriteTextLine(in,out,PRINTER,page,ecode)
  TRUE
  BYTE ch:
  SEQ
    ReadKey(in,out,FALSE,ch)
  Bar(in,out, 0 (INT16), 0 (INT16), 144 (INT16), 9 (INT16))
  ))) Check for print screen
TRUE
SEQ
  -- Clear Screen
  Bar(in,out, 0 (INT16),(MaxY - (INT16 ROUND (250.0 (REAL32) * yfactor))),
      (INT16 ROUND (250.0 (REAL32) * xfactor)), MaxY)
  ))) Get a key, checking for loop again
TRUE
SEQ
  -- Clear Screen
  Bar(in,out, 0 (INT16),(MaxY - (INT16 ROUND (250.0 (REAL32) * yfactor))),
      (INT16 ROUND (250.0 (REAL32) * xfactor)), MaxY)
  ))) Check for loop again

CloseGraph(in,out)

-- Check if reboot quadputer
IF
  mainportion < restarts
  BYTE ch:
  BOOL error:
  SEQ
    boot.file.quadputer(in,out,toquad,qname,error)
  IF
    error
    WriteLnString(in,out,"Quadputer not rebooted, system will hang.")
  TRUE
  WriteLnString(in,out,"Quadputer booted.")

```

```

        ReadKey(in,out,FALSE,ch)
    TRUE
    SKIP
}} Main Portion

{{{ Write Results to file
-- Open and start writing
AssignFile(in,out,fname,driftfile,ecode)
RewriteFile(in,out,driftfile,ecode)
WriteInt(in,out,driftfile,looptotal,ecode)
[400]BYTE totalx RETYPES mxav:
[400]BYTE totaly RETYPES myav:
INT16 nwritten:
SEQ
    WriteBlock(in,out,driftfile,INT16 (SIZE totalx), totalx, nwritten, ecode)
    WriteBlock(in,out,driftfile,INT16 (SIZE totaly), totaly, nwritten, ecode)
    IF
        nwritten <> (INT16 (SIZE totaly))
            WriteLnString(in,out,"ERROR IN WRITING FILE")
            TRUE
                WriteLnString(in,out,"FILE WRITTEN OK")
    CloseFile(in,out,driftfile,ecode)
}} Write Results to file
}} Rest of the program

    TerminateServer(in,out)
:
}} SC Airflow Controller for 4 transputers (with stats)

CHAN OF ANY PC2B, B2PC:
CHAN OF messages W2B, B2W, X2B, B2X, Y2B, B2Y:
PROCESSOR 0 T4
    PLACE PC2B AT 4:
    PLACE W2B AT 5:
    PLACE X2B AT 6:
    PLACE Y2B AT 7:
    PLACE B2PC AT 0:
    PLACE B2W AT 1:
    PLACE B2X AT 2:
    PLACE B2Y AT 3:
    T414CONTROLLER(PC2B, B2PC, W2B, B2W, X2B, B2X, Y2B, B2Y)
}} PROGRAM Airflow controller (T414)

```

```

{{{ PROGRAM Airflow Worker network
#USE AirPro

{{{ SC WorkerWXY
#USE AirPro
#USE NewWorker2
PROC WorkerWXY(VAL INT workernum,
               CHAN OF messages fromCont, toCont, passRec, passSend)

CHAN OF messages toWorker, fromWorker:
PRI PAR
-- ROUTER
SEQ
  WHILE TRUE
    INT16 x, y:
    INT maxcol, seed, lc, i, j, procno, amount:
    REAL32 gxfact, gyfact, h, temp, mx0ij, my0ij, c0ij, gij,
           c0param, mx0param, my0param, chisq, c1, mx1, my1, dudv:
    [15][15]REAL32 f0ij, f1ij:
    ALT
      {{{ Messages from controller
      fromCont ? CASE
        initialisepro; procno; maxcol; seed; lc; gxfact; gyfact; h; temp
        {{{ Pass initialise message on or give to this worker
        IF
          procno = workernum
          -- Send work to this worker
          toWorker ! initialise; maxcol; seed; lc;
                   gxfact; gyfact; h; temp
        TRUE
          -- Pass work onto the next processor
          passSend ! initialisepro; procno; maxcol; seed; lc;
                   gxfact; gyfact; h; temp
        }}} Pass initialise message on or give to this worker

      lotsofwork; amount
      SEQ I = 0 FOR (amount+1)
      fromCont ? CASE
        toprocessor; procno; i; j; f0ij; f1ij; mx0ij; my0ij; c0ij; gij;
           c0param; mx0param; my0param
        {{{ Pass work on or give to this worker
        IF
          procno = workernum
          -- Send work to this worker
          toWorker ! work; i; j; f0ij; f1ij; mx0ij; my0ij; c0ij; gij;
                   c0param; mx0param; my0param
        TRUE
          -- Pass work onto the next processor
          passSend ! toprocessor; procno; i; j; f0ij; f1ij; mx0ij; my0ij; c0ij; gij;
                   c0param; mx0param; my0param
        }}} Pass work on or give to this worker

      toprocessor; procno; i; j; f0ij; f1ij; mx0ij; my0ij; c0ij; gij;
           c0param; mx0param; my0param
      {{{ Pass work on or give to this worker
      IF
        procno = workernum
        -- Send work to this worker
        toWorker ! work; i; j; f0ij; f1ij; mx0ij; my0ij; c0ij; gij;
                   c0param; mx0param; my0param
      TRUE
        -- Pass work onto the next processor
        passSend ! toprocessor; procno; i; j; f0ij; f1ij; mx0ij; my0ij; c0ij; gij;
                   c0param; mx0param; my0param
      }}} Pass work on or give to this worker
    }}} Messages from controller
  }}}

```

```

{{{ Messages from other processor
passRec ? CASE
  point; x; y
  toCont ! point; x; y
  results1; procno; i; j
  passRec ? CASE
    results2; f0ij; f1ij; c0ij; mx0ij; my0ij; gij;
    chisq; c1; mx1; my1; dudv
  SEQ
    toCont ! results1; procno; i; j
    toCont ! results2; f0ij; f1ij; c0ij; mx0ij; my0ij; gij;
    chisq; c1; mx1; my1; dudv
}}) Messages from other processor

{{{ Messages from this worker
fromWorker ? CASE
  point; x; y
  toCont ! point; x; y
  results1; procno; i; j
  fromWorker ? CASE
    results2; f0ij; f1ij; c0ij; mx0ij; my0ij; gij;
    chisq; c1; mx1; my1; dudv
  SEQ
    toCont ! results1; procno; i; j
    toCont ! results2; f0ij; f1ij; c0ij; mx0ij; my0ij; gij;
    chisq; c1; mx1; my1; dudv
}}) Messages from this worker

-- WORKER
Worker(workernum, toWorker, fromWorker)
:
}}) SC WorkerWXY

{{{ SC WorkerZ
#USE AirPro
#USE NewWorker2
PROC WorkerZ(VAL INT workernum, CHAN OF messages from1, to1)
  CHAN OF messages toWorker, fromWorker:
  PRI PAR
  -- ROUTER
  SEQ
  WHILE TRUE
  INT16 x, y:
  INT maxcol, seed, lc, i, j, procno:
  REAL32 gxfact, gyfact, h, temp, mx0ij, my0ij, c0ij, gij,
  c0param, mx0param, my0param, chisq, c1, mx1, my1, dudv:
  [15][15]REAL32 f0ij, f1ij:
  REAL32 totx, toty:
  SEQ
  ALT
  {{{ Messages from 1
  from1 ? CASE
  initialisepro; procno; maxcol; seed; lc; gxfact; gyfact; h; temp
  {{{ Give to this worker
  IF
  procno = workernum
  -- Send work to this worker
  toWorker ! initialise; maxcol; seed; lc;
  gxfact; gyfact; h; temp
  TRUE
  STOP -- Error, last processor in list so message MUST be destined here
  }}} Give to this worker

  toprocessor; procno; i; j; f0ij; f1ij; mx0ij; my0ij; c0ij; gij;
  c0param; mx0param; my0param
  {{{ Give to this worker
  IF
  procno = workernum
  -- Send work to this worker
  toWorker ! work; i; j; f0ij; f1ij; mx0ij; my0ij; c0ij; gij;
  c0param; mx0param; my0param

```

```

        TRUE
        STOP -- Error, last processor in list so message MUST be destined here
    ))) Give to this worker
  ))) Messages from 1

  {{{ Messages from this worker
  fromWorker ? CASE
    point; x; y
    to1 ! point; x; y
    results1; procno; i; j
    fromWorker ? CASE
      results2; f0ij; f1ij; c0ij; mx0ij; my0ij; gij;
      chisq; c1; mx1; my1; dudv
      SEQ
      to1 ! results1; procno; i; j
      to1 ! results2; f0ij; f1ij; c0ij; mx0ij; my0ij; gij;
      chisq; c1; mx1; my1; dudv
  ))) Messages from this worker

  -- WORKER
  Worker(workernum, toWorker, fromWorker)
:
  ))) SC WorkerZ

CHAN OF messages B2W, W2B, B2X, X2B, B2Y, Y2B,
                W2Z, Z2W, X2Z, Z2X, Y2Z, Z2Y:
PLACED PAR
  PROCESSOR 1 T8
    PLACE W2B AT 0:
    PLACE W2Z AT 3:
    PLACE B2W AT 4:
    PLACE Z2W AT 7:
    WorkerWXY(1, B2W, W2B, Z2W, W2Z)

  PROCESSOR 2 T8
    PLACE X2B AT 1:
    PLACE X2Z AT 3:
    PLACE B2X AT 5:
    PLACE Z2X AT 7:
    WorkerWXY(2, B2X, X2B, Z2X, X2Z)

  PROCESSOR 3 T8
    PLACE Y2B AT 2:
    PLACE Y2Z AT 3:
    PLACE B2Y AT 6:
    PLACE Z2Y AT 7:
    WorkerWXY(3, B2Y, Y2B, Z2Y, Y2Z)

  PROCESSOR 4 T8
    PLACE Z2W AT 0:
    PLACE Z2X AT 1:
    PLACE Z2Y AT 2:
    PLACE W2Z AT 4:
    PLACE X2Z AT 5:
    PLACE Y2Z AT 6:
    WorkerZ(4, W2Z, Z2W)
  ))) PROGRAM Airflow Worker network

```

```

{{{ PROGRAM Airflow results display program
{{{ SC Airflow results display program
#USE AirPro
PROC T414RESULTS(CHAN OF ANY in,out)
  #USE TPKeyboard
  #USE TPScreen
  #USE TPDos
  #USE TPFile
  #USE TPGraphics
  #USE TP Terminator
  #USE iconv
  #USE extrio
  #USE snglmath

  -- T800 Usage
  [30]BYTE STR, fname, qname:

  -- Added Variables
  REAL32 xfactor, yfactor:
  INT16 MaxX, MaxY:
  BOOL error:

  [10][10][2]REAL32 total2:
  BYTE driftfile, ecode:
  INT looptotal:
  BOOL ptotal:

  SEQ
  ClrScr(in,out)
  WriteLnString(in,out,"Airflow Modelling - 10x10 model Results display program")
  WriteLnString(in,out," ")
  {{{ Find what to print
  BYTE ch:
  SEQ
  {{{ Total
  WriteString(in,out,"Print Screen Total Drift ? (Y/N)")
  ReadKey(in,out,TRUE,ch)
  IF
  (ch = 'N') OR (ch = 'n')
  ptotal := FALSE
  TRUE
  ptotal := TRUE
  WriteLnString(in,out,"!")
  }}} Total
  }}} Find what to print

  {{{ Read In File Name
  INT size:
  BOOL notfound:
  BYTE ch:
  SEQ
  notfound := TRUE
  WHILE notfound
  SEQ
  WriteString(in,out,"Enter the file name :")
  ReadString(in,out,TRUE,fname)
  {{{ Get the string size
  size := 0
  notfound := TRUE
  WHILE (size < (SIZE STR)) AND notfound
  SEQ
  notfound := STR[size] <> 0 (BYTE)
  IF
  notfound
  size := size + 1
  TRUE
  SKIP
  }}} Get the string size
  IF
  size = 0
  WriteLnString(in,out,"File name required, retry !")

```

```

TRUE
  INT16 nread:
  SEQ
    AssignFile(in,out,fname,driftfile,ecode)
    ResetFile(in,out,driftfile,ecode)
  IF
    ecode = 0 (BYTE)
    SEQ
      ReadInt(in,out,driftfile,looptotal,ecode)
      [800]BYTE totalB RETYPES total2:
      SEQ
        ReadBlock(in,out,driftfile,INT16 (SIZE totalB),totalB,nread,ecode)
      IF
        (nread <> 800 (INT16)) OR (ecode <> 0(BYTE))
          WriteLnString(in,out,"Error in reading file. Retry !")
      TRUE
      SEQ
        WriteLnString(in,out,"  File loaded O.K.")
        notfound := FALSE
    TRUE
      WriteLnString(in,out,"File not found. Retry !")
    CloseFile(in,out,driftfile,ecode)
  }}> Read In File Name

{{{ Initialise graphics driver
INT16 GDriver, GMode:
SEQ
  GDriver := Detect
  InitGraph(in,out,GDriver,GMode,"C:\TP\GRAPHICS")
}}> Initialise graphics driver

{{{ Set graphics world
GetMaxX(in,out,MaxX)
xfactor := (REAL32 ROUND MaxX) / 500.0 (REAL32)
GetMaxY(in,out,MaxY)
yfactor := (REAL32 ROUND MaxY) / 333.0 (REAL32)
}}> Set graphics world

{{{ Set the text font, style, size, line style and width
SetTextStyle(in,out,DefaultFont,HorizDir,1 (BYTE))
SetTextJustify(in,out,LeftText,TopText)
SetLineStyle(in,out,SolidLn,0 (INT16),NormWidth)
SetBkColor(in,out,Black)
}}> Set the text font, style, size, line style and width

{{{ Set Fill Style
SetFillStyle(in,out,EmptyFill,Black)
}}> Set Fill Style

{{{ Draw the white box
SetColor(in,out,White)
Rectangle(in,out, 0 (INT16),(MaxY - (INT16 ROUND (250.0 (REAL32) * yfactor))),
           (INT16 ROUND (250.0 (REAL32) * xfactor)), MaxY)
}}> Draw the white box

{{{ Display the average drift
SEQ
  Bar(in,out, 0 (INT16), 0 (INT16), 144 (INT16), 9 (INT16))
  OutTextXY(in,out,0 (INT16),0 (INT16),"Total drift")

  -- Clear Screen
  Bar(in,out, 0 (INT16),(MaxY - (INT16 ROUND (250.0 (REAL32) * yfactor))),
       (INT16 ROUND (250.0 (REAL32) * xfactor)), MaxY)

  -- Draw the white box
  SetColor(in,out,White)
  Rectangle(in,out, 0 (INT16),(MaxY - (INT16 ROUND (250.0 (REAL32) * yfactor))),
            (INT16 ROUND (250.0 (REAL32) * xfactor)), MaxY)

```

```

-- Draw the average drift
SEQ i = 0 FOR 10
  SEQ j = 0 FOR 10
    VAL REAL32 H IS 250.0 (REAL32):
    REAL32 x1, x2, y1, y2:
    SEQ
      x1 := ((H * ((REAL32 TRUNC i) + 0.5 (REAL32))) * 25.0 (REAL32)) / H
      y1 := ((H * ((REAL32 TRUNC j) + 0.5 (REAL32))) * 25.0 (REAL32)) / H
      x2 := ((total2[i][j][0]/(REAL32 ROUND looptotal)) * 25.0 (REAL32)) / H
      y2 := ((total2[i][j][1]/(REAL32 ROUND looptotal)) * 25.0 (REAL32)) / H
      Line(in,out,(INT16 ROUND (x1*xfactor)),MaxY-(INT16 ROUND (y1*yfactor)),
          (INT16 ROUND (x2*xfactor)),MaxY-(INT16 ROUND (y2*yfactor)))
  ))) Display the average drift

((( Check for print screen
IF
  ptotal
  BYTE ecode:
  VAL PRINTER IS 255 (BYTE):
  SEQ
    PrintScreen(in,out)
    WriteTextLine(in,out,PRINTER," ",ecode)
    WriteTextLine(in,out,PRINTER," ",ecode)
    WriteTextLine(in,out,PRINTER," ",ecode)
    WriteTextLine(in,out,PRINTER," ",ecode)
    WriteTextLine(in,out,PRINTER," ",ecode)
    WriteTextLine(in,out,PRINTER," ",ecode)
    WriteTextLine(in,out,PRINTER," ",ecode)
    WriteTextLine(in,out,PRINTER," ",ecode)
  TRUE
  BYTE ch:
  SEQ
    ReadKey(in,out,FALSE,ch)
  ))) Check for print screen

CloseGraph(in,out)

((( Check for print screen and print numbers for the drift
REAL32 xav, yav:
INT len:
IF
  ptotal
  BYTE ecode:
  VAL PRINTER IS 255 (BYTE):
  VAL H IS 250.0 (REAL32):
  SEQ
    WriteTextLine(in,out,PRINTER,"DRIFT FOR CELLS - X, then Y",ecode)
    WriteTextLine(in,out,PRINTER,"-----",ecode)
    WriteTextLine(in,out,PRINTER,"",ecode)

    xav, yav := 0.0 (REAL32), 0.0 (REAL32)
    SEQ i = 0 FOR 10
      SEQ
        -- Display X
        SEQ j = 0 FOR 10
          REAL32 mid, num:
          SEQ
            mid := (H * ((REAL32 TRUNC j) + 0.5 (REAL32)))
            num := (total2[j][9-i][0] / (REAL32 ROUND looptotal)) - mid
            xav := xav + num
            REAL32TOSTRING(len,STR,num,2,3)
            STR[len] := 0 (BYTE)
            WriteText(in,out,PRINTER,STR,ecode)
            WriteText(in,out,PRINTER," ",ecode)
            WriteTextLine(in,out,PRINTER,"",ecode)

```

```

-- Display Y
SEQ j = 0 FOR 10
  INT len:
  REAL32 mid, num:
  SEQ
    mid := (H * ((REAL32 TRUNC (9-i)) + 0.5 (REAL32)))
    num := (total2[j][9-i][1] / (REAL32 ROUND looptotal)) - mid
    yav := yav + num
    REAL32TOSTRING(len,STR,num,2,3)
    STR[len] := 0 (BYTE)
    WriteText(in,out,PRINTER,STR,ecode)
    WriteText(in,out,PRINTER," ",ecode)
  WriteTextLine(in,out,PRINTER,"",ecode)
  WriteTextLine(in,out,PRINTER,"",ecode)

xav := xav / 100.0 (REAL32)
yav := yav / 100.0 (REAL32)
WriteTextLine(in,out,PRINTER,"",ecode)
WriteTextLine(in,out,PRINTER,"",ecode)
WriteTextLine(in,out,PRINTER,"Average X/Y drift for all cells",ecode)
REAL32TOSTRING(len,STR,xav,3,3)
STR[len] := 0 (BYTE)
WriteText(in,out,PRINTER,STR,ecode)
WriteText(in,out,PRINTER,"      ",ecode)
REAL32TOSTRING(len,STR,yav,3,3)
STR[len] := 0 (BYTE)
WriteTextLine(in,out,PRINTER,STR,ecode)
WriteTextLine(in,out,PRINTER,"",ecode)
WriteTextLine(in,out,PRINTER,"",ecode)

WriteTextLine(in,out,PRINTER,"DRIFT SIZE FOR CELLS",ecode)
WriteTextLine(in,out,PRINTER,"-----",ecode)
WriteTextLine(in,out,PRINTER,"",ecode)

SEQ i = 0 FOR 10
  SEQ
    SEQ j = 0 FOR 10
      INT len:
      REAL32 num1, num2, mid1, mid2:
      SEQ
        mid1 := (H * ((REAL32 TRUNC j) + 0.5 (REAL32)))
        mid2 := (H * ((REAL32 TRUNC (9-i)) + 0.5 (REAL32)))
        num1 := (total2[j][9-i][0] / (REAL32 ROUND looptotal)) - mid1
        num2 := (total2[j][9-i][1] / (REAL32 ROUND looptotal)) - mid2
        num1 := SQRT((num1*num1) + (num2*num2))
        REAL32TOSTRING(len,STR,num1,2,3)
        STR[len] := 0 (BYTE)
        WriteText(in,out,PRINTER,STR,ecode)
        WriteText(in,out,PRINTER," ",ecode)
      WriteTextLine(in,out,PRINTER,"",ecode)

xav := SQRT((xav*xav) + (yav*yav))
WriteTextLine(in,out,PRINTER,"",ecode)
WriteTextLine(in,out,PRINTER,"",ecode)
WriteTextLine(in,out,PRINTER,"Average drift size for all cells = ",ecode)
REAL32TOSTRING(len,STR,xav,3,3)
STR[len] := 0 (BYTE)
WriteTextLine(in,out,PRINTER,STR,ecode)
WriteTextLine(in,out,PRINTER,"",ecode)

TRUE
VAL H IS 250.0 (REAL32):
BYTE ch:
SEQ
  ClrScr(in,out)
  WriteLnString(in,out,"DRIFT FOR CELLS - X, then Y")
  WriteLnString(in,out,"-----")

xav, yav := 0.0 (REAL32), 0.0 (REAL32)

```

```

SEQ i = 0 FOR 10
  SEQ
  -- Display X
  SEQ j = 0 FOR 10
    INT len:
    REAL32 mid, num:
    SEQ
      mid := (H * ((REAL32 TRUNC j) + 0.5 (REAL32)))
      num := (total2[j][9-i][0] / (REAL32 ROUND looptotal)) - mid
      xav := xav + num
      REAL32TOSTRING(len,STR,num,2,3)
      STR[len] := 0 (BYTE)
      WriteString(in,out,STR)
      WriteString(in,out," ")

  -- Display Y
  SEQ j = 0 FOR 10
    INT len:
    REAL32 mid, num:
    SEQ
      mid := (H * ((REAL32 TRUNC (9-i)) + 0.5 (REAL32)))
      num := (total2[j][9-i][1] / (REAL32 ROUND looptotal)) - mid
      yav := yav + num
      REAL32TOSTRING(len,STR,num,2,3)
      STR[len] := 0 (BYTE)
      WriteString(in,out,STR)
      WriteString(in,out," ")
    WriteLnString(in,out,"")
  ReadKey(in,out, FALSE, ch)

xav := xav / 100.0 (REAL32)
yav := yav / 100.0 (REAL32)
WriteLnString(in,out,"")
WriteLnString(in,out,"Average X/Y drift for all cells")
REAL32TOSTRING(len,STR,xav,3,3)
STR[len] := 0 (BYTE)
WriteString(in,out,STR)
WriteString(in,out," ")
REAL32TOSTRING(len,STR,yav,3,3)
STR[len] := 0 (BYTE)
WriteLnString(in,out,STR)
ReadKey(in,out, FALSE, ch)

ClrScr(in,out)
WriteLnString(in,out,"DRIFT SIZE FOR CELLS")
WriteLnString(in,out,"-----")
WriteLnString(in,out," ")

SEQ i = 0 FOR 10
  SEQ
  SEQ j = 0 FOR 10
    INT len:
    REAL32 num1, num2, mid1, mid2:
    SEQ
      mid1 := (H * ((REAL32 TRUNC j) + 0.5 (REAL32)))
      mid2 := (H * ((REAL32 TRUNC (9-i)) + 0.5 (REAL32)))
      num1 := (total2[j][9-i][0] / (REAL32 ROUND looptotal)) - mid1
      num2 := (total2[j][9-i][1] / (REAL32 ROUND looptotal)) - mid2
      num1 := Sqrt((num1*num1) + (num2*num2))
      REAL32TOSTRING(len,STR,num1,2,3)
      STR[len] := 0 (BYTE)
      WriteString(in,out,STR)
      WriteString(in,out," ")

xav := Sqrt((xav*xav) + (yav*yav))
WriteLnString(in,out,"")
WriteLnString(in,out,"")
WriteString(in,out,"Average drift size for all cells = ")
REAL32TOSTRING(len,STR,xav,3,3)
STR[len] := 0 (BYTE)
WriteLnString(in,out,STR)

```

```
        ReadKey(in,out,FALSE,ch)
    ))) Check for print screen and print numbers for the drift

    TerminateServer(in,out)
:
))) SC Airflow results display program

CHAN OF ANY PC2B, B2PC:
PROCESSOR 0 T4
  PLACE PC2B AT 4:
  PLACE B2PC AT 0:
  T414RESULTS(PC2B, B2PC)
))) PROGRAM Airflow results display program
```

Chapter 6 - Depth First Worm

Depth First Worm Source

This chapter lists the source code of the *Head* and *Tail* of the depth first worm. The worm *Tail* uses the Turbo Pascal Server. The boot code for *Head* must be contained in the file **WORMHEAD.TCD**. The server must use the *Tail* boot code to boot the root transputer which will then commence the search as described in Section 8.4 of the thesis.

The Head - Listing (i)

```
PROC WormHead()
  #USE reinit

  -- Absolute integer value function
  INT FUNCTION abs(VAL INT val)
    INT result:
    VALOF
    IF
      val < 0
        result := (-val)
      TRUE
        result := val
    RESULT result
  :

  -- Hardware link channel placement
  [4]CHAN OF ANY linkin, linkout:
  PLACE linkout AT 0:
  PLACE linkin AT 4:

  -- Protocols
  VAL endid IS 0:
  VAL BYTE peekbyte IS 1 (BYTE):
  VAL BYTE bootrequest IS 4 (BYTE):
  VAL BYTE sendlinkdata IS 8 (BYTE):
  VAL BYTE token IS 16(BYTE):
  VAL [3]BYTE T2Peek IS [peekbyte, 128(BYTE), 0(BYTE)]:
  VAL [5]BYTE FirstPeek IS [peekbyte, 128(BYTE), 0(BYTE), 0(BYTE), 0(BYTE)]:
  VAL [2]BYTE RestPeek IS [0(BYTE), 0(BYTE)]:

  -- Identification constants
  VAL TestConst IS (MOSTNEG INT):
  VAL HostConst IS (TestConst+1):
  VAL T212Const IS (TestConst+2):
  VAL NothConst IS (TestConst+3):
  VAL failConst IS (TestConst+4):

  -- Identification variables for this transputer and its links
  [4][2]INT linkID:
  [4]BOOL linkbooted:
  INT myID, myMemSize, myType, nextID, parentLink:

  -- Run time variables
  BYTE command:

  -- The clock variable and timeout constants
  TIMER clock:
  VAL timeout IS 1563:
```

```

-- The Worm HEAD
SEQ
-- Initialise all links as unidentified
SEQ I = 0 FOR 4
  SEQ
    linkID[I][0] := TestConst
    linkbooted[I] := FALSE

-- Monitor all links for the CID token, accompanied by other identification info.
ALT I = 0 FOR 4
  linkin[I] ? myID; myMemSize; linkID[I]
  -- Set this link as the link to the parent
  SEQ
    parentLink := I      -- Parent Link number
    linkout[I] ! I      -- Link number to which the parent is connected

-- The parent link has been identified
linkID[parentLink][0] := (-linkID[parentLink][0])

-- Determine what type of transputer this is (T414 or T800) using memory tests.
INT onchip, maybeoff, offchip:
PLACE onchip AT #70:
PLACE offchip AT #400:
PLACE maybeoff AT #300:
INT temp, start, end, ontime, offtime:
TIMER clock:
SEQ
  -- On-Chip time
  clock ? start
  SEQ I = 0 FOR 100000
    temp := onchip
  clock ? end
  ontime := end MINUS start

  -- Off-Chip time
  clock ? start
  SEQ I = 0 FOR 100000
    temp := offchip
  clock ? end
  offtime := end MINUS start

  -- Border time, determining whether this is on or off-chip
  clock ? start
  SEQ I = 0 FOR 100000
    temp := maybeoff
  clock ? end
  temp := end MINUS start

  -- This transputer type is determined by the size of the on-chip RAM.
  start := abs(ontime - temp)
  end := abs(offtime - temp)
  IF
    start < end
      -- T800
      myType := 8
    TRUE
      -- T414
      myType := 4

-- Advance the CID token
nextID := myID PLUS 1

-- Explore all the unidentified links
SEQ I = 0 FOR 4
  IF
    linkID[I][0] = TestConst      -- Link must be explored
      INT time:
      BOOL fail:
      SEQ

```

```

-- Attempt 16 bit peek
clock ? time
time := time PLUS timeout
OutputOrFail.t(linkout[I],T2Peek,clock,time,fail)
IF
  fail
  linkID[I][0] := NothConst -- Transmission failed, nothing there
TRUE
  [2]BYTE t2val: -- Transmission succeeded, continue ...
  SEQ
  -- Check if 16 bit transputer exists
  clock ? time
  time := time PLUS timeout
  InputOrFail.t(linkin[I],t2val,clock,time,fail)
  IF
    fail
    -- Not a 16 bit transputer
  SEQ
  -- Complete a 32 bit peek command
  clock ? time
  time := time PLUS timeout
  OutputOrFail.t(linkout[I],RestPeek,clock,time,fail)
  IF
    fail
    -- Failed, nothing there
    linkID[I][0] := failConst
  TRUE
  -- Succeeded, get results of peek
  BOOL boot:
  INT val:
  SEQ
  linkin[I] ? val -- Read results
  boot := FALSE
  IF
    val = 123456
    -- Peek again to confirm already booted
    SEQ
    linkout[I] ! peekbyte; TestConst
    linkin[I] ? val
    IF
      val = 654321
      -- T/P already booted, PROTOCOL matches
      SKIP
      TRUE
      -- Coincidental value, T/P not booted
      boot := TRUE
    TRUE
    -- Not 123456 so T/P not booted
    boot := TRUE.
  IF
    boot
    -- Determine T/P memsize and boot
    SEQ
    INT itsMemSize, size:
    dadin IS linkin[parentLink]:
    dadout IS linkout[parentLink]:
    daughterin IS linkin[I]:
    daughterout IS linkout[I]:
    VAL BYTE pokeval IS 0 (BYTE):
    VAL BYTE peekval IS 1 (BYTE):
    VAL minint IS MOSTNEG INT:
    INT last.mem, this.mem, dummy:
    BOOL loop, error:
    SEQ
    -- Determine this T/Ps memory size
    last.mem, this.mem, loop := 0, 4, TRUE
    daughterout ! pokeval; (minint+last.mem); last.mem

```

```

WHILE loop
  INT val:
  SEQ
  daughterout ! pokeval; (minint+this.mem); this.mem
  daughterout ! peekval; (minint+last.mem)
  daughterin ? val
  IF
    val = last.mem
    -- Lap around, continue search
    SEQ
    last.mem := this.mem
    this.mem := this.mem << 1
  TRUE
  -- Lap Around did not occur
  loop := FALSE
  itsMemSize := last.mem

-- Request boot file from parent
linkbooted[I] := TRUE
dadout ! bootrequest

-- Boot the T/P with boot file
dadin ? size
SEQ J = 0 FOR size
  BYTE bootbyte:
  SEQ
  dadin ? bootbyte
  daughterout ! bootbyte

-- Pass CID to newly booted T/P and
-- exchange identification info.
daughterout ! nextID; itsMemSize; myID; I
linkID[I][0] := nextID
daughterin ? linkID[I][1]

-- Enter Monitoring Phase
BOOL loop:
BYTE control:
SEQ
  loop := TRUE
  WHILE loop
    ALT J = 0 FOR 4
      linkin[J] ? control
      IF
        control = peekbyte
          -- Emulate the Peek
          INT address:
          SEQ
            -- First peek request
            linkin[J] ? address
            linkout[J] ! 123456

            -- Second Peek request must follow
            linkin[J] ? control; address
            linkout[J] ! 654321

            -- Exchange identification info.
            linkin[J] ? linkID[J]
            linkout[J] ! myID; J
          control = bootrequest
          -- Boot file requested, request
          -- from parent and pass on.
          INT size:
          BYTE bootdata:
          dadin IS linkin[parentLink]:
          dadout IS linkout[parentLink]:
          sonout IS linkout[J]:
          SEQ
            -- Request boot file from parent
            dadout ! bootrequest

```

```

-- Pass boot file to sibling
dadIn ? size
sonout ! size
SEQ K = 0 FOR size
  SEQ
    dadIn ? bootdata
    sonout ! bootdata
control = token
-- CID returned, terminate monitoring
SEQ -- (Note: I = J)
  loop := FALSE
  linkIn[J] ? nextID
TRUE
-- T/P already booted, exchange identification info
SEQ
  linkout[I] ! myID; I
  linkIn[I] ? linkID[I]
TRUE
-- 16 bit peek succeeded, must be T212
linkID[I][0] := T212Const
TRUE
-- Link already identified.
SKIP

-- Return CID token to parent as search is complete here
linkout[parentLink] ! token; nextID

-- Wait for request from parent to pass back the identification info.
linkIn[parentLink] ? command
IF
  command = sendlinkdata
  -- Pass back identification info.
  dadout IS linkout[parentLink]:
  SEQ
    -- Send this link data
    dadout ! myID
    SEQ I = 0 FOR 4
      dadout ! linkID[I]
    dadout ! myType; myMemSize

  -- Request data from links which this T/P booted, also forwarding data
  SEQ I = 0 FOR 4
    IF
      linkbooted[I]
      sonout IS linkout[I]:
      sonin IS linkIn[I]:
      BOOL loop:
      INT idthis:
      [2]INT idattached:
      SEQ
        -- Request sibling link identification data
        sonout ! sendlinkdata

        -- Pass back to parent
        loop := TRUE
        WHILE loop
          SEQ
            sonin ? idthis
            IF
              idthis = endid
              -- No more identification data
              loop := FALSE
            TRUE
            -- More identification data
            SEQ
              dadout ! idthis
              SEQ J = 0 FOR 5
                SEQ
                  sonin ? idattached
                  dadout ! idattached

```

```
TRUE
  -- This T/P did not boot this link, so do nothing
  SKIP

  -- Signal parent that identification information is complete
  dadout ! endid

TRUE      -- Error
GUY
SETERR

:

PROCESSOR 1 T4
WormHead()
```

The Tail - Listing (ii)

```

PROC WormTail()
#USE reinit
#USE TPScreen
#USE TPKeyboard
#USE TPFile
#USE subsystem          -- Insert when doing subsystem
#USE TPServer

-- Procedure to display an integer value in decimal on the screen within a field
PROC WriteInt(CHAN OF ANY in, out, VAL INT int, field)
#USE ioconv
#USE TPScreen
[30]BYTE string:
INT len, size:
SEQ
-- Convert to s string
INTTOSTRING(len, string, int)
IF
(field <= 0) OR (len >= field)
-- Cut the size short
size := len
TRUE
-- Pad with spaces
[30]BYTE newstr:
VAL INT numspaces IS field - len:
SEQ
[newstr FROM numspaces FOR len] := [string FROM 0 FOR len]
string := newstr
SEQ I = 0 FOR numspaces
string[I] := ' '
size := field

-- Display the string
WriteString(in,out, [string FROM 0 FOR size])
:

-- Procedure to display an integer value in hex on the screen within a field
PROC WriteHexInt(CHAN OF ANY in, out, VAL INT int, field)
#USE ioconv
#USE TPScreen
[30]BYTE string:
INT len:
SEQ
HEXTOSTRING(len, string, int)
WriteString(in,out, [string FROM 0 FOR len])
:

-- Integer absolute function
INT FUNCTION abs(VAL INT val)
INT result:
VALOF
IF
val < 0
result := (-val)
TRUE
result := val
RESULT result
:

-- Hardware link channel placement
[4]CHAN OF ANY linkin, linkout:
PLACE linkout AT 0:
PLACE linkin AT 4:

```

```

-- Identification constants
VAL endid IS 0:
VAL HostLink IS 0:
VAL TestConst IS (MOSTNEG INT):
VAL HostConst IS (TestConst+1):
VAL T212Const IS (TestConst+2):
VAL NothConst IS (TestConst+3):
VAL failConst IS (TestConst+4):

-- Protocols
VAL BYTE peekbyte IS 1 (BYTE):
VAL BYTE bootrequest IS 4 (BYTE):
VAL BYTE sendlinkdata IS 8 (BYTE):
VAL BYTE token IS 16(BYTE):
VAL [3]BYTE T2Peek IS [peekbyte, 128(BYTE), 0(BYTE)]:
VAL [5]BYTE FirstPeek IS [peekbyte, 128(BYTE), 0(BYTE), 0(BYTE), 0(BYTE)]:
VAL [2]BYTE RestPeek IS [0(BYTE), 0(BYTE)]:

-- Identification variables and table storage, as well as system variables
INT bootsize, error:
BYTE wormfile, command:
[256] [5] [2] INT data:
[4] [2] INT linkID:
[4] BOOL linkbooted:
INT myID, myType, nextID, numtrans:

-- Timer channel and timeout constant
TIMER clock:
VAL timeout IS 1563:

-- Start of the root code
SEQ
-- Display the header information
ClrScr(linkin[HostLink], linkout[HostLink])
reset.subsystem(linkbooted[0]) -- required when doing subsystem

WriteString(linkin[HostLink], linkout[HostLink], "TRANSPUTER NETWORK WORM PROGRAM ")
WriteLnString(linkin[HostLink], linkout[HostLink], "Written by A.M.Schuilenburg")
WriteString(linkin[HostLink], linkout[HostLink], "-----")
WriteLnString(linkin[HostLink], linkout[HostLink], "-----")
WriteLnString(linkin[HostLink], linkout[HostLink], "")

-- Open the HEAD file for reading
AssignFile(linkin[HostLink], linkout[HostLink], "WormHead.TCD", wormfile)
ResetFile(linkin[HostLink], linkout[HostLink], wormfile)
FileError(linkin[HostLink], linkout[HostLink], error)
IF
  error <> 0
  -- HEAD file not found. Abort !!!
  SEQ
    WriteLnString(linkin[HostLink], linkout[HostLink], "FILE WORMHEAD.TCD NOT FOUND")
  STOP
TRUE
SKIP

-- Initialise all links as unidentified
SEQ I = 0 FOR 4
  SEQ
    linkID[I][0] := TestConst
    linkbooted[I] := FALSE

-- Set Host system to be connected to link 0 (assumption !!)
linkID[HostLink][0] := HostConst

-- Notify user that the search has been started
WriteLnString(linkin[HostLink], linkout[HostLink], "")
WriteString(linkin[HostLink], linkout[HostLink], "Please wait while wriggling ")

-- Set the ID, CID and number of transputer variables and tokens.
myID, nextID, numtrans := 1, 2, 1

```

```

-- Determine the transputer type of this transputer
INT onchip, maybeoff, offchip:
PLACE onchip AT #70:
PLACE offchip AT #400:
PLACE maybeoff AT #300:
INT temp, start, end, ontime, offtime:
TIMER clock:
SEQ
-- Get the on-chip time
clock ? start
SEQ I = 0 FOR 100000
  temp := onchip
clock ? end
ontime := end MINUS start

-- Get the off-chip time
clock ? start
SEQ I = 0 FOR 100000
  temp := offchip
clock ? end
offtime := end MINUS start

-- Get the border time (either off or on chip)
clock ? start
SEQ I = 0 FOR 100000
  temp := maybeoff
clock ? end
temp := end MINUS start

-- This transputer type is determined by the size of on-chip RAM
start := abs(ontime - temp)
end := abs(offtime - temp)
IF
  start < end
  myType := 8
  TRUE
  myType := 4

-- Indicate to the user that this transputer has been determined
WriteString(linkin[HostLink],linkout[HostLink], ".")

-- Search all unidentified links
SEQ I = 0 FOR 4
  IF
    linkID[I][0] = TestConst -- Link unidentified, must be explored
    INT time:
    BOOL fail:
    SEQ
    -- Attempt 16 bit peek
    clock ? time
    time := time PLUS timeout
    OutputOrFail.t(linkout[I],T2Peek,clock,time,fail)
    IF
      fail
      linkID[I][0] := NothConst -- Transmission failed, nothing there
    TRUE
      [2]BYTE t2val: -- Transmission succeeded, continue ...
    SEQ
    -- Check if 16 bit transputer exists
    clock ? time
    time := time PLUS timeout
    InputOrFail.t(linkin[I],t2val,clock,time,fail)
    IF
      fail
      -- Not a 16 bit transputer
    SEQ
    -- Complete 32 bit peek command
    clock ? time
    time := time PLUS timeout
    OutputOrFail.t(linkout[I],RestPeek,clock,time,fail)

```

```

IF
  fail
  -- Failed, nothing there
  linkID[I][0] := failConst
  TRUE
  -- Succeeded, get results of peek
  BOOL boot:
  SEQ
  INT val:
  SEQ
  linkin[I] ? val -- Read results
  boot := FALSE
  IF
  val = 123456
  -- Peek again to confirm already booted
  SEQ
  linkout[I] ! peekbyte; TestConst -- Peek again
  linkin[I] ? val
  IF
  val = 654321
  -- T/P already booted, PROTOCOL matches
  SKIP
  TRUE
  -- Coincidental value, T/P not booted
  boot := TRUE
  TRUE
  -- Not 123456 so T/P not booted
  boot := TRUE
IF
  boot
  -- Determine T/P memsize and boot
  SEQ
  INT itsMemSize, size:
  dadin IS linkin[HostLink]:
  dadout IS linkout[HostLink]:
  daughterin IS linkin[I]:
  daughterout IS linkout[I]:
  BYTE bootbyte:
  BOOL loop:
  VAL BYTE pokeval IS 0 (BYTE):
  VAL BYTE peekval IS 1 (BYTE):
  VAL minint IS MOSTNEG INT:
  INT last.mem, this.mem, dummy:
  BOOL loop, error:
  SEQ
  -- Determine this T/Ps memory size
  last.mem, this.mem, loop := 0, 4, TRUE
  daughterout ! pokeval; (minint+last.mem); last.mem
  WHILE loop
  INT val:
  SEQ
  daughterout ! pokeval; (minint+this.mem); this.mem
  daughterout ! peekval; (minint+last.mem)
  daughterin ? val
  IF
  val = last.mem
  SEQ
  last.mem := this.mem
  this.mem := this.mem << 1
  TRUE
  loop := FALSE
  itsMemSize := last.mem

```

```

-- Read the boot file from the HOST and
-- use it to boot this T/P.
bootsize, linkbooted[I] := 0, TRUE
loop := TRUE
WHILE loop
  SEQ
  ReadByte(dadin,dadout,wormfile,bootbyte)
  daughterout ! bootbyte
  bootsize := bootsize + 1
  EndOfFile(dadin,dadout,wormfile,loop)
  loop := NOT loop

-- Pass CID to newly booted T/P and
-- exchange identification info.
daughterout ! nextID; itsMemSize; myID; I
linkID[I][0] := nextID
daughterin ? linkID[I][1]           -- Booted T/Ps boot link

-- Another T/P discovered
numtrans := numtrans + 1
WriteString(dadin,dadout, ".")

-- Reset HEAD file for re-use
CloseFile(dadin,dadout,wormfile)
AssignFile(dadin,dadout, "WormHead.TCD", wormfile)
ResetFile(dadin,dadout,wormfile)
FileError(dadin,dadout,error)
IF
  error <> 0
  INT t:
  SEQ
  t := INT error
  WriteInt(dadin, dadout, t, 0)
  WriteString(dadin,dadout, " TERMINAL RESET ERROR --FILE")
  WriteLnString(dadin,dadout, " WORMHEAD.TCD NOT FOUND")
  STOP
TRUE
SKIP

-- Enter Monitoring Phase
BOOL loop:
BYTE control:
SEQ
loop := TRUE
WHILE loop
  ALT J = 0 FOR 4
  linkin[J] ? control
  IF
    control = peekbyte
    -- Emulate the peek
    INT address:
    SEQ
    -- First peek request
    linkin[J] ? address
    linkout[J] ! 123456

    -- Second Peek must follow
    linkin[J] ? control; address
    linkout[J] ! 654321

    -- Exchange identification info.
    linkin[J] ? linkID[J]
    linkout[J] ! myID; J

```

```

control = bootrequest
-- Boot file requested, read from
-- PC host and pass on.
BYTE bootdata:
dadin IS linkin[HostLink]:
dadout IS linkout[HostLink]:
sonout IS linkout[J]:
SEQ
  sonout ! bootsize
  SEQ M = 0 FOR bootsize
  SEQ
    ReadByte(dadin,dadout,wormfile,bootdata)
    sonout ! bootdata

-- Another T/P booted
numtrans := numtrans + 1
WriteString(dadin,dadout, ".")

-- Open HEAD file for re-use
CloseFile(dadin,dadout,wormfile)
AssignFile(dadin,dadout, "WormHead.TCD", wormfile)
ResetFile(dadin,dadout,wormfile)
FileError(dadin,dadout,error)
IF
  error <> 0
  INT t:
  SEQ
    t := INT error
    WriteInt(dadin, dadout, t, 0)
    WriteString(dadin,dadout, " TERMINAL RESET ERROR")
    WriteString(dadin,dadout, " --FILE WORMHEAD.TCD")
    WriteLnString(dadin,dadout, " NOT FOUND")
  STOP
  TRUE
  SKIP
control = token
-- CID returned, terminate monitoring
SEQ -- (Note: I = J)
  loop := FALSE
  linkin[J] ? nextID
TRUE
-- T/P already booted, exchange identification info.
SEQ
  linkout[I] ! myID; I
  linkin[I] ? linkID[I]
TRUE
-- 16 bit peek succeeded; must be T212
linkID[I][0] := T212Const -- T212
TRUE
-- Link already identified.
SKIP

-- All links are now identified, Search is complete
in IS linkin[HostLink]:
out IS linkout[HostLink]:
SEQ
-- File no longer required
CloseFile(in,out,wormfile)

-- Display header information
GotoXY(in,out, 1, 4)
ClrEOS(in,out)
WriteInt(in,out, numtrans, 0)
WriteString(in,out, " Transputers found.")
GotoXY(in,out, 1, 6)
WriteLnString(in,out, "Link configuration is
WriteLnString(in,out, "T/P ID   Type   Memory   ID-Link#   ** = Booted by")
Link 0   Link 1   Link 2   Link 3")

```

```

SEQ
-- Store this link data
[data[0] FROM 0 FOR 4] := linkID
data[0][4][0] := myType
SystemInfo(in,out, data[0][4][1])

-- Request data from links which this T/P booted and also forward data
SEQ I = 0 FOR 4
  IF
    linkbooted[I]
      sonout IS linkout[I]:
      sonin IS linkin[I]:
      BOOL loop:
      INT idthis:
      SEQ
        sonout I sendlinkdata -- Request link data
        loop := TRUE
        WHILE loop
          SEQ
            sonin ? idthis -- Data ?
            IF
              idthis = endid -- Data complete from this link
                loop := FALSE
            TRUE -- More data from this link
              adddata IS data[idthis-myID]:
              SEQ J = 0 FOR 5
                sonin ? adddata[J]
          TRUE
            -- Not a parent to this link
            SKIP
-- Display the results
SEQ I = myID FOR numtrans
  thisdata IS data[I-myID]:
  SEQ
    -- Transputer Number
    WriteInt(in,out, I, 3)
    WriteString(in,out, " ")

    -- Transputer Type
    IF
      thisdata[4][0] = 4
        WriteString(in,out, "T414 ")
      thisdata[4][0] = 8
        WriteString(in,out, "T800 ")
    TRUE
      WriteString(in,out, "???? ")

    -- Memory size
    IF
      thisdata[4][1] = 0
        WriteString(in,out, " Unknown ")
    TRUE
      SEQ
        WriteString(in,out, " #")
        WriteHexInt(in,out, thisdata[4][1], 8)
        WriteString(in,out, " ")

    -- Link connections
    SEQ J = 0 FOR 4
      SEQ
        IF
          thisdata[J][0] = HostConst
            WriteString(in,out, " HOST**")
          thisdata[J][0] = T212Const
            WriteString(in,out, " T212 ")
          thisdata[J][0] = NothConst
            WriteString(in,out, " ---- ")
          thisdata[J][0] = failConst
            WriteString(in,out, " fail ")

```

```

TRUE
SEQ
  WriteInt(in,out, abs(thisdata[J][0]),4)
  WriteString(in,out, "--")
  WriteInt(in,out, thisdata[J][1],1)
  IF
    thisdata[J][0] < 0
    -- Was booted by this link
    WriteString(in,out, "***")
    TRUE
    WriteString(in,out, " ")
  WriteString(in,out, " ")
  WriteLnString(in,out, "")

-- File the data ?
BYTE ch:
SEQ
  WriteLnString(in,out, "**C*N*C*N**")
  WriteString(in,out, "File Data Y/N (Default N) ? ")
  ReadKey(in,out,TRUE,ch)
  IF
    (ch = 'Y') OR (ch = 'y')
    INT len:
    [30]BYTE fname:
    SEQ
      WriteString(in,out, "**C*N*Enter the file name ?")
      ReadString(in,out,TRUE,len,fname)
      IF
        len = 0
        SKIP
        TRUE
        BYTE file:
        INT ecode, written:
        [1]BYTE byteblock RETYPES [data FROM 0 FOR numtrans]:
        SEQ
          AssignFile(in,out,[fname FROM 0 FOR len],file)
          RewriteFile(in,out,file)
          -- WriteTextLine(in,out,PRINTER,[fname FROM 0 FOR len])
          WriteBlock(in,out,file,SIZE byteblock,byteblock,written)
          CloseFile(in,out,file)
          FileError(in,out,ecode)
          IF
            (ecode <> 0) OR (written <> (SIZE byteblock))
            WriteLnString(in,out, "**C*N*Error in writing file")
            TRUE
            WriteLnString(in,out, "**C*N*File written O.K.")
      TRUE
    SKIP

-- Allow Pascal Server to quit to dos
TerminateServer(linkin[HostLink],linkout[HostLink])

:
PROCESSOR 1 T4
WormTail()

```

Chapter 7 - Breadth First Worm

Breadth First Worm Source

This chapter lists the source code of the *Mouth* and *Foot* of the breadth first worm. The worm *Foot* uses the Turbo Pascal Server. The boot code for *Head* must be contained in the file **MOUTH.BTL**. The server must use the *Foot* boot code to boot the root transputer which will then commence the search as described in Section 8.5 of the thesis. Furthermore, the *Foot* boot file must be appended with the 32 bit integer token which is used as the *CID* token. This allows the *Foot* to determine the actual link connected to the Host PC, instead of assuming the default as the Depth First Worm does. The default is to use a *CID* of 0. The source of the link identification procedure, common to both processes, is given separately in Listing 7(i), with the source of *Mouth* and *Foot* provided in Listings 7(ii) and 7(iii) respectively.

Identify Link Procedure - Listing (i)

```
PROC identify.link(CHAN OF ANY linkout, linkin,
                  VAL INT myID, myLink,
                  INT type.or.id, mem.or.link)
#USE "XLINK.LIB"
#INCLUDE "CONSTS.INC"

-- Constants
VAL pokeval          IS 0 (BYTE):
VAL peekval          IS 1 (BYTE):
VAL [5]BYTE Peek IS [peekval, 128(BYTE), 0(BYTE), 0(BYTE), 0(BYTE)]:

-- Variables
INT time:
BOOL fail, booted:
TIMER clock:

SEQ                -- Search down this link
booted := FALSE   -- Initialise

-- Attempt 16 bit peek
clock ? time
time := time PLUS timeout
OutputOrFail.t(linkout, [Peek FROM 0 FOR 3], clock, time, fail)
IF
fail
SKIP -- Nothing there !
TRUE
SEQ -- Something there !
[2]BYTE t2val:
SEQ
-- Attempt to get results of 16 bit peek
clock ? time
time := time PLUS timeout
InputOrFail.t(linkin, t2val, clock, time, fail)
IF
fail
SEQ -- Check for 32 bit transputer
-- Complete peek to be a 32 bit peek
clock ? time
time := time PLUS timeout
```

```

OutputOrFail.t(linkout,[Peek FROM 3 FOR 2],clock,time,fail)
IF
  fail
  type.or.id := failed    -- Something there (Unknown)
TRUE
  [4]BYTE valb1, valb2:
  SEQ                    -- Check for 32 bit
  -- Attempt to get results of peek
  clock ? time
  time := time PLUS timeout
  InputOrFail.t(linkin,valb1,clock,time,fail)
  INT val1 RETYPES valb1:
  IF
    fail
    type.or.id := failed  -- Something there (Unknown)
    val1 = testval1
    SEQ -- Peek again, ensure is really booted
    -- 2nd Peek Request
    clock ? time
    time := time PLUS timeout
    OutputOrFail.t(linkout,Peek,clock,time,fail)

    -- Get results of peek
    clock ? time
    time := time PLUS timeout
    InputOrFail.t(linkin,valb2,clock,time,fail)
    type.or.id := Something
    VAL INT val2 RETYPES valb2:
    IF
      val2 = testval2 -- T/P already booted, identify
      booted := TRUE
      TRUE           -- Coincidental, T/P not booted
      SKIP
    TRUE
    -- 32 bit Transputer Found
    type.or.id := Something
TRUE
  -- 16 bit peek succeeded, T212 found.
  type.or.id := T.212
IF
  booted
  -- Get the booted transputers id, and its link number
  SEQ
  linkout ! req.id; myID; myLink
  linkin ? type.or.id; mem.or.link
  (type.or.id = Something)
  -- Get the transputer memory size.
  VAL minint IS MOSTNEG INT:
  BOOL found:
  INT mem:
  SEQ
  -- Check special memory location to see if already found
  found, mem := TRUE, #70
  WHILE found AND (mem < #80)
  INT val:
  SEQ
  linkout ! peekval; (minint + (mem << 2))
  linkin ? val
  IF
  val=mem
  mem := mem + 1
  TRUE
  found := FALSE

```

```

IF
-- Already been found, will be booted by another T/P
found
  type.or.id := AlreadyFound
-- Not yet found, must get details and boot
TRUE
-- Get the memory size
INT this.mem, val:
BOOL loop:
SEQ
  -- Determine the memory size
  mem.or.link, this.mem, loop := 0, 4, TRUE
  linkout ! pokeval; (minint+mem.or.link); mem.or.link
  WHILE loop
    SEQ
      linkout ! pokeval; (minint+this.mem); this.mem
      linkout ! peekval; (minint+mem.or.link)
      linkin ? val
      IF
        val = mem.or.link
          -- Lap around, continue trying
          SEQ
            mem.or.link := this.mem
            this.mem := this.mem << 1
          TRUE
            -- No lap around, size is found
            loop := FALSE
      -- Mark as being found
      SEQ I = #70 FOR #10
        linkout ! pokeval; (minint + (I << 2)); I
TRUE
SKIP
:

```

The Mouth - Listing (ii)

```

PROC Mouth()
  #USE "idlink"
  #INCLUDE "CONSTS.INC"

  -- Absolute Integer function
  INT FUNCTION abs(VAL INT value)
    INT result:
    VALOF
      IF
        (value < 0)
          result := (-value)
        TRUE
          result := value
    RESULT result
  :

  -- Hardware link placement
  [4]CHAN OF ANY linkin, linkout:
  PLACE linkout AT 0:
  PLACE linkin AT 4:

  -- Identification and sustem variables
  [4][2]INT linkID:
  [4]BOOL linkBoot, getInfo, bootSize:

  INT myID, myType, myMem, bootLink:
  BOOL needboot:

  -- Procedure to monitor all the links
  PROC Monitor.Links(BYTE command, BOOL needboot)
    INT address:
    BOOL repeat:
    SEQ
      repeat := TRUE
      WHILE repeat
        ALT I = 0 FOR 4
          linkin[I] ? command
          IF
            -- Respond as a booted transputer using the booted protocol
            (command = peekval)
              SEQ -- Respond as a booted transputer
                -- Return the firs special value (123456)
                linkin[I] ? address
                linkout[I] ! testval1

                -- Return the second special value (654321)
                linkin[I] ? command; address
                linkout[I] ! testval2
            -- Give the ID and link number connection, exchanging identification info.
            (command = req.id)
              SEQ
                linkin[I] ? linkID[I][0]; linkID[I][1]
                linkout[I] ! myID; I
            -- Cease monitoring and give id data
            (command = req.link.data)
              repeat := FALSE
            -- The explore token was returned
            (command = explore.return)
              SEQ
                linkin[I] ? needboot
                repeat := FALSE
            -- Cease monitoring and continue exploration
            (command = explore)
              repeat := FALSE
          :

```

```

SEQ
-- Initialise all channels as unidentified
SEQ I = 0 FOR 4
  SEQ
    linkID[I] := [Nothing,Nothing]
    linkBoot[I] := FALSE
    getInfo[I] := FALSE
    bootSize[I] := FALSE
  needboot := FALSE

-- Monitor all the links for the ID
ALT I = 0 FOR 4
  linkin[I] ? myID
  bootLink := I

-- Request my memory size, returning CID token
linkout[bootLink] ! req.mem; (myID + 1)
linkin[bootLink] ? myMem

-- Set my type
INT read, onchip, maybeoff, offchip, start, timeon, timeoff, testtime:
PLACE onchip AT #70:
PLACE maybeoff AT #300:
PLACE offchip AT #400:
VAL INT loop IS 10000:
TIMER clock:
SEQ
  -- Get on-chip time
  clock ? start
  SEQ I = 0 FOR loop
    read := onchip
  clock ? timeon
  timeon := abs(timeon - start)      -- Time for on-chip access

  -- Get off-chip time
  clock ? start
  SEQ I = 0 FOR loop
    read := offchip
  clock ? timeoff
  timeoff := abs(timeoff - start)   -- Time for off-chip access

  -- Get border time (Either on or off chip)
  clock ? start
  SEQ I = 0 FOR loop
    read := maybeoff
  clock ? testtime
  testtime := abs(testtime - start) -- Test time access

  -- The type depends on whether 4k (T800) or 2k (T414) onchip RAM
  IF
    abs(timeon - testtime) < abs(timeoff - testtime)
      myType := T.800
    TRUE
      myType := T.414

-- Monitor all links, transferring ID's
BYTE command:
BOOL dummy:
SEQ
  Monitor.Links(command,dummy)
  -- command must be explore from bootLink

```

```

-- Identify remaining links
SEQ I = 0 FOR 4
  IF
    (linkID[I][0] = Nothing)
      SEQ
        identify.link(linkout[I],linkin[I],myID,I,
                      linkID[I][0],linkID[I][1] )
      IF
        (linkID[I][0] >= Something) AND (linkID[I][0] <> T.212)
          SEQ -- Transputer is there and needs booting
            linkBoot[I] := TRUE -- Boot this link
            getInfo[I] := TRUE -- Get information once complete
            needboot := TRUE -- Boot file is needed from bootlink
            bootSize[I] := FALSE -- Do not give the boot file size
          TRUE
            SKIP
      TRUE
        SKIP

-- Return the token as the boot file request
linkout[bootLink] ! explore.return; needboot

-- Now for the worm body
WHILE needboot
  SEQ
    -- Pass down the boot file to T/Ps to be booted
    INT bootsize:
    BYTE bootbyte:
    SEQ
      -- Get the size and forward to necessary links
      linkin[bootLink] ? bootsize
      SEQ I=0 FOR 4
        IF
          linkBoot[I] AND bootSize[I]
            linkout[I] ! bootsize
          TRUE
            bootSize[I] := TRUE

    -- Now actually transmit the worm mouth to necessary links
    SEQ I=0 FOR bootsize
      SEQ
        linkin[bootLink] ? bootbyte
        SEQ J=0 FOR 4
          IF
            linkBoot[J]
              linkout[J] ! bootbyte
          TRUE
            SKIP

    -- Get CID token and forward down each links
    INT current.id:
    SEQ
      linkin[bootLink] ? current.id -- Get the current ID
      SEQ I = 0 FOR 4
        IF
          linkBoot[I]
            BYTE command:
            SEQ
              linkout[I] ! current.id -- Forward CID token
              linkin[I] ? command; current.id -- Wait for CID return
            IF
              (command = id.return)
                SKIP
              (command = req.mem)
                SEQ -- Give booted transputer its memory size
                  linkout[I] ! linkID[I][1]

              -- Request booted T/P id and link info
              linkout[I] ! req.id; myID; I
              linkin[I] ? linkID[I][0]; linkID[I][1]

```

```

    TRUE
    SKIP
    linkout[bootLink] ! id.return; current.id -- Send back the current ID

-- Wait for command from from boot link, but monitor in the mean time
BYTE command:
BOOL dummy:
SEQ
    Monitor.Links(command,dummy) -- command must be explore from bootLink

-- Got token from boot link, continue exploration
needboot := FALSE
SEQ I = 0 FOR 4
    IF
        linkBoot[I]
        BYTE command:
        SEQ
            linkout[I] ! explore -- Pass on token
            Monitor.Links(command,linkBoot[I]) -- Get back token
            IF -- command must be explore.return from I
                linkBoot[I]
                needboot := TRUE
            TRUE
            SKIP
    TRUE
    SKIP
    linkout[bootLink] ! explore.return; needboot -- Return token to boot link

-- Monitor links again, this time wait for the req.link.data command
BYTE command:
BOOL dummy:
SEQ
    Monitor.Links(command,dummy)
    -- Command must be req.link.data from bootLink
    SEQ I=0 FOR 4 -- Forward to other users
        IF
            getInfo[I]
            linkout[I] ! req.link.data
            TRUE
            SKIP

-- Continually pass link information from other transputers down
needboot := TRUE
INT tmpID, tmpType, tmpMem, tmpBL:
[4][2]INT tmpLinkID:
BYTE command:
WHILE needboot
    SEQ
        needboot := FALSE -- Reset, will be set again
        SEQ I = 0 FOR 4 -- if more info is to be sent.
            IF
                getInfo[I]
                SEQ
                    -- Get info and forward
                    linkin[I] ? command; tmpID; tmpType; tmpMem; tmpBL; tmpLinkID
                    linkout[bootLink] ! tp.info; tmpID; tmpType; tmpMem; tmpBL; tmpLinkID

                    -- Check if it is the last
                    IF
                        (command = tp.info)
                            needboot := TRUE -- More info to come
                        (command = last.tp.info)
                            getInfo[I] := FALSE -- No more info from this link
            TRUE
            SKIP

-- Pass back this T/P information down boot link
linkout[bootLink] ! last.tp.info; myID; myType; myMem; bootLink; linkID

-- WORM WIGGLING COMPLETE FOR THIS T/P
:

```

The Foot - Listing (iii)

```

PROC WormFoot()
  #USE "xlink.lib"
  #USE "convert.lib"
  #USE "idlink"
  #USE "TPScreen"
  #USE "TPDos"
  #USE "TPKeybrd"
  #USE "TPFile"
  #USE "TPServer"
  #USE "TPSubSys"

  #INCLUDE "CONSTS.INC"

  -- Procedure to display an integer value in decimal on the screen within a field
PROC WriteInt(CHAN OF ANY in, out, VAL INT int, field)
  [30]BYTE string:
  INT len, size:
  SEQ
  -- Get the string
  INTTOSTRING(len, string, int)
  IF
    (field <= 0) OR (len >= field)
      String too long, cut off
      size := len
  TRUE
  -- Pad string with spaces
  [30]BYTE newstr:
  VAL INT numspaces IS field - len:
  SEQ
    [newstr FROM numspaces FOR len] := [string FROM 0 FOR len]
    string := newstr
    SEQ I = 0 FOR numspaces
      string[I] := ' '
    size := field

  -- Display the string
  WriteString(in,out, [string FROM 0 FOR size])
  :

  -- Procedure to display an integer value in hex on the screen within a field
PROC WriteHexInt(CHAN OF ANY in, out, VAL INT int, field)
  [30]BYTE string:
  INT len:
  SEQ
    HEXTOSTRING(len, string, int)
    WriteString(in,out, [string FROM 0 FOR len])
  :

  -- This procedure will display the information relative to a transputer
  -- on a single line.
PROC Display.Info(CHAN OF ANY in, out, VAL INT id, type, mem, BL,
                  VAL [4][2]INT links )
  SEQ
  -- The transputer ID
  WriteInt(in,out, id, 3)
  WriteString(in,out, " ")

  -- The Transputer Type
  IF
    type = T.414
      WriteString(in,out,"T414 ")
    type = T.800
      WriteString(in,out,"T800 ")
    type = T.212
      WriteString(in,out,"T212 ")
  TRUE
    WriteString(in,out,"???? ")

```

```

-- The memory Size
WriteString(in,out, " #")
WriteHexInt(in,out, mem, 8)
WriteString(in,out, " ")

-- The link connections
SEQ J = 0 FOR 4
  SEQ
    CASE links[J][0]
      Host
        WriteString(in,out, " HOST")
      T.212
        WriteString(in,out, " T212")
      Nothing
        WriteString(in,out, " ----")
      Something
        WriteString(in,out, " ????" )
      failed
        WriteString(in,out, " fail")
    ELSE
      SEQ
        WriteInt(in,out,links[J][0],4)
        WriteString(in,out, "-")
        WriteInt(in,out,links[J][1],1)

    -- Display ** if transputer was booted from this link
    IF
      J=BL
        WriteString(in,out, "*** ")
      TRUE
        WriteString(in,out, " ")
    WriteLnString(in,out, "")
  :

-- Integer absolute function
INT FUNCTION abs(VAL INT val)
  INT result:
  VALOF
    IF
      val < 0
        result := (-val)
      TRUE
        result := val
  RESULT result
:

-- Hardware link placement
[4]CHAN OF ANY linkin, linkout:
PLACE linkout AT 0:
PLACE linkin AT 4:

-- Identification and system variables
INT myID, myType, myMem, current.id, BL, error:
BOOL needboot:
BYTE wormfile:

[4][2]INT linkID:
[4]BOOL linkBoot, getInfo, bootSize:

```

```

-- Procedure to monitor all links
PROC Monitor.Links(BYTE command, BOOL needboot)
INT address:
BOOL repeat:
SEQ
  repeat := TRUE
  WHILE repeat
    ALT I = 0 FOR 4
      linkin[I] ? command
      IF
        -- Respond as a booted transputer using the booted protocol
        (command = peekval)
          SEQ -- Respond as a booted transputer
            -- Return the first special value (123456)
            linkin[I] ? address
            linkout[I] ! testval1

            -- The second peek, return (654321)
            linkin[I] ? command; address
            linkout[I] ! testval2
          -- Give the ID and link number connection, exchanging identification info.
          (command = req.id)
          SEQ
            linkin[I] ? linkID[I][0]; linkID[I][1]
            linkout[I] ! myID; I
          -- Cease monitoring and give id data
          (command = req.link.data)
          repeat := FALSE
          -- The explore token was returned
          (command = explore.return)
          SEQ
            -- Get indicator whether this link requires boot file
            linkin[I] ? needboot
            repeat := FALSE -- Cease monitoring
          -- Cease monitoring and commence explore
          (command = explore)
          repeat := FALSE
      :
TIMER clock:
SEQ
  -- Initialise all the channels as unidentified
  SEQ I = 0 FOR 4
    SEQ
      linkID[I] := [Nothing,Nothing]
      linkBoot[I] := FALSE
      getInfo[I] := FALSE
      bootSize[I] := FALSE

  -- Initialise identification variables
  needboot := FALSE
  myType, myMem := Nothing, 0

  -- Monitor all links to get response from Host along link to Host
  -- Boot file appended with four byte 0 values as ID.
  ALT I = 0 FOR 4
    linkin[I] ? myID
    BL := I -- BL is Boot Link

  -- Set the boot link ID
  linkID[BL] := [Host,0]

  -- Advance CID token
  current.id := myID + 1

  -- Initialise the screen and do the headings
  ClrScr(linkin[BL], linkout[BL])
  BOOL flag:
  reset.subsystem(flag) -- required when doing subsystem

  WriteString(linkin[BL],linkout[BL], "TRANSPUTER NETWORK WORM PROGRAM V2.0")

```

```

WriteLnString(linkin[BL],linkout[BL], "   Written by A.M.Schuilenburg")
WriteString(linkin[BL],linkout[BL], "-----")
WriteLnString(linkin[BL],linkout[BL], "-----")
WriteLnString(linkin[BL],linkout[BL], "")

-- Ready the boot file for reading
AssignFile(linkin[BL],linkout[BL], "MOUTH.BTL", wormfile)
ResetFile(linkin[BL],linkout[BL],wormfile)
FileError(linkin[BL],linkout[BL],error)
IF
  error <> 0
  SEQ
    WriteLnString(linkin[BL],linkout[BL], "FILE MOUTH.BTL NOT FOUND")
    TerminateServer(linkin[BL],linkout[BL])
  TRUE
    CloseFile(linkin[BL],linkout[BL],wormfile)

-- Notify discovery process
WriteString(linkin[BL],linkout[BL],"Exploring ")

-- Set my type
INT read, onchip, maybeoff, offchip, start, timeon, timeoff, testtime:
PLACE onchip AT #70:
PLACE maybeoff AT #300:
PLACE offchip AT #400:
VAL INT loop IS 10000:
TIMER clock:
SEQ
  -- Get on-chip time
  clock ? start
  SEQ I = 0 FOR loop
    read := onchip
  clock ? timeon
  timeon := abs(timeon - start)      -- Time for on-chip access

  -- Get off-chip time
  clock ? start
  SEQ I = 0 FOR loop
    read := offchip
  clock ? timeoff
  timeoff := abs(timeoff - start)   -- Time for off-chip access

  -- Get border time (Is either on or off-chip)
  clock ? start
  SEQ I = 0 FOR loop
    read := maybeoff
  clock ? testtime
  testtime := abs(testtime - start) -- Test time access

  -- The type depends on whether 4k (T800) or 2k (T414) onchip RAM
  IF
    abs(timeon - testtime) < abs(timeoff - testtime)
      myType := T.800
    TRUE
      myType := T.414

-- Request my memory size, determined by HOST
SystemInfo(linkin[BL],linkout[BL], myMem)

-- The tail boots the 1st T/P and has the initial token,
-- therefore implying that no link monitoring is required.
-- Now identify remaining links
SEQ I = 0 FOR 4
  IF
    (linkID[I][0] = Nothing)
      -- Link not yet determined, explore ....
      SEQ
        WriteString(linkin[BL],linkout[BL],"?")
        identify.link(linkout[I],linkin[I],myID,I,
                     linkID[I][0],linkID[I][1] )
      IF

```

```

(linkID[I][0] >= Something) AND (linkID[I][0] <> T.212)
SEQ
    linkBoot[I] := TRUE -- Transputer is there and needs booting
    getInfo[I] := TRUE -- Boot this link
    needboot := TRUE -- Get information once complete
    bootSize[I] := FALSE -- Boot file is needed from bootlink
TRUE
SKIP
TRUE
SKIP
-- Now for the sending of the worm body
WHILE needboot
SEQ
    -- Pass down the boot file to T/Ps to be booted
    INT bootsize:
    BYTE bootbyte:
    SEQ
        WriteString(linkin[BL],linkout[BL],".")

        -- Send the boot file down each link requiring it
        AssignFile(linkin[BL],linkout[BL], "MOUTH.BTL", wormfile)
        ResetFile(linkin[BL],linkout[BL],wormfile)
        FileSize(linkin[BL],linkout[BL],wormfile,bootsize)
        SEQ I=0 FOR 4
            IF
                linkBoot[I] AND bootSize[I]
                linkout[I] ! bootsize
            TRUE
                bootSize[I] := TRUE

        SEQ I=0 FOR bootsize
            SEQ
                ReadByte(linkin[BL],linkout[BL], wormfile, bootbyte)
                SEQ J=0 FOR 4
                    IF
                        linkBoot[J]
                        linkout[J] ! bootbyte
                    TRUE
                        SKIP
                CloseFile(linkin[BL],linkout[BL],wormfile)
                WriteString(linkin[BL],linkout[BL],****) -- Notify send complete

        -- Forward CID token down each link
        SEQ I = 0 FOR 4
            IF
                linkBoot[I]
                BYTE command:
                SEQ
                    linkout[I] ! current.id -- Forward CID token
                    linkin[I] ? command; current.id -- Wait for return of CID
                    IF
                        (command = id.return)
                            SKIP
                        (command = req.mem)
                            SEQ -- Give booted transputer its memory size
                                linkout[I] ! linkID[I][1]

                                -- Request booted T/P id, and link info
                                linkout[I] ! req.id; myID; I
                                linkin[I] ? linkID[I][0]; linkID[I][1]
                                -- Give number T/Ps found
                                WriteString(linkin[BL],linkout[BL],"#")
                                WriteInt(linkin[BL],linkout[BL],current.id-1,0)
                TRUE
                    SKIP

```

```

-- Send token down each link
BYTE command:
SEQ
  needboot := FALSE
  SEQ I = 0 FOR 4
  IF
    linkBoot[I]
    BYTE command:
    SEQ
      WriteString(linkin[BL],linkout[BL],"?")
      linkout[I] ! explore -- Pass on token
      Monitor.Links(command,linkBoot[I]) -- Get back token
      IF -- command must be explore.return
        linkBoot[I]
        needboot := TRUE
      TRUE
      SKIP
    TRUE
    SKIP

-- Request the link information
SEQ I=0 FOR 4
  IF
    getInfo[I]
    linkout[I] ! req.link.data
  TRUE
  SKIP

-- Display the heading
GotoXY(linkin[BL],linkout[BL], 1, 5)
ClrEOS(linkin[BL],linkout[BL])
WriteInt(linkin[BL],linkout[BL], current.id, 0)
WriteString(linkin[BL],linkout[BL], " Transputers found.")
GotoXY(linkin[BL],linkout[BL], 1, 6)
WriteString(linkin[BL],linkout[BL], "Link configuration is")
WriteLnString(linkin[BL],linkout[BL], " ID-Link# ** = Booted by")
WriteString(linkin[BL],linkout[BL], "T/P ID Type Memory Link 0")
WriteLnString(linkin[BL],linkout[BL], " Link 1 Link 2 Link 3")

-- Display this transputer type
Display.Info(linkin[BL],linkout[BL],myID,myType,myMem,BL,linkID)

-- Continually pass link information from other transputers down
needboot := TRUE
INT tmpID, tmpType, tmpMem, tmpBL:
[4][2]INT tmpLinkID:
BYTE command:
WHILE needboot
  SEQ
    needboot := FALSE -- Reset, will be set again
    SEQ I = 0 FOR 4 -- if more info is to be sent.
    IF
      getInfo[I]
      SEQ
        -- Get info and display
        linkin[I] ? command; tmpID; tmpType; tmpMem; tmpBL; tmpLinkID
        Display.Info(linkin[BL],linkout[BL],
          tmpID,tmpType,tmpMem,tmpBL,tmpLinkID)

        -- Check if it is the last
        IF
          (command = tp.info)
          needboot := TRUE -- More info to come
          (command = last.tp.info)
          getInfo[I] := FALSE -- No more info from this link
        TRUE
        SKIP

-- WORM WIGGLING COMPLETE FOR THIS T/P
TerminateServer(linkin[BL],linkout[BL])
:

```

Chapter 8 - SAPF Source Listing

(i) SAPF Source

"SAPF.PAS"

```
{ $UNDEF DoXRef }
{ $DEFINE DoXRef }

{ $DEFINE Debug }
{ $UNDEF Debug }

{-----}
{ This is the first version of my Semi-Automatic Parallelisation of Fortran. }
{ Date   : 9 September 1989 }
{ Author : A.M.Schuilenburg }
{ }
{ }
Program SAPF;

Uses Crt, Dos, SAPFConstants, SAPFAnalyse, SAPFXRef;

Var InName, OutName, Strng      : BigString;
    Path                       : DirStr;
    Dummy1                     : NameStr;
    Dummy2                     : ExtStr;
    NameFile                   : Text;
    NameStack, NS              : NamePtr;
    Error, I, P                : Word;
    List, ListP               : ListPtr;
    Abort                      : Boolean;
    MemS                       : LongInt;
    Dummy                      : String[4];

{Variables added for output}
Var OutFile                    : Text;
    CBRec                      : IntPtr;
    ComTmp, ComRoot, ComNew, ComLast, ComCom : CBPtr;
    CrTmp                      : CallPtr;
    VTmp                       : Variable;
    CTmp                       : CPtr;
    LTmp, LLast               : ListPtr;
    TmpDim                    : DimPtr;
    TmpRef                    : RefPtr;
    OutBuf                    : Pointer;

{-----}
{ This procedure outputs the usage flags. }
{ }
{ }
Procedure Display_Usage(Usage : Word);
Begin
  if ((usage AND refbit) <> 0) then write(outfile,'R')
                                else write(outfile,'r');
  if ((usage AND assbit) <> 0) then write(outfile,'A')
                                else write(outfile,'a');
  if ((usage AND parbit) <> 0) then write(outfile,'P')
                                else write(outfile,'p');
  if ((usage AND conbit) <> 0) then write(outfile,'N')
                                else write(outfile,'n');
  if ((usage AND extbit) <> 0) then write(outfile,'E')
                                else write(outfile,'e');
  if ((usage AND combit) <> 0) then write(outfile,'M')
                                else write(outfile,'m');
  if ((usage AND callbit) <> 0) then write(outfile,'C')
                                else write(outfile,'c');
  if ((usage AND inbit) <> 0)  then write(outfile,'I')
                                else write(outfile,'i');
  if ((usage AND outbit) <> 0) then write(outfile,'O')
                                else write(outfile,'o');
End;
```

```

-----
( This procedure sorts the list of functions in alphabetic order. )
(
Procedure SortProcs(Var List : ListPtr);
Var Arr      : Array[1..1000] Of ListPtr;
  N, I, NVars : Word;
  NoSwap      : Boolean;
  Temp       : ListPtr;
Begin
  If (List <> NIL) AND (List^.Next <> NIL) Then Begin
    (PLACE VARIABLES IN ARRAY)
    NVars := 0;
    While (List <> NIL) Do Begin
      inc(nvars);
      arr[nvars] := list;
      list := list^.next;
    End;

    (SORT THE ARRAY)
    N := Pred(NVars);
    Repeat
      NoSwap := TRUE;
      For I := 1 To N Do
        if (Arr[I]^Name > Arr[Succ(I)]^.Name) Then begin
          Temp := Arr[I];
          Arr[I] := Arr[Succ(I)];
          Arr[Succ(I)] := Temp;
          NoSwap := FALSE;
        end;
      Dec(N);
    Until NoSwap;

    (PLACE THE ARRAY BACK INTO A LINKED LIST)
    List := Arr[1];
    For I := 1 To Pred(NVars) Do Arr[I]^Next := Arr[Succ(I)];
    Arr[NVars]^Next := NIL;
  End;
End;

```

```

-----
( This procedure sorts the list of common blocks in alphabetic order. )
(
Procedure SortCommon(Var List : CBPtr);
Var Arr      : Array[1..1000] Of CBPtr;
  N, I, NVars : Word;
  NoSwap      : Boolean;
  Temp       : CBPtr;
Begin
  If (List <> NIL) AND (List^.Next <> NIL) Then Begin
    (PLACE VARIABLES IN ARRAY)
    NVars := 0;
    While (List <> NIL) Do Begin
      inc(nvars);
      arr[nvars] := list;
      list := list^.next;
    End;

    (SORT THE ARRAY)
    N := Pred(NVars);
    Repeat
      NoSwap := TRUE;
      For I := 1 To N Do
        if (Arr[I]^Name > Arr[Succ(I)]^.Name) Then begin
          Temp := Arr[I];
          Arr[I] := Arr[Succ(I)];
          Arr[Succ(I)] := Temp;
          NoSwap := FALSE;
        end;
      Dec(N);
    Until NoSwap;

```

```

    {PLACE THE ARRAY BACK INTO A LINKED LIST}
    List := Arr[1];
    For I := 1 To Pred(NVars) Do Arr[I]^Next := Arr[Succ(I)];
    Arr[NVars]^Next := NIL;
End;
End;

{-----}
{ This procedure will output the variable type. }
{ }
{ }
Procedure Display_Type(Usage,Type : Word);
Begin
  if (usage = callbit) then write(outfile,' ') else
  case (type MOD impltype) of
    0 : write(outfile,' U');
    1 : write(outfile,' I');
    2 : write(outfile,' R');
    3 : write(outfile,' C');
    4 : write(outfile,' B');
    5 : write(outfile,' L');
    6 : write(outfile,' i');
    7 : write(outfile,' r');
  end;
End;
{=====}

Begin
  {Debug, memory information}
  MemS := MemAvail;

  InName := ''; OutName := ''; LogFlag := FALSE;
  AssignCrt(Out); Rewrite(Out); NOLFlag := FALSE;

  {Check for parameter/s passed}
  For P := 1 To ParamCount Do Begin
    Strng := ParamStr(P);
    For I := 1 To Length(Strng) Do Strng[I] := UpCase(Strng[I]);

    If (Strng[1] = '/') Then Begin
      {Process option}
      delete(Strng,1,1);

      if (Strng = 'LOG') then begin
        Close(Out);
        Assign(Out,''); Rewrite(Out);
        LogFlag := TRUE;
      end else if (Strng = 'NOL') then begin
        NOLFlag := TRUE;
      end else begin
        Writeln('Invalid option "/',Strng,'"');
      end;
    End Else Begin
      If InName = '' Then InName := Strng Else
      If OutName = '' Then OutName := Strng Else Begin
        writeln('Too many parameters. Only 2 expected. ');
        halt(1);
      End;
    End;
  End;

  If (InName = '') Then Begin
    ClrScr;
    Writeln('SAPF (Semi-Automatic Parallelisation of FORTRAN)');
    Writeln('=====');
    Write('INPUT FILE  :');
    Readln(InName);
    If InName = '' Then Halt(1);
    Write('OUTPUT FILE  :');
    Readln(OutName);
  End;
End;

```

```

If (OutName = '') Then Begin
  I := Pos('.',InName);
  If (I = 0) Then I := Length(InName) Else Dec(I);
  OutName := Copy(InName,1,I) + '.SAP';
End;

{INITIALISE STACK OF FILES TO PROCESS}
I := Pos('@',InName);
If (I = 0) Then Begin
  {SIMPLY PLACE THIS NAME ON TOP}
  New(NameStack);
  NameStack^.Name := FExpand(InName);
  NameStack^.Next := NIL;
End Else Begin
  InName := Copy(InName,Succ(I),255);
  Assign(NameFile,InName);
  {$I-} Reset(NameFile); {$I+}
  If (IOResult <> 0) Then Begin
    Writeln('File name list "',InName,'" not found. ');
    Halt(1);
  End;

  FSplit(FExpand(InName),Path,Dummy1,Dummy2);
  NameStack := NIL;
  While Not EOF(NameFile) Do
    begin
      readln(namefile,Strng);
      if Strng <> '' then begin
        If (pos('/',Strng) = 0) AND (pos(':',Strng) = 0) then
          Strng := path+Strng;
        New(NS);
        NS^.Next := NameStack;
        NS^.Name := Strng;
        NameStack := NS;
      end;
    end;
End;

List := NIL;          Abort := FALSE;

{PROCESS ALL THE FILES}
While (NameStack <> NIL) Do Begin
  {Pop the stack}
  ns := namestack;
  namestack := ns^.next;

  {Analyse the file}
  analyse(ns^.name,list,error);

  if (error <> 0) then begin
    abort := TRUE;
    writeln;
    writeln('ERROR: ',Error,' ANALYSIS ABORTED');
    writeln;
  end;

  {Kill name}
  dispose(ns);
End;

{DETERMINE IF ANY BLOCK DATA}
ListP := List;  I := 0;
While (ListP <> NIL) Do Begin
  if listp^.tipe = blkctype Then Begin
    Inc(I);
    Str(1:3,Dummy1);
    ListP^.Name := 'BLOCK DATA' + Dummy1;
  End;
  listp := listp^.next;
End;

```

```

{ADD REFERENCES TO BLOCK DATA}
If (I > 0) Then Begin
  listp := list;
  while (listp <> nil) do begin
    If (ListP^.Type <> BlckType) Then Begin
      {ADD CALL TO BLOCKS}
      for p := 1 to i do begin
        New(CrTmp);
        Str(P:3,Dummy1);
        CrTmp^.Name := 'BLOCK DATA' + Dummy1;
        CrTmp^.Line := 0;
        CrTmp^.Refs := NIL;
        CrTmp^.Next := ListP^.Calls;
        ListP^.Calls := CrTmp;
      end;
    End;
    ListP := ListP^.Next;
  end;
End;

{$IFDEF DoXRef}
{Determine if O.K. to continue}
If Not Abort Then Begin
  CrossReference(List);
End;
{$ENDIF}

Writeln(Out);
SortProcs(List);

{Sort the common blocks, and collect unique common block list}
Ltmp := List;
New(ComRoot); {Dummy 1st}
ComRoot^.Next := NIL;
While (Ltmp <> NIL) Do Begin
  sortcommon(ltmp^.common);

  {Merge the main and the sorted list}
  comtmp := comroot^.next; comlast := comroot;
  comnew := ltmp^.common;
  while (comnew <> NIL) Do begin
    If (ComTmp = NIL) OR (ComTmp^.Name > ComNew^.Name) Then Begin
      {ITEM DOES NOT APPEAR, SO INSERT A COPY}
      new(comcom);
      comlast^.next := comcom;
      comcom^.name := comnew^.name;
      comcom^.refs := comnew^.refs;
      comcom^.next := comtmp;
      comlast := comcom;
      comnew := comnew^.next;
    End Else If (ComTmp^.Name < ComNew^.Name) Then Begin
      {NOT IN 2nd LIST}
      comlast := comtmp;
      comtmp := comtmp^.next
    End Else Begin
      {ITEM EXISTS, SKIP TO NEXT}
      comlast := comtmp;
      comtmp := comtmp^.next;
      comnew := comnew^.next;
    End;
  end;

  ltmp := ltmp^.next;
End;

{Remove dummy 1st}
ComTmp := ComRoot;
ComRoot := ComRoot^.Next;
Dispose(ComTmp);

```

```

(Output for the moment)
If Outname = '' then outname := 'TEST';
Assign(OutFile,OutName);
GetMem(OutBuf,20000);
SetTextBuf(OutFile,OutBuf^,20000);
Rewrite(OutFile);

(reverse list)
( llast := nil;
while list <> nil do begin
  ltmp := list^.next;
  list^.next := llast;
  llast := list;
  list := ltmp;
end;
list := llast;
)
(DISPLAY THE COMMON BLOCKS)
Writeln(OutFile,'SYSTEM COMMON BLOCKS');
Writeln(OutFile,'=====');
While (ComRoot <> NIL) Do Begin
  writeln(outfile,comroot^.name);
  cbrec := comroot^.refs;
  while (cbrec <> NIL) do begin
    Writeln(OutFile,' *',CbRec^.V^.Name);
    cbrec := cbrec^.next;
  end;
  writeln(outfile);

  comtmp := comroot;
  comroot := comroot^.next;
  dispose(comtmp);
End;

(DISPLAY THE BODY)
Writeln(OutFile,'SYSTEM PROCEDURES, FUNCTIONS AND PROGRAM');
Writeln(OutFile,'=====');
While (List <> NIL) Do Begin
  with list^ do begin
    (OUTPUT THE DATA)
    (THE MAIN/SUBR/FUNC NAME AND PARAMETERS)
    Writeln(OutFile,Name,' ':31-Length(Name),Type);
    While (Params <> NIL) Do
      begin
        cbrec := params;
        params := params^.next;
        with cbrec^.v^ do begin
          Write(Outfile,' => ',Name,' ':31-Length(Name));
          If ((Usage AND RefBit) = RefBit)
            Then Write(Outfile,'R')
            Else Write(Outfile,'r');
          If ((Usage AND AssBit) = AssBit)
            Then Writeln(Outfile,'A')
            Else Writeln(Outfile,'a');
        end;
        dispose(cbrec);
      end;
    Writeln(Outfile);

    Writeln(Outfile,'BLOCKS=',NumB); I := 1;
    While (Common <> NIL) Do Begin
      writeln(outfile,I:3,' ') ,Common^.Name);
      while (common^.refs <> NIL) do begin
        cbrec := common^.refs;
        common^.refs := cbrec^.next;
        with cbrec^.v^ do begin
          Write(Outfile,' *',Name,' ':31-Length(Name));
          Display_Type(Usage,Type);
          Write(Outfile,' ');
          Display_Usage(Usage);
          Writeln(Outfile,' (',Type:4,' ',Usage:4,')');
        end;
      end;
    end;
  end;
end;

```

```

        end;
        dispose(cbrec);
    end;

    comtmp := common;
    common := common^.next;
    dispose(comtmp);
    inc(i);
End;
Writeln(Outfile);

Writeln(Outfile,'PROCEDURE AND FUNCTION CALLS');
{$IFDEF DoXRef}
While (Clist <> NIL) Do Begin
    if (clist^.c^.tipe <> blkctype) then
        writeln(outfile,' > ',Clist^.C^.Name);
    ctmp := clist;
    clist := ctmp^.next;
    dispose(ctmp);
End;
{$ENDIF}

While (Calls <> NIL) Do Begin
    with calls^ do begin
        If (Pos('BLOCK DATA',Name) = 0) Then
            Writeln(Outfile,' > ',Name,' ':31-Length(Name),'Line : ',Line);
        While (Refs <> NIL) Do Begin
            if refs^.v <> NIL
                then writeln(outfile,' *',refs^.v^.name)
                else writeln(outfile,' *');
            tmpref := refs;
            refs := tmpref^.next;
            dispose(tmpref);
        End;
    end;

    {NEXT REFERENCE}
    crttmp := calls;
    calls := crttmp^.next;
    dispose(crttmp);
End;

Writeln(Outfile);

Writeln(Outfile,'VARIABLES=',NumV:4,' . NAME          Tp Cm Usage');
While (Vars <> NIL) Do Begin
    With Vars^ Do Begin
        write(outfile,Name,' ':31-Length(Name),' ');

        {DISPLAY EXPLICIT OR IMPLICIT TYPE}
        if (tipe >= impltype) then
            if (usage = callbit) then write(outfile,' ') else write(outfile,'+')
            else write(outfile,' ');

        display_type(usage,tipe);

        if (common <> 0) then write(outfile,' ',common:3,' ')
            else write(outfile,' ');

        display_usage(usage);
        write(outfile,' ',usage:3);

        {DISPLAY THE DIMENSIONS (IF ANY)}
        if dimension = NIL then writeln(outfile) else begin
            Write(Outfile,' Dimensions=');
            Repeat
                if (dimension^.d = minint)
                    then write(outfile,'*')
                    else write(outfile,dimension^.d);
                tmpdim := dimension;
                dimension := dimension^.next;
            Until dimension = NIL;
        End;
    End;
End;

```



```

Type BigString = String[255];
Strings = String[30];

DimPtr = ^DimRec;
DimRec = Record
  D : LongInt;
  Next : DimPtr;
End;

Variable = ^VarRec;
VarRec = Record
  Name : Strings;
  Type : Byte; {0=Unknown, 1=Integer, 2=Real, 3=Complex, 4=Byte}
  Usage : Word; {Bits: 0=Referenced, 1=Assigned, 2=Parameter}
  Common : Word; {Array reference to common block, or parameter}
  Dimension : DimPtr;
  Next : Variable;
  {number if the variable is a parameter.}
End;

IntPtr = ^IntRec;
IntRec = Record
  V : Variable;
  Next : IntPtr;
End;

RefPtr = ^RefRec;
RefRec = Record
  V : Variable;
  APos : Boolean; {ARRAY POSITION}
  Next : RefPtr;
End;

CBPtr = ^CBType;
CBType = Record
  Name : Strings;
  Refs : IntPtr;
  Next : CBPtr;
End;

CallPtr = ^CallRec;
CallRec = Record
  Name : Strings;
  Line : Word;
  Refs : RefPtr;
  Next : CallPtr;
End;

Sets = Set Of 'A'..'Z';

NamePtr = ^NameRec;
NameRec = Record
  Name : BigString;
  Next : NamePtr;
End;

CPtr = ^CRec;
ListPtr = ^ListRec;
ListRec = Record
  Name : Strings;
  Fyl : BigString;
  Tipe : Byte;
  Params : IntPtr;
  Common : CBPtr;
  Vars : Variable;
  Calls : CallPtr;
  CList : CPtr;
  NumV,
  NumB : Word;
  Next : ListPtr;
End;

```

```

CRec = Record
  C      : ListPtr;
  Next  : CPtr;
End;

```

```

LinePtr = ^LineRec;
LineRec = Record
  Line  : BigString;
  Next  : LinePtr;
End;

```

```

Var IntrinsicV      : Array[1..100] Of String[6];
    NIntrin         : Word;
    LogFlag, NOLFlag : Boolean;
    Out              : Text;

```

Implementation

Begin

```

NIntrin := 0;
Inc(NIntrin); IntrinsicV[NIntrin] := 'ABS';
Inc(NIntrin); IntrinsicV[NIntrin] := 'ACOS';
Inc(NIntrin); IntrinsicV[NIntrin] := 'AIMAG';
Inc(NIntrin); IntrinsicV[NIntrin] := 'AINT';
Inc(NIntrin); IntrinsicV[NIntrin] := 'ALOG';
Inc(NIntrin); IntrinsicV[NIntrin] := 'ALOG10';
Inc(NIntrin); IntrinsicV[NIntrin] := 'AMAX0';
Inc(NIntrin); IntrinsicV[NIntrin] := 'AMAX1';
Inc(NIntrin); IntrinsicV[NIntrin] := 'AMINO';
Inc(NIntrin); IntrinsicV[NIntrin] := 'AMIN1';
Inc(NIntrin); IntrinsicV[NIntrin] := 'AMOD';
Inc(NIntrin); IntrinsicV[NIntrin] := 'AND';
Inc(NIntrin); IntrinsicV[NIntrin] := 'ANINT';
Inc(NIntrin); IntrinsicV[NIntrin] := 'ASIN';
Inc(NIntrin); IntrinsicV[NIntrin] := 'ATAN';
Inc(NIntrin); IntrinsicV[NIntrin] := 'ATAN2';
Inc(NIntrin); IntrinsicV[NIntrin] := 'BTEST';
Inc(NIntrin); IntrinsicV[NIntrin] := 'CABS';
Inc(NIntrin); IntrinsicV[NIntrin] := 'CCOS';
Inc(NIntrin); IntrinsicV[NIntrin] := 'CEXP';
Inc(NIntrin); IntrinsicV[NIntrin] := 'CHAR';
Inc(NIntrin); IntrinsicV[NIntrin] := 'CLOG';
Inc(NIntrin); IntrinsicV[NIntrin] := 'CPLX';
Inc(NIntrin); IntrinsicV[NIntrin] := 'CONJG';
Inc(NIntrin); IntrinsicV[NIntrin] := 'COS';
Inc(NIntrin); IntrinsicV[NIntrin] := 'COSH';
Inc(NIntrin); IntrinsicV[NIntrin] := 'CSIN';
Inc(NIntrin); IntrinsicV[NIntrin] := 'CSQRT';
Inc(NIntrin); IntrinsicV[NIntrin] := 'CTAN';
Inc(NIntrin); IntrinsicV[NIntrin] := 'DABS';
Inc(NIntrin); IntrinsicV[NIntrin] := 'DACOS';
Inc(NIntrin); IntrinsicV[NIntrin] := 'DASIN';
Inc(NIntrin); IntrinsicV[NIntrin] := 'DATAN';
Inc(NIntrin); IntrinsicV[NIntrin] := 'DATAN2';
Inc(NIntrin); IntrinsicV[NIntrin] := 'DBLE';
Inc(NIntrin); IntrinsicV[NIntrin] := 'DCOS';
Inc(NIntrin); IntrinsicV[NIntrin] := 'DCOSH';
Inc(NIntrin); IntrinsicV[NIntrin] := 'DDIM';
Inc(NIntrin); IntrinsicV[NIntrin] := 'DEXP';
Inc(NIntrin); IntrinsicV[NIntrin] := 'DIM';
Inc(NIntrin); IntrinsicV[NIntrin] := 'DINT';
Inc(NIntrin); IntrinsicV[NIntrin] := 'DLOG';
Inc(NIntrin); IntrinsicV[NIntrin] := 'DLOG10';
Inc(NIntrin); IntrinsicV[NIntrin] := 'DMAX1';
Inc(NIntrin); IntrinsicV[NIntrin] := 'DMIN1';
Inc(NIntrin); IntrinsicV[NIntrin] := 'DMOD';
Inc(NIntrin); IntrinsicV[NIntrin] := 'DNINT';
Inc(NIntrin); IntrinsicV[NIntrin] := 'DPROD';
Inc(NIntrin); IntrinsicV[NIntrin] := 'DSIGN';
Inc(NIntrin); IntrinsicV[NIntrin] := 'DSIN';
Inc(NIntrin); IntrinsicV[NIntrin] := 'DSINH';
Inc(NIntrin); IntrinsicV[NIntrin] := 'DSQRT';

```

```

Inc(NIntrin);      IntrinsicV[NIntrin] := 'DTAN';
Inc(NIntrin);      IntrinsicV[NIntrin] := 'DTANH';
Inc(NIntrin);      IntrinsicV[NIntrin] := 'EXP';
Inc(NIntrin);      IntrinsicV[NIntrin] := 'FLOAT';
Inc(NIntrin);      IntrinsicV[NIntrin] := 'IABS';
Inc(NIntrin);      IntrinsicV[NIntrin] := 'IAND';
Inc(NIntrin);      IntrinsicV[NIntrin] := 'IBCLR';
Inc(NIntrin);      IntrinsicV[NIntrin] := 'IBITS';
Inc(NIntrin);      IntrinsicV[NIntrin] := 'IBSET';
Inc(NIntrin);      IntrinsicV[NIntrin] := 'ICHAR';
Inc(NIntrin);      IntrinsicV[NIntrin] := 'IDIM';
Inc(NIntrin);      IntrinsicV[NIntrin] := 'IDINT';
Inc(NIntrin);      IntrinsicV[NIntrin] := 'IDNINT';
Inc(NIntrin);      IntrinsicV[NIntrin] := 'IEOR';
Inc(NIntrin);      IntrinsicV[NIntrin] := 'IFIX';
Inc(NIntrin);      IntrinsicV[NIntrin] := 'INDEX';
Inc(NIntrin);      IntrinsicV[NIntrin] := 'INT';
Inc(NIntrin);      IntrinsicV[NIntrin] := 'IOR';
Inc(NIntrin);      IntrinsicV[NIntrin] := 'ISHFT';
Inc(NIntrin);      IntrinsicV[NIntrin] := 'ISHFTC';
Inc(NIntrin);      IntrinsicV[NIntrin] := 'ISIGN';
Inc(NIntrin);      IntrinsicV[NIntrin] := 'LEN';
Inc(NIntrin);      IntrinsicV[NIntrin] := 'LGE';
Inc(NIntrin);      IntrinsicV[NIntrin] := 'LGT';
Inc(NIntrin);      IntrinsicV[NIntrin] := 'LLE';
Inc(NIntrin);      IntrinsicV[NIntrin] := 'LLT';
Inc(NIntrin);      IntrinsicV[NIntrin] := 'LOG';
Inc(NIntrin);      IntrinsicV[NIntrin] := 'LOG10';
Inc(NIntrin);      IntrinsicV[NIntrin] := 'MAX';
Inc(NIntrin);      IntrinsicV[NIntrin] := 'MAX0';
Inc(NIntrin);      IntrinsicV[NIntrin] := 'MAX1';
Inc(NIntrin);      IntrinsicV[NIntrin] := 'MIN';
Inc(NIntrin);      IntrinsicV[NIntrin] := 'MIN0';
Inc(NIntrin);      IntrinsicV[NIntrin] := 'MIN1';
Inc(NIntrin);      IntrinsicV[NIntrin] := 'MOD';
Inc(NIntrin);      IntrinsicV[NIntrin] := 'NINT';
Inc(NIntrin);      IntrinsicV[NIntrin] := 'NOT';
Inc(NIntrin);      IntrinsicV[NIntrin] := 'OR';
Inc(NIntrin);      IntrinsicV[NIntrin] := 'REAL';
Inc(NIntrin);      IntrinsicV[NIntrin] := 'SIGN';
Inc(NIntrin);      IntrinsicV[NIntrin] := 'SIN';
Inc(NIntrin);      IntrinsicV[NIntrin] := 'SINH';
Inc(NIntrin);      IntrinsicV[NIntrin] := 'SNGL';
Inc(NIntrin);      IntrinsicV[NIntrin] := 'SQRT';
Inc(NIntrin);      IntrinsicV[NIntrin] := 'TAN';
Inc(NIntrin);      IntrinsicV[NIntrin] := 'TANH';
Inc(NIntrin);      IntrinsicV[NIntrin] := 'XOR';
End.

```

"SAPFANAL.PAS"

```

{$DEFINE Debug}
{$UNDEF Debug}

```

```

{-----}
{ This is the first version of my Semi-Automatic Parallelisation of Fortran. }
{ Date   : 25 September 1989 }
{ Author : A.M.Schuilenburg }
{ }
Unit SAPFANALYSE;

```

```
Interface
```

```

Uses Crt, SAPFConstants;
Procedure Analyse(InName      : BigString;
                  Var Root    : ListPtr;
                  Var ENo     : Word);

```

```
Procedure RefVariable(RefToken : Strings; Ref : Word; Var Call : Boolean);
```

Implementation

```

Type ConstantPtr = ^ConstantRec;
   ConstantRec = Record
     V      : Variable;
     Val   : Real;
     Next  : ConstantPtr;
   End;

Var
  InFile      : Text;           {FORTRAN input file}
  InBuf       : Pointer;

  Variables   : Array[0..1000] Of VarRec; {List of variable definitions}
  CBlock      : Array[1..100] Of CBType;  {List of common block names}

  TypeSets    : Array[1..6] Of Sets;
  AddSet      : Sets;
  NVars, NBlock, LineNo, Error : Word;   {Counters for array locations}
  BracketCount, LineNum       : Word;   {Counter for handling IF}
  DoLine, NextLine, ContLine  : LinePtr;
  Token, MainName             : Strings;
  MainType, B                 : Byte;
  MainPars                    : IntPtr;
  I, J, K                     : Integer;
  Done                         : Boolean; {Subroutine/Function end}
  CBRec                        : IntPtr;
  CalledRefs                   : CallPtr;
  Constants                   : ConstantPtr;

{-----}
Procedure Show(T : Strings; Doll : LinePtr);
Begin
  write(T, ' ');
  while doll <> NIL do begin
    write(doll^.line);
    doll := doll^.next;
  end;
  writeln('');
End;

{-----}
{ This routine replaces the token on the stack. }
{ }
{ }
Procedure Replace-Token(St : Strings);
Var Temp : LinePtr;
Begin
  If (St <> '') Then Begin
    If (DoLine <> NIL) Then Begin
      If (Length(St) + Length(DoLine^.Line)) < 255
      Then DoLine^.Line := St + ' ' + DoLine^.Line
      Else Begin
        New(Temp);
        Temp^.Line := St;
        Temp^.Next := DoLine;
        DoLine := Temp;
      End;
    End Else Begin
      New(DoLine);
      DoLine^.Line := Token;
      DoLine^.Next := NIL;
    End;
  End;
End;

{-----}
{ This routine removes the leading spaces from LINE. }
{ }
{ }
Procedure Remove_Spaces(Var Doll : LinePtr);
Var L, I : Word;
    Cont : Boolean;

```

```

    Tmp : LinePtr;
Begin
  Cont := TRUE;
  While Cont AND (Doll <> NIL) Do Begin
    with doll^ do begin
      L := Length(Line);  I := 1;
      While (I <= L) AND (Line[I] = ' ') Do Inc(I);
      Delete(Line,1,Pred(I));
    end;

    if doll^.line = '' then begin
      tmp := doll;
      doll := doll^.next;
      dispose(tmp);
    end else begin
      cont := FALSE;
      if (doll^.next <> NIL) then
        if (length(doll^.line) + length(doll^.next^.line)) < 255 then begin
          tmp := doll^.next;
          doll^.next := tmp^.next;
          doll^.line := doll^.line + tmp^.line;
          dispose(tmp);
        end;
      end;
    end;
  End;
End;

{-----}
{ This procedure will get a parameter from the list of parameters left in }
{ LINE. }
{ }
{ }
Procedure FixParameter(Var BracketCount : Word);
Var I, J : Word;
    Temp, Tmp : LinePtr;
    TempStr : BigString;
Begin
  Temp := DoLine;

  {$IFDEF Debug}
  writeln('IN FIXPARAMETER');
  writeln('Line "',Temp^.Line,'"');
  {$ENDIF}

  (DO A Bracket Count)
  Repeat
    I := 1; J := Length(Temp^.Line);
    Repeat
      If (Temp^.Line[I] = '(') Then Inc(BracketCount)
      Else If (Temp^.Line[I] = ')') Then Dec(BracketCount);

      Inc(I);
    Until (I > J) OR (BracketCount=0);
    If (BracketCount <> 0) Then Temp := Temp^.Next;
  Until (BracketCount = 0) OR (Temp = NIL);

  If (BracketCount = 0) Then Begin
    TempStr := Copy(Temp^.Line,1,255);
    Delete(Temp^.Line,1,255);

    {Remove spaces from nextline}
    J := Length(TempStr);  I := 1;
    While (I <= J) AND (TempStr[I] = ' ') Do Inc(I);
    Delete(TempStr,1,Pred(I));

    {Remove rest of line, adding onto CONTLINE}
    ContLine := Temp^.Next;
    Temp^.Next := NIL;

    {Add to beginning of the rest}
    If (TempStr <> '') Then Begin
      if tempstr[1] in Digits then tempstr := 'GOTO ' + tempstr;

```

```

new(temp);
temp^.line := tempstr;
temp^.next := contline;
contline := temp;
remove_spaces(contline);
End;
End;

{$IFDEF Debug}
writeln('BRACKETCOUNT = ',bracketcount);
show('Line',DoLine);
show('Cont',ContLine);
{$ENDIF}
End;

{-----}
{ This procedure will remove the boolean operations from the LINE. }
{ }
{ }
Procedure Remove_Boolean_Ops;
Var I, J : Word;
    OP : Strings;
    Doll : LinePtr;
Begin

{$IFDEF Debug}
writeln('IN IF, REMOVING BOOLEAN OPS');
show('Line',doline);
{$ENDIF}

{Remove the boolean operations}
Doll := DoLine;
While (Doll <> NIL) Do Begin
  I := Pos('.',Doll^.Line);
  While (I > 0) Do Begin
    j := pos('.',copy(doll^.line,succ(i),length(doll^.line)));
    if j > 0 then begin
      OP := Copy(Doll^.Line,Succ(I),Pred(J));
      If (OP = 'LT') OR (OP = 'LE') OR (OP = 'EQ') OR
        (OP = 'GE') OR (OP = 'GT') OR (OP = 'OR') OR
        (OP = 'AND') OR (OP = 'NOT') OR (OP = 'NE') OR
        (OP = 'FALSE') OR (OP = 'TRUE') Then Begin
        Delete(Doll^.Line,I,J); {REMOVE BOOLEAN ".OP"}
        Doll^.Line[I] := ' '; {PUT " " OVER "."}
        Doll^.Line := Copy(Doll^.Line,1,I) + '0 ' + Copy(Doll^.Line,Succ(I),255);
        I := Pos('.',Doll^.Line);
      End Else I := J + 1;
    End Else I := 0;
  End;
  Doll := Doll^.Next;
End;
End;

{-----}
{ This is the procedure that reads LINE from the input file. }
{ }
{ }
Procedure ReadLine;
Var Rd : Boolean;
    I : Word;
    St : Strings;
    Ln : BigString;
    Last, This : LinePtr;
Begin
  (TRANSFER LINE READ AHEAD TO CURRENT LINE)
  If (ContLine <> NIL) Then Begin
    DoLine := ContLine;
    ContLine := NIL;
  End Else Begin
    DoLine := NextLine;
    NextLine := NIL;
    LineNo := LineNum;
  End;

```

```

If DoLine = NIL Then Exit;
Last := DoLine; While (Last^.Next <> NIL) Do Last := Last^.Next;

{READ IN NEXT LINE (LINE AHEAD)}
Repeat
  {GET A VALID LINE}
  Rd := FALSE;
  Repeat
    ReadLn(InFile, Ln);
    Inc(LineNum);
    If (Ln <> '') AND (UpCase(Ln[1]) <> 'C') Then Rd := TRUE;
  Until Rd OR EOF(InFile);

  {REMOVE TABS}
  I := Pos(#9, Ln);
  While (I <> 0) Do Begin
    Ln := Copy(Ln, 1, Pred(I)) + ' ' + Copy(Ln, Succ(I), 255);
    I := Pos(#9, Ln);
  End;

  {MAKE UPPER CASE}
  For I := 1 To Length(Ln) Do Ln[I] := Upcase(Ln[I]);

  {CHECK IF LINE IF CONTINUATION}
  Rd := (Copy(Ln, 6, 1) <> ' ');
  Delete(Ln, 1, 6);

  {REMOVE BOOLEAN VALUES}
  I := Pos('.', Ln);
  While (I <> 0) Do Begin
    j := pos('.', copy(ln, succ(i), 255));
    if (j <> 0) then begin
      {POSSIBLE BOOLEAN}
      St := Copy(Ln, Succ(I), Pred(J));
      If (St = 'FALSE') OR (St = 'TRUE') Then Begin
        {REPLACE WITH DIGIT}
        Delete(Ln, I, J);
        Ln[I] := '0';
      End;
    end else i := 0;
    i := i+j;
  End;

  {REMOVE STUFF BETWEEN QUOTES}
  I := Pos('\"', Ln);
  While (I <> 0) Do Begin
    j := pos('\"', copy(ln, succ(i), 255));
    if (j <> 0) then begin
      Delete(Ln, I, Succ(J));
    end else i := 0;
    i := i+j;
  End;

  {ADD WHERE APPROPRIATE}
  If (Ln <> '') Then Begin
    new(this);
    this^.line := ln;
    this^.next := NIL;
    if rd then begin {CONTINUATION OF CURRENT LINE}
      last^.next := this;
      last := this;
    end else {NEXT LINE} nextline := this;
  End;
Until (NextLine <> NIL) OR EOF(InFile);

Remove_Spaces(DoLine);
End;
{$IFDEF Debug}
writeln('*****READLINE*****');
show('Line', doline);
writeln;

```

```

show('Next',nextline);
writeln('*****');
{$ENDIF}

End;

{-----}
{ This routine searches for a variable in the main variable list. If the }
{ variable is not found it returns a 0, otherwise the position in the }
{ array is returned. }
{ }
Function FindVariable(Token : Strings) : Word;
Var Posn : Word;
    Go : Boolean;
Begin
    Posn := 0;    Go := TRUE;
    While (Posn < NVars) AND Go Do
        begin
            inc(posn);
            go := (Variables[Posn].Name <> Token);
        end;
    If Go Then FindVariable := 0
        Else FindVariable := Posn;
End;

{-----}
{ This routine is used to sort the variables (through a bubble sort). }
{ }
Procedure Sort_Variables;
Var Temp : VarRec;
    N, I : Word;
    NoSwap : Boolean;
Begin
    If (NVars > 1) Then Begin
        N := Pred(NVars);
        Repeat
            NoSwap := TRUE;
            For I := 1 To N Do
                if (Variables[I].Name > Variables[Succ(I)].Name) Then begin
                    Temp := Variables[I];
                    Variables[I] := Variables[Succ(I)];
                    Variables[Succ(I)] := Temp;
                    NoSwap := FALSE;
                end;
            Dec(N);
        Until NoSwap;
    End;
End;

{-----}
{ This routine will remove a number from LINE. }
{ }
Procedure Remove_Number(Var Line : BigString; Var Num : Strings);
Var L, I : Word;
Begin
    L := Length(Line);    I := 1;

    {REMOVE LEADING DIGITS}
    While (I <= L) AND (Line[I] IN Digits) Do Inc(I);

    If (I <= L) Then Begin
        If Line[I] = '.' Then Inc(I);

        {REMOVE TRAILING DIGITS}
        While (I <= L) AND (Line[I] IN Digits) Do Inc(I);

        If (I <= L) AND (Line[I] IN ['E','F','D']) Then Begin {REMOVE MANTISSA}
            I := I + 2;    {Kill mantissa and possible sign}
            While (I <= L) AND (Line[I] IN Digits) Do Inc(I);
        End;
    End;
End;

```

```

Dec(I);
Num := Copy(Line,1,I);
Delete(Line,1,I);
End;

{-----}
{ This procedure is used to extract a the TOKEN from LINE. }
{ }
Procedure Extract_Token(Var Line : BigString; Var Result : Strings);
Var I, J, L : Word;
Begin
  I := 1; J := 0; L := Length(Line);
  While (I <= L) AND (Line[I] IN ValidChars) Do Begin
    Inc(J);
    Result[J] := Line[I];
    Inc(I);
  End;
  Delete(Line,I-J,J);
  Result[0] := Char(J);

  {REMOVE LEADING SPACES FROM LINE}
  I := 1; L := Length(Line);
  While (I <= L) AND (Line[I] = ' ') Do Inc(I);
  Delete(Line,1,Pred(I));
End;

{-----}
{ This function is used to evaluate the arithmetic expression passed. }
{ }
Function Evaluate(Var Error : Boolean) : Real;
Type ValPtr = ^ValRec;
ValRec = Record
  Val : Real;
  Next : ValPtr;
End;

OpPtr = ^OpRec;
OpRec = Record
  Op : Char;
  Next : OpPtr;
End;

Var Ops : OpPtr;
Vals : ValPtr;

Procedure PushVal(V : Real);
Var Tmp : ValPtr;
Begin
  New(Tmp);
  With Tmp^ Do Begin
    val := V;
    next := Vals;
  End;
  Vals := Tmp;
End;

Procedure PopVal(Var V : Real);
Var Tmp : ValPtr;
Begin
  If (Vals = NIL) Then Begin
    V := 0.0;
  End Else Begin
    Tmp := Vals;
    Vals := Vals^.Next;
    V := Tmp^.Val;
    Dispose(Tmp);
  End;
End;

Procedure PushOp(O : Char);
Var Tmp : OpPtr;

```

```

Begin
  New(Tmp);
  With Tmp^ Do Begin
    op := o;
    next := ops;
  End;
  Ops := Tmp;
End;

Procedure PopOp(Var O : Char);
Var Tmp : OpPtr;
Begin
  If (Ops = NIL) Then Begin
    Error := TRUE;
    O := '(';
  End Else Begin
    Tmp := Ops;
    Ops := Ops^.Next;
    O := Tmp^.Op;
    Dispose(Tmp);
  End;
End;

Function Order(Ch : Char) : Integer;
Begin
  Case Ch Of
    '(' : Order := 0;
    '-', '+' : Order := 1;
    '*', '/' : Order := 2;
    '^' : Order := 3;
  End;
End;

Function Compute(V1 : Real; Ch : Char; V2 : Real) : Real;
Begin
  Case Ch Of
    '^' : Compute := Exp(Ln(V1)*V2);
    '*' : Compute := V1 * V2;
    '/' : Compute := V1 / V2;
    '+' : Compute := V1 + V2;
    '-' : Compute := V1 - V2;
  Else Compute := 0.0;
  End;
End;

Var St : Strings;
    V1, V2 : Real;
    Ch, Ahead : Char;
    Tmp : ConstantPtr;
    IsVariable : Boolean;
    I : Word;
Begin
  {INITIALISE THE STACKS}
  Ops := NIL;
  Vals := NIL;
  Error := FALSE;
  IsVariable := FALSE;

  {Remove any spaces from the line}
  Remove_Spaces(DoLine);

  {Do the evaluation}
  While (DoLine <> NIL) AND (DoLine^.Line <> '') AND
    (DoLine^.Line[1] <> ',') AND (DoLine^.Line[1] <> ':') Do Begin
    If DoLine^.Line[1] In Digits Then Begin
      {Extract the number}
      remove_number(doline^.line,st);
      remove_spaces(doline);

      {Check if valid}
      Val(St,V1,I);
    End;
  End;

```

```

If (I = 0) Then PushVal(V1) Else Begin
  Writeln(Out,'ERROR: Invalid numeric "',st,'"');
  Writeln(Out,'ERROR: Substituting 1 and attempting to continue.');
```

 Error := TRUE;

 PushVal(1.0);

End;

```

End Else If DoLine^.Line[1] IN ['A'..'Z'] Then Begin
  {EXTRACT THE TOKEN}
  Extract_Token(DoLine^.Line,St);
  Remove_Spaces(DoLine);

  {SEARCH FOR THE TOKEN}
  Tmp := Constants;
  While (Tmp <> NIL) AND (Tmp^.V^.Name <> St) Do Tmp := Tmp^.Next;

  {TOKEN FOUND, ADD VALUE}
  If (Tmp <> NIL) Then PushVal(Tmp^.Val) Else Begin
    {Put 0 on the stack}
    PushVal(0.0);

    {Token not valid, check if variable}
    I := FindVariable(St);
    If (I=0) Then Begin
      {Token invalid}
      Writeln(Out,'ERROR: Invalid constant "',st,'" found at line ',LineNo);
      Writeln(Out,'ERROR: Setting Constant Value to 0 and attempting to continue.');
```

 Error := TRUE;

 End Else IsVariable := TRUE; {VARIABLE IN CONSTANT}

End;

```

End Else Begin
  {Get OP}
  Ch := DoLine^.Line[1];
  Delete(DoLine^.Line,1,1);
  Remove_Spaces(DoLine);

  {Check for power}
  If (Ch = '**') AND (DoLine <> NIL) AND (Copy(DoLine^.Line,1,1) = '**') Then Begin
    Ch := '^';
    Delete(DoLine^.Line,1,1);
    Remove_Spaces(DoLine);
  End;
```

```

  {Ensure operand}
  If Ch IN ['+', '-', '*', '/', '^', '(', ')'] Then Begin
    {Check for brackets}
    If (Ch = '(') Then Begin
      PushOp(Ch);
      If (DoLine <> NIL) AND (Copy(DoLine^.Line,1,1) = '-')
        Then PushVal(0.0);
    End Else If (Ch = ')') Then Begin
      {Evaluate until a bracket is encountered}
      PopOp(Ch);
      While (Ch <> '(') Do Begin
        If (Vals = NIL) Then Begin
          {ILLEGAL "(" ENCOUNTERED}
          Writeln(Out,'ERROR: Illegal "(" encountered, ignoring');
```

 Ch := '(';

 End Else Begin

 PopVal(V2);

 PopVal(V1);

 PushVal(Compute(V1,Ch,V2));

 PopOp(Ch);

 End;

 End;

 End Else Begin

 If (Ch = '**') AND (Vals = NIL) Then PushVal(MinInt) Else

 If (Ops = NIL) Then PushOp(Ch) Else

 If Order(Ops^.Op) >= Order(Ch) Then Begin

 {Do evaluation, or push on stack}

 PopVal(V2);

```

        PopVal(V1);
        PopOp(Ahead);
        PushVal(Compute(V1,Ahead,V2));
        PushOp(Ch);
    End Else PushOp(Ch);
End;
End Else Begin
    Writeln(Out,'ERROR Illegal operand "',ch,'" in expression. ');
    Writeln(Out,'ERROR Attempting to continue. ');
    Error := TRUE;
End;
End;
End;

While (Ops <> NIL) Do Begin
    PopVal(V2);
    PopVal(V1);
    PopOp(Ahead);
    PushVal(Compute(V1,Ahead,V2));
End;

If Vals = NIL Then Begin
    evaluate := 0;
    error := TRUE;
End Else Begin
    popval(v1);
    if isvariable then v1 := minint;
    if (vals <> NIL) Then Begin
        repeat popval(v2) until vals = NIL;
        Writeln(Out,'ERROR: Expression cannot be evaluated');
        Error := TRUE;
    End;
    evaluate := v1;
End;
End;

{-----}
{ This function returns the next token being read from the input file. }
{ }
Function GetString : Strings;
Var Result, Dummy : Strings;
    Done, LineRead : Boolean;
    I, J, Zero, LB : Word;
    BC : Integer;
    TmpLine : LinePtr;
    Ch : Char;
    BCSet : Boolean;
Begin
    LineRead := FALSE;
    Result := '';

    {Pre-process line}
    While (DoLine <> NIL) AND (DoLine^.Line[1] in MaxDigits) Do Begin
        If DoLine^.Line[1] IN Digits Then Remove_Number(DoLine^.Line,Dummy)
        Else Delete(DoLine^.Line,1,1);
        If (DoLine^.Line = '') Then Begin
            tmpLine := doLine;
            doLine := doLine^.next;
            dispose(tmpLine);
        End;
    End;

    {ENSURE DATA IS THERE}
    If (DoLine = NIL) Then ReadLine Else Begin
        {Find the token}
        Extract_Token(DoLine^.Line,Result);

        {Remove any spaces}
        Remove_Spaces(DoLine);

        {Check for assignment}

```

```

If (DoLine <> NIL) Then Begin
  I := Pos('=',DoLine^.Line);
  If (I <> 0) Then Begin
    Ch := DoLine^.Line[I];
    If (I <> 1) Then
      If (Ch = '(') Then Begin
        {Check for array reference}
        J := 1; bc := 0; BCSet := FALSE; zero := 0;
        While (J < I) Do Begin
          if doline^.line[j] = '(' then begin
            inc(bc);
            bcset := TRUE
          end else if doline^.line[j] = ')' then begin
            dec(bc);
            if (bc=0) then inc(zero);
            bcset := TRUE;
            lb := j;
          end;
          inc(j);
        End;

        If (BC=0) AND BCSet AND (Zero <= 1) Then Begin
          {Test for actual variable, spaces between last bracket and =}
          ch := '=';
          inc(lb);
          while (lb < i) do begin
            if (doline^.line[lb] <> ' ') then ch := ' ';
            inc(lb);
          end;
          End Else Ch := ' ';
        End Else Ch := ' ';

        If (Ch = '=') Then Begin
          Result := Result + '=';
          {ArrayRef := (Pos('(',Copy(DoLine^.Line,1,1)) > 0);}
          DoLine^.Line[I] := ' ';          {MASK OUT ASSIGNMENT}
        End;
      End;
    End;
  End;
End;

{$IFDEF Debug}
writeln('GETSTRING='',result,'');
show('GETSTR LN=',doline);
{$ENDIF}
GetString := Result;
End;

{-----}
{ This function returns the set of letters used by an IMPLICIT statement. }
{
Procedure GetSet(Var Result : Sets);
Var Start, Stop, Sep : Char;
    Tmpline      : LinePtr;
Begin
  Result := [];
  If (Copy(DoLine^.Line,1,1) <> '(') Then Begin
    writeln(out,'ERROR: Error in implicit statement');
  End Else Delete(DoLine^.Line,1,1);
  Remove_Spaces(DoLine);

  While (DoLine <> NIL) AND (Copy(DoLine^.Line,1,1) <> ')') Do
    begin
      if (doline^.line = '') then begin
        Tmpline := DoLine;
        DoLine := Tmpline^.Next;
        Dispose(Tmpline);
      end else begin
        start := doline^.line[1];
        delete(doline^.line,1,1);  remove_spaces(doline);
        sep := doline^.line[1];
      end;
    end;

```

```

    if (sep = ',') then begin
        Result := Result + [Start];
        Delete(DoLine^.Line,1,1);
    end else if (sep = '-') then begin
        Delete(DoLine^.Line,1,1); Remove_Spaces(DoLine);
        Stop := DoLine^.Line[1];
        Result := Result + [Start..Stop];
        Delete(DoLine^.Line,1,1);
    end else if (sep = ')') then begin
        Result := Result + [Start];
    end;
    remove_spaces(doline);
end;
end;

{REMOVE THE BRACKET}
If (DoLine <> NIL) Then Begin
    Delete(DoLine^.Line,1,1);
    Remove_Spaces(DoLine);
End;
End;

{-----}
{ This procedure is used to fix the set types in an IMPLICIT. }
{ }
Procedure FixSets(No : Byte);
Var AddSet : Sets;
    I : Word;
Begin
    I := Pos('(',DoLine^.Line);
    Delete(DoLine^.Line,1,Pred(I));
    GetSet(AddSet);
    For I := 1 To 6 Do
        if (i = no) then typesets[i] := typesets[i] + addset
            else typesets[i] := typesets[i] - addset
    End;
}
{-----}
{ This function will return TRUE if the name passed is an intrinsic function }
{ and FALSE otherwise. }
{ }
Function Intrinsic(Token : Strings) : Boolean;
Var Top, Bottom, Look : Word;
    Result : Boolean;
Begin
    Top := NIntrin;
    Bottom := 1;

    Result := FALSE;
    Repeat
        look := (top + bottom) div 2;
        if (intrinsicv[look] = token) then Result := TRUE else begin
            If IntrinsicV[Look] > Token
                Then Top := Pred(Look)
                Else Bottom := Succ(Look);
        end;
    Until Result OR (Top < Bottom);

    Intrinsic := Result;
End;

{-----}
{ This routine simply adds a variable to the main variable list. }
{ }
Procedure AddVariable(Token : Strings;
    T : Byte;
    U : Word;
    C : Word);
Var Add : Boolean;
    I, L : Word;

```

```

Begin
  Add := TRUE; L := Length(Token);
  If (DoLine^.Line[1] = '(') Then Begin {CHECK NOT INTRINSIC FUNCTION}
    Add := Not Intrinsic(Token);
  End;

  If Add Then Begin
    {$IFDEF Debug}
    writeln('Adding ',token,'');
    show('Line',doline);
    {$ENDIF}

    Inc(NVars);
    With Variables[NVars] Do Begin
      name := token;
      tipe := t;
      usage := u;
      common := c;
      dimension := NIL;
    End;
  End;
End;

{-----}
{ This procedure is used to issue a set a variable definition. }
{ }
{ }
Procedure SetVariable(RefToken : Strings; Ref : Word);
Var I, BC : Word;
    N : CallPtr;
Begin
  {$IFDEF Debug}
  writeln('IN SETVARIABLE ',reftoken,' : ',ref);
  {$ENDIF}

  I := FindVariable(RefToken);
  If (I > 0) Then Begin
    Variables[I].Usage := (Variables[I].Usage OR Ref);
    Ref := Variables[I].Usage;
  End Else Begin
    AddVariable(RefToken,UnKnType,Ref,0);
    I := NVars;
  End;

  {$IFDEF Debug}
  writeln('OUT SETVARIABLE ',RefToken,'');
  {$ENDIF}
End;

{-----}
{ This procedure adds the variables in brackets which is an offeset to an }
{ array position. }
{ }
{ }
Procedure Add_Array_Refs;
Var BC, I, L : Word;
    Token, Dummy : Strings;
    Got, DelComma, CallFlag : Boolean;
    Tmpline : LinePtr;
Begin
  {ACTUAL PARAMETER EXTRACTION LOOP}
  BC := 0; DelComma := FALSE;

  {$IFDEF Debug}
  writeln('adding array index reference');
  {$ENDIF}

  L := Length(DoLine^.Line); I := 1;
  Repeat

  {$IFDEF Debug}
  write(copy(doline^.line,1,pred(i))); highvideo; write(doline^.line[i]); lowvideo;

```

```

writeln(copy(doline^.line,succ(i),255));
{$ENDIF}

if (i > l) then begin
  {INPUT THE CONTINUATION LINE}
  TmpLine := DoLine;
  DoLine := TmpLine^.Next;
  Dispose(TmpLine);

  If (DoLine = NIL) Then Begin
    writeln(out,'ERROR: Invalid array reference at line ',LineNo);
    writeln(out,'ERROR: Skipped to next line');
    bc := 0;
  End Else Begin
    If DelComma AND (Copy(DoLine^.Line,1,1) = ',') Then
      Delete(DoLine^.Line,1,1);
    L := Length(DoLine^.Line); I := 1;
  End;
end else begin
  If (DoLine^.Line[I] = '(') Then Begin
    inc(bc);
    inc(i);
  End Else If (DoLine^.Line[I] = ')') Then Begin
    dec(bc);
    inc(i);
  End Else Begin {TRY AND EXTRACT ARRAY INDEX}
    {Ettempt extract}
    got := FALSE; token := '';
    repeat

{$IFDEF Debug}
writeln('extracting array index token');
{$ENDIF}

    If (DoLine^.Line[I] IN Digits + ['.']) Then Begin
      Delete(DoLine^.Line,1,Pred(I));
      Remove_Number(DoLine^.Line,Dummy);
      If Copy(DoLine^.Line,1,1) = 'H' Then Begin
        {TEXT PARAMETER}
        Val(Dummy,I,L);
        If (L = 0) Then delete(doline^.line,1,succ(i)) {REMOVE CHARS}
        Else Begin
          Writeln(Out,'ERROR: Invalid text string size "',dummy,'" at line ',LineNo);
          Writeln(Out,'ERROR: Attempting to continue.');
```

```

        Remove_Spaces(DoLine);
        L := Length(DoLine^.Line); I := 1;
    End Else Begin
        writeln(out,'ERROR: Invalid character "',DoLine^.Line[I]," encountered at line ',LineNo);
        writeln(out,'ERROR: Skipped to next line');
        delete(doline^.line,1,pred(i));
        got := TRUE;
    End;
until got or (i > l);

{$IFDEF Debug}
writeln('index token is "',token,'"');
{$ENDIF}

        (Set reference)
        if (token <> '') then RefVariable(Token,RefBit,CallFlag);

{$IFDEF Debug}
show('added index reference, line is',doline);
{$ENDIF}

        (Remove Comma if one exists)
        If (Copy(DoLine^.Line,1,1) = ',') Then Begin
            Delete(DoLine^.Line,1,1);
            DelComma := FALSE;
            L := Length(DoLine^.Line); I := 1;
        End Else DelComma := TRUE;
    End;
end;
Until (BC = 0);

(Remove what was processed)
Delete(DoLine^.Line,1,Pred(1));
Remove_Spaces(DoLine);

{$IFDEF Debug}
show('done add array index, line is',doline);
{$ENDIF}
End;

{-----}
{ This procedure adds the variables in brackets which may be parameters to }
{ a function call. }
{ }
{ }
Procedure Add_Parameters(Var Param : RefPtr);
Var BC, I, J, K, L : Word;
    Token, Dummy : Strings;
    LastPtr, NewPtr : RefPtr;
    Got, DelComma, NextParam, ParamAdded, CallFlag : Boolean;
    Tmpline : LinePtr;
Begin
    (SET UP PARAMETER LIST)
    LastPtr := Param;
    If (LastPtr <> NIL) Then
        While (LastPtr^.Next <> NIL) Do LastPtr := LastPtr^.Next;

    (ACTUAL PARAMETER EXTRACTION LOOP)
    If DoLine = NIL Then Exit;
    BC := 0; L := Length(DoLine^.Line);
    I := 1; LastPtr := NIL;

    DelComma := FALSE; NextParam := TRUE; ParamAdded := FALSE;

{$IFDEF Debug}
writeln('adding parameter');
{$ENDIF}

    Repeat

{$IFDEF Debug}
write(copy(doline^.line,1,pred(i))); highvideo; write(doline^.line[i]); lowvideo;

```

```

writeln(copy(doline^.line,succ(i),255));
($ENDIF)

if (i > l) then begin
  (INPUT THE CONTINUATION LINE)
  TmpLine := DoLine;
  DoLine := TmpLine^.Next;
  Dispose(TmpLine);

  If (DoLine = NIL) Then Begin
    writeln(out,'ERROR: Invalid parameter reference at line ',LineNo);
    writeln(out,'ERROR: Skipped to next line');
    bc := 0;
  End Else Begin
    If DelComma AND (Copy(DoLine^.Line,1,1) = ',') Then Begin
      Delete(DoLine^.Line,1,1);
      NextParam := TRUE;
      ParamAdded := FALSE;
      DelComma := FALSE;
      J := 0;
    End;
    L := Length(DoLine^.Line); I := 1;
  End;
end else begin
  If (DoLine^.Line[I] = '(') Then Begin
    inc(bc);
    inc(i);
  End Else If (DoLine^.Line[I] = ')') Then Begin
    dec(bc);
    inc(i);
  End Else Begin (TRY AND EXTRACT PARAMETER)
    (Attempt extract)
    got := FALSE; token := '';
    repeat

($IFDEF Debug)
writeln('extracting parameter token');
($ENDIF)

    If (DoLine^.Line[I] IN Digits + ['.']) Then Begin
      Delete(DoLine^.Line,1,Pred(I));
      Remove_Number(DoLine^.Line,Dummy);
      If Copy(DoLine^.Line,1,1) = 'H' Then Begin
        (TEXT PARAMETER)
        Val(Dummy,I,L);
        If (L = 0) Then delete(doline^.line,1,succ(i)) (REMOVE CHARS)
      Else Begin
        Writeln(Out,'ERROR: Invalid text string size "',dummy,'" at line ',LineNo);
        Writeln(Out,'ERROR: Attempting to continue.');
```

```

    inc(k);
    token[k] := doline^.line[i];
    inc(i);
  Until (I > L) OR NOT (DoLine^.Line[I] IN ValidChars) OR Got;

  {SET THE TOKEN}
  Got := TRUE;
  Token[0] := Chr(K);

  {REMOVE TOKEN FROM LINE}
  Delete(DoLine^.Line,1,Pred(I));
  Remove_Spaces(DoLine);
  L := Length(DoLine^.Line); I := 1;
End Else Begin
  writeln(out,'ERROR: Invalid character "',DoLine^.Line[I]," encountered at line ',LineNo);
  writeln(out,'ERROR: Skipped to next line');
  delete(doline^.line,1,pred(i));
  got := TRUE;
End;
until got or (i > l);

{Set reference}
if (token = '') then begin
  J := 0; CallFlag := FALSE;
  If ParamAdded Then If (LastPtr^.V^.Name <> '')
    Then SetVariable(LastPtr^.V^.Name,RefBit);
end else
if not nextparam then begin
  RefVariable(Token,RefBit,CallFlag);
  L := Length(DoLine^.Line); I := 1;

  {PARAMETER A REFERENCE, WILL BE DELETED SO UPDATE}
  If ParamAdded Then If (LastPtr^.V^.Name <> '')
    Then SetVariable(LastPtr^.V^.Name,RefBit);

  J := 0;
end else begin
  RefVariable(Token,NoBit,CallFlag);
  L := Length(DoLine^.Line); I := 1;
  J := FindVariable(Token);
end;

{Add item to list}
if not paramadded then begin
  New(NewPtr);
  NewPtr^.APosn := CallFlag;
  NewPtr^.Next := NIL;
  If (Param = NIL)
    then Param := NewPtr
    else LastPtr^.Next := NewPtr;
  LastPtr := NewPtr;
  ParamAdded := TRUE;
  NextParam := FALSE;
end;

{$IFDEF Debug}
writeln('token is "',token,'"');
{$ENDIF}

{SET VARIABLE POINTER}
LastPtr^.V := Addr(Variables[J]);

{$IFDEF Debug}
show('added parameter, line is',doline);
{$ENDIF}

{Remove Comma if one exists}
If (Copy(DoLine^.Line,1,1) = ',') Then Begin
  Delete(DoLine^.Line,1,1);
  DelComma := FALSE;
  L := Length(DoLine^.Line); I := 1;

```

```

        NextParam := TRUE;
        J := 0;
        End Else DelComma := TRUE;

        {Move onto next parameter ?}
        If NextParam Then ParamAdded := FALSE;
        End;
    end;
Until (BC = 0);

{Remove what was processed}
Delete(DoLine^.Line,1,Pred(1));
Remove_Spaces(DoLine);

{$IFDEF Debug}
show('done add parameter, line is',doline);
{$ENDIF}
End;

{-----}
{ This procedure is used to issue a reference to a variable. }
{ }
Procedure RefVariable(RefToken : Strings; Ref : Word; Var Call : Boolean);
Var I, BC : Word;
    N : CallPtr;
    Params : Boolean;
Begin

{$IFDEF Debug}
writeln('IN REFVARIABLE "',reftoken,'" : ',ref);
{$ENDIF}

I := FindVariable(RefToken);
Params := Copy(DoLine^.Line,1,1) = '(';

If (I > 0) Then Begin
    If (Variables[I].Dimension = NIL) AND Params Then
        {BRACKET AND NO DIMENSION INDICATE FUNCTION CALL}
        Ref := Ref + CallBit;

        Variables[I].Usage := (Variables[I].Usage OR Ref);
        Ref := Variables[I].Usage;
    End Else Begin
        If Params Then Begin
            {NOT FOUND AND BRACKET INDICATE FUNCTION CALL}
            Ref := Ref + CallBit;
        End;

        AddVariable(RefToken,UnKnType,Ref,0);
        I := NVars;
    End;

    If Params Then
        If ((Ref AND CallBit) = CallBit) Then Begin {FUNCTION CALL, PLACE REFERENCE}
            Call := TRUE;

            If Not(Intrinsic(RefToken)) Then
                begin
                    {ADD TO CALL LIST}
                    New(N);
                    With N^ Do Begin
                        Name := RefToken;
                        Line := LineNo;
                        Refs := NIL;
                        Next := CalledRefs;
                    End;
                    CalledRefs := N;

                    {ADD PARAMETERS OF FUNCTION}
                    Add_Parameters(N^.Refs);
                end else add_array_refs;          {INTRINSIC, SO REFERENCE PARAMETERS}

```

```

End Else Begin
  Call := TRUE;
  Add Array Refs;
End Else Call := FALSE;

{$IFDEF Debug}
writeln('OUT REFVARIABLE "',RefToken,'"');
{$ENDIF}
End;

{-----}
{ This procedure is used to issue a reference to a procedure call. }
{ }
Procedure Handle_Call;
Var Token : Strings;
    I      : Integer;
    N      : CallPtr;
    I1, I2 : IntPtr;
Begin
  {CALLED PROCEDURE NAME}
  Token := GetString;
  I := FindVariable(Token);
  If I > 0
  Then Variables[I].Usage := (Variables[I].Usage OR CallBit)
  Else AddVariable(Token,UnKnType,CallBit,0);

  {ADD TO CALL LIST}
  New(N);

{$IFDEF Debug}
writeln('ADD CALL "',token,'"');
show('LINE IS',DoLine);
{$ENDIF}

  With N^ Do Begin
    Name := Token;
    Line := LineNo;
    Next := CalledRefs;
    Refs := NIL;
  End;
  CalledRefs := N;

  Add_Parameters(N^.Refs);
  Token := GetString;
  If (Token <> '') Then Begin
    Writeln(Out,'ERROR: Call at line ',lineno,' cannot be recognised. ');
    Writeln(Out,'ERROR: Attempting to recover. ');
    Replace_Token(Token);
  End;
End;

{-----}
{ This function will return whether a token is reserved or not. }
{ }
Function Token_Reserved(Token : Strings) : Boolean;
Var Flag : Boolean;
Begin
  Flag := FALSE;
  If (Token = 'GOTO')      Then Flag := TRUE Else
  If (Token = 'GO')       Then Flag := TRUE Else
  If (Token = 'THEN')     Then Flag := TRUE Else
  If (Token = 'RETURN')   Then Flag := TRUE Else
  If (Token = 'ENDIF')    Then Flag := TRUE Else
  If (Token = 'CONTINUE') Then Flag := TRUE Else
  If (Token = 'OPEN')     Then Flag := TRUE Else
  If (Token = 'CLOSE')    Then Flag := TRUE Else
  If (Token = 'INQUIRE') Then Flag := TRUE Else
  If (Token = 'REWIND')   Then Flag := TRUE Else
  If (Token = 'BACKSPACE') Then Flag := TRUE Else
  If (Token = 'ENDFILE')  Then Flag := TRUE Else
  If (Token = 'ENTRY')    Then Flag := TRUE Else

```

```

If (Token = 'SAVE')      Then Flag := TRUE Else
If (Token = 'STOP')     Then Flag := TRUE Else
If (Token = 'PAUSE')    Then Flag := TRUE;

Token_Reserved := Flag;
End;

{-----}
{ This procedure will handle if statements. }
{ }
Procedure Handle_If;
Var BC : Word;
    Dummy : Boolean;
Begin
    ContLine := NIL;
    BracketCount := 0;

    {Remove the parameter}
    FixParameter(BracketCount);

    Remove_Boolean_Ops;

    {REFERENCES AND ASSIGNMENTS}
    Token := GetString;
    While (Token <> '') Do Begin
        If (Token <> 'THEN') Then Begin
            RefVariable(Token,RefBit,Dummy);
            Token := GetString;
        End Else Repeat Token := GetString; Until (Token = '');
    End;
End;

End;

{-----}
Procedure Add_Definition(Token : Strings; Tipe : Byte; Var I : Word);
Var J : Word;
    Start, Term : LongInt;
    TmpPtr : LinePtr;
    Error : Boolean;
    Ch : Char;
    Root, This, Last : DimPtr;
Begin
    I := FindVariable(token);
    If (I = 0) then Begin
        AddVariable(Token,Tipe,NoBit,0);
        I := NVars;
    End Else If (Tipe <> UnKnType) Then Variables[I].Tipe := Tipe;

    Remove_Spaces(DoLine);
    If (Copy(DoLine^.Line,1,1) = '(') Then Begin
        {DIMENSION DECLARATION}
        j := 0;
        fixparameter(j);

        {DUMMY 1st DIMENSION}
        new(root);
        root^.next := NIL;
        last := root;

        {REMOVE THE BRACKETS ENCLOSING}
        delete(doline^.line,1,1);
        tmpptr := doline; while (tmpptr^.next <> NIL) do tmpptr := tmpptr^.next;
        delete(doline^.line,length(doline^.line),1);

        {GET THE DIMENSION SIZES}
        repeat
            Term := Round(Evaluate(Error));
            If Error AND (Term = MinInt) Then Error := FALSE;

            If Error Then Begin
                writeln(out,'ERROR: Illegal dimension at line ',lineno,');
            End;
        until Error = FALSE;
    End;
End;

```

```

        writeln(out,'ERROR: Ignoring dimension and continuing.');
```

```

End Else Begin
    if (doline = NIL) then ch := ' ' else begin
        ch := doline^.line[1];
        delete(doline^.line,1,1);
    end;
    if (ch = ',') OR (ch = ' ') then start := 1 else
    if (ch = ':') then begin
        Start := Term;
        Term := Round(Evaluate(Error));
        If Error AND (Term = MinInt) Then Error := FALSE;
        If Error Then Begin
            Writeln(Out,'ERROR: Illegal upper bound at line ',lineno,');
            Writeln(Out,'ERROR: Setting dimension size to 1 and continuing.');
```

```

            Term := 1; Start := 1;
        End;
    end else begin
        Writeln(Out,'ERROR: Illegal character "',ch,'" in dimension statement at line ',lineno,');
        Writeln(Out,'ERROR: Attempting to continue.');
```

```

        Term := 1; Start := 1;
    end;

    {GET DIMENSION SIZE}
    if (term = minint) OR (start = minint) then start := minint
    else start := (term-start)+1;

    {ADD DIMENSION SIZE}
    new(this);
    this^.d := start;
    this^.next := NIL;
    last^.next := this;
    last := this;
End;
until (doline = NIL);

{REMAINDER OF LINE}
doline := contline;
contline := NIL;

{INCLUDE IN VARIABLE TYPE}
variables[I].dimension := root^.next;    {1st IS DUMMY}
dispose(root);                          {DISPOSE DUMMY}
End;
End;

{-----}
{ This procedure handle common block definitions. }
{ }
Procedure Handle_Common;
Var CB      : Integer;
    CV      : Word;
    This, Old : IntPtr;
Begin
    {COMMON BLOCK DEFINITIONS}
    Remove_Spaces(DoLine);
    If (Copy(DoLine^.Line,1,1)='/') Then Begin {GET COMMON BLOCK NAME}
        Inc(NBlock);
        CB := NBlock;
        CBlock[NBlock].Name := GetString;
    End Else cb := -1;

    {ADD REFERENCES}
    Token := GetString; New(Old); CBlock[CB].Refs := Old;
    While (Token <> '') Do Begin
        add_definition(token,unkntype,cv);
        variables[cv].common := cb;
        variables[cv].usage := (variables[cv].usage OR combit);

    {ADD TO LIST}
    new(this);
    this^.v := addr(variables[cv]);

```

```

this^.next := NIL;
old^.next := this;
old := this;

(NEXT TOKEN)
token := getstring;
End;

Old := CBlock[CB].Refs;
CBlock[CB].Refs := Old^.Next;
Dispose(Old);
End;

{-----}
{ This procedure is used to skip to the next line. }
{ }
Procedure Kill_Data;
Var TmpLine : LinePtr;
Begin
  While (DoLine <> NIL) DO Begin

($IFDEF Debug)
writeln('KILLING DATA "',DoLine^.Line,'"');
($ENDIF)
    tmpLine := doLine;
    doLine := tmpLine^.next;
    dispose(tmpLine);
  End;
  ReadLine;
End;

{-----}
{ This procedure is used to handle the data initialisation statements. }
{ }
Procedure Handle_Data;
Var Token : Strings;
    I, L, Q : Word;
    TmpLine : LinePtr;
    Done : Boolean;
Begin
  Token := GetString;
  While (Token <> '') DO Begin
    If (Token[Length(Token)] = '=') Then Delete(Token,Length(Token),1);
    SetVariable(Token,AssBit);
    Remove_Spaces(DoLine);
    If (DoLine <> NIL) AND (DoLine^.Line[1] = '/') Then Begin
      (Remove data initialisation)
      Delete(DoLine^.Line,1,1);

      Q := 0; Done := FALSE;
      Repeat
        i := 1; l := length(doline^.line);
        while not done AND (i <= l) do begin
          If (DoLine^.Line[i] = '') Then Begin Inc(Q); Inc(i); End Else
            If (DoLine^.Line[i] = '/') Then Done := TRUE
              Else Inc(i);
          end;
          if not done OR (doline^.line = '') then begin
            (NEXT LINE)
            TmpLine := DoLine;
            DoLine := DoLine^.Next;
            Dispose(TmpLine);
          end else delete(doline^.line,1,i);
        Until (((Q MOD 2) = 0) AND Done) OR (DoLine = NIL);

        If Not Done Then Begin
          Writeln(Out,'ERROR: Error in data initialisation statement at line ',LineNo);
          Writeln(Out,'ERROR: Ignoring initialisation and continuing.');
```

```

    Token := GetString;
  End;
End;

{-----}
{ This procedure is used to handle the main name definitions. }
{
Procedure Handle_Main(Tipe : Byte);
Var PNo, I      : Word;
    This, Last : IntPtr;

    Procedure AddPar(No : Word);
    Begin
      New(This);
      This^.Next := NIL;
      This^.V := Addr(Variables[No]);
      Last^.Next := This;
      Last := This;
    End;

Begin
  MainName := GetString;
  Write(' ':60-Length(MainName),MainName);
  For I := 1 To 60 Do Write('^H');
  MainType := Tipe;

  Last := MainPars;
  While (Last^.Next <> NIL) Do Last := Last^.Next;

  Token := GetString; PNo := 0;
  While (Token <> '') Do Begin
    {ALL variables should NOT be declared and hence are simply added}
    I := FindVariable(Token);
    If (I = 0) Then Begin
      Inc(PNo);
      AddVariable(Token,UnKnType,ParBit,PNo);
      AddPar(NVars);
    End Else With Variables[I] Do Begin
      Usage := Usage OR ParBit;
      Common := PNo;
      Inc(PNo);
      AddPar(I);
    End;
    Token := GetString;
  End;
End;

{-----}
{ This procedure is used to handle the variable name definitions. }
{
Procedure Handle_Def(Tipe : Byte);
Var Token : Strings;
    I      : Word;
Begin
  Token := GetString;
  If (Token = 'FUNCTION') Then Handle_Main(Tipe) Else
  While (Token <> '') Do Begin
    Add_Definition(token,tipe,i);

    Token := GetString;
  End;
End;

{-----}
{ This procedure is used to handle a DO ?=?,?[?] statement. }
{
Procedure Handle_Do;
Var Token : Strings;
    Dummy : Boolean;
Begin
  (Loop Index)

```

```

Token := GetString;
If (Token[Length(Token)] = '=') Then Delete(Token,Length(Token),1) Else Begin
  Writeln('ERROR: Index variable expected.');
```

```

  Writeln('ERROR: Attempting to continue.');
```

```

End;

RefVariable(Token,AssBit,Dummy);

(The remaining tokens are referenced)
Token := GetString;
While (Token <> '') Do Begin
  refvariable(token,refbit,dummy);
  token := getstring;
End;
End;

(-----)
( This procedure masks out the IO parameter references. )
( )
( )
Procedure Handle_IO_Refs(Ref : Word);
Var I, NIter : Word;
    Token : Strings;
    Dummy : Boolean;
Begin
  (REMOVE FORMAT AND FILE REFERENCE)
  Repeat
    I := Pos(',')^,DoLine^.Line);
    If (I=0) Then Begin
      readline;
    End;
  Until (I <> 0) OR (EOF(InFile));

  If (I <> 0) Then Begin
    (THE ACTUAL REMOVAL)
    delete(doline^.line,1,i);

    token := getstring;
    while (token <> '') do begin
      If Token[Length(Token)] = '=' Then Begin
        Delete(Token,Length(Token),1);
        RefVariable(Token,Ref+AssBit,Dummy);
      End Else RefVariable(Token,Ref,Dummy);
      Token := GetString;
    end;
  End;
End;

(-----)
( This is the main calling procedure which builds the SAP analyse file. )
( )
( )
Procedure Analyse(InName : BigString;
                 Var Root : ListPtr;
                 Var ENo : Word);
Var NewData : ListPtr;
    Varble : Variable;
    Comm : CBPtr;
    RPtr : RefPtr;
    CnstPtr : ConstantPtr;
    Flag : Boolean;
Begin
  (Check for input files existence)
  Assign(InFile,InName);
  GetMem(InBuf,20000);
  SetTextBuf(InFile,InBuf^,20000);
  ($I-) Reset(InFile); ($I+)
  If IOResult <> 0 Then Begin
    ENo := 1;
    FreeMem(InBuf,20000);
    Exit;
  End;
  LineNum := 0;

```

```

Variables[0].Name := ''; Variables[0].Next := NIL;

Writeln('Analysing ',InName,'');
If LogFlag Then Writeln(Out,'Analysing ',InName,'');
Write(' At line :');
Error := 0;

DoLine := NIL; ContLine := NIL;
New(NextLine); NextLine^.Line := ''; NextLine^.Next := NIL;

Repeat
  {Initialise variables}
  MainName := ''; MainType := 255;
  New(MainPars); MainPars^.Next := NIL; {DUMMY 1st}
  NVars := 0; CalledRefs := NIL;
  NBlock := 0; Constants := NIL;
  Done := FALSE;

  TypeSets[IntType] := ['I'..'N'];
  TypeSets[RealType] := ['A'..'H','O'..'Z'];
  TypeSets[CompType] := [];
  TypeSets[CharType] := [];
  TypeSets[LogType] := [];
  TypeSets[DblRType] := [];

  {Simple test}
  {$IFDEF Debug}
  writeln(' ',LineNo:5,' NEXTLINE');
  {$ENDIF}

  {*** PROCESS DEFINITION PORTIONS START ***}
  Repeat
    repeat token := getstring; until token <> '';

    Write(lineno:8,^H^H^H^H^H^H^H);

    if (token = 'PROGRAM') then begin
      {PROGRAM DEFINITION}
      MainName := GetString;
      MainType := ProgType;

      {Not interested in the rest}
      Repeat Until (GetString = '');
    end else if (token = 'SUBROUTINE') then begin
      {SUBROUTINE DEFINITION}
      Handle_Main(SubrType);
    end else if (token = 'FUNCTION') then begin
      {SUBROUTINE DEFINITION}
      Handle_Main(FuncType);
    end else if (token = 'COMMON') then begin
      Handle_Common;
    end else if (token = 'EXTERNAL') then begin
      {EXTERNAL REFERENCES}
      Repeat
        token := getstring;
        if (token <> '') then SetVariable(Token,ExtBit);
      Until (Token = '');
    end else if (token = 'PARAMETER') then begin
      {PARAMETER CONSTANTS}
      Repeat
        token := getstring;
        delete(token,length(token),1); {Remove "="}
        remove_spaces(doline);
        if (token <> '') then Begin (*TBD*) {HANDLE COMPLEX ?}
          {IF LAST CHARACTER '}', DELETE}
          If (DoLine <> NIL) AND (DoLine^.Next = NIL) Then
            If (DoLine^.Line[Length(DoLine^.Line)] = '}') Then Begin
              delete(doline^.line,length(doline^.line),1);
            End;
        End;
    end;
  end;

```

```

    SetVariable(Token,ConBit);
    New(CnstPtr);
    CnstPtr^.V := Addr(Variables[FindVariable(Token)]);
    CnstPtr^.Val := Evaluate(Flag);
    CnstPtr^.Next := Constants;
    Constants := CnstPtr;
    If Flag Then Begin
        Writeln(Out,'ERROR: Constant for "',Token,'" invalid.');
```

Writeln(Out,'ERROR: Attempting to continue.');

```

    End;
    End;
    Until (Token = '');
end else if (token = 'EQUIVALENCE') then begin
    {EQUIVALENCE DEFINITIONS}
    Repeat
        token := getstring;
        if (token <> '') then SetVariable(Token,NoBit);
    Until (Token = '');
end else if (token = 'IMPLICIT') then begin
    {NAMING CONSTANTS}
    token := getstring;
    if (token = 'NONE') then begin
        For I := 1 To 6 Do TypeSets[I] := [];
        repeat until (getstring='');
    end else if (token = 'UNDEFINED') then begin
        GetSet(AddSet);
        For I := 1 To 6 Do typesets[i] := typesets[i] - addset;
        repeat until (getstring='');
    end else repeat
        If (Token = 'REAL') Then Begin
            If (Copy(DoLine^.Line,1,2) = '*8')
                Then FixSets(DblRType)
            Else FixSets(RealType);
        End Else If (Token = 'INTEGER') Then Begin
            If (Copy(DoLine^.Line,1,2) = '*8')
                Then FixSets(DblIType)
            Else FixSets(IntType);
        End Else If (Token = 'LOGICAL') Then Begin
            FixSets(LogType);
        End Else If (Token = 'CHARACTER') Then Begin
            FixSets(CharType);
        End Else If (Token = 'COMPLEX') Then Begin
            FixSets(CompType);
        End Else If (Token = 'DOUBLE') Then Begin
            token := getstring; {SKIP PRECISION}
            FixSets(DblRType);
        End Else Begin
            writeln(Out,'ERROR: UNRECOGNISED "',token,'" in IMPLICIT STATEMENT!');
            Error := 2;
            Exit;
        End;

        Token := GetString;
        until (token = '');
end else if (token = 'DIMENSION') then begin
    {UNKNOWN DEFS}
    Handle_Def(UnKnType);
end else if (token = 'COMPLEX') then begin
    {COMPLEX DEFS}
    Handle_Def(CompType);
end else if (token = 'INTEGER') then begin
    {INTEGER DEFS}
    If (Copy(DoLine^.Line,1,2) = '*8')
        Then B := DblIType
    Else B := IntType;
    Handle_Def(B);
end else if (token = 'REAL') then begin
    {REAL DEFS}
    If (Copy(DoLine^.Line,1,2) = '*8')
        Then B := DblRType
    Else B := RealType;

```

```

    Handle_Def(B);
end else if (token = 'DOUBLE') then begin
    Token := GetString;

    {REAL DEFS}
    If (Token <> '') Then
    If (Token = 'PRECISION') Then B := DblRType
    Else Begin
        writeln(out,'ERROR: DOUBLE ',Token,' not recognised');
        writeln(out,'      Added ',token,' to variable list');
        AddVariable(Token,UnKnType,0,0);
        B := UnKnType;
    End;

    Handle_Def(B);
end else if (token = 'CHARACTER') then begin
    {CHARACTER DEFS}
    Handle_Def(CharType);
end else if (token = 'LOGICAL') then begin
    {LOGICAL DEFS}
    Handle_Def(LogType);
end else if (token = 'DATA') then begin
    {DATA STATEMENT}
    Handle_Data;
end else if (token = 'BLOCK') then begin
    {BLOCK DATA}
    token := getstring;
    if (token = 'DATA') Then Begin
        MainName := 'BLOCK DATA';
        MainType := BlckType;
    End Else Begin
        Writeln(Out,'ERROR: ILLEGAL BLOCK DATA ENCOUNTERED AT LINE ',LineNo);
        Writeln(Out,'ERROR: ATTEMPTING RECOVER');
        MainName := 'BLOCK DATA';
        MainType := BlckType;
        while (token <> '') do token := getstring;
    End;
end else if (token = 'INCLUDE') then begin
    {INCLUDE STATEMENT}
    Kill_Data;
end else if (token = '') then begin
    Writeln(Out,'ERROR: "END" Expected before the end of the file');
    Writeln(Out,'ERROR: ATTEMPTING RECOVER');
    Done := TRUE;
end else done := TRUE;
Until Done;
{*** PROCESS DEFINITION PORTIONS END ***}

{*** PROCESS BODY START ***}
Done := FALSE;
Repeat
    if (token = 'IF') OR (token = 'ELSEIF') then begin
        {IF REFERENCES}
        Handle_If;
    end else if (token = 'CALL') then begin
        {CALL REFERENCES}
        Handle_Call;
    end else if (token = 'END') then begin
        {END SUBROUTINE/FUNCTION/PROGRAM DEFINITION, DUMP DATA TO FILE}
        token := getstring;
        if (token <> 'IF') AND (token <> 'DO') Then Done := TRUE
        Else While (Token <> '') Do Token := GetString;
    end else if (token = 'DO') then begin
        {CHECK FOR 'DO WHILE' STATEMENT}
        Token := GetString;
        If (Token = 'WHILE') Then Handle_If Else
            begin
                replace_token(token);
                handle_do;
            end;
    end else if (token = 'READ') then begin

```

```

{READ STATEMENT}
Handle_IO_Refs(InBit);
end else if (token = 'WRITE') then begin
{WRITE STATEMENT}
Handle_IO_Refs(OutBit);
end else if (token = 'PRINT') then begin
{PRINT STATEMENT}
Kill_Data;
end else if (token = 'FORMAT') then begin
{FORMAT STATEMENT}
Kill_Data;
end else if (token = 'ELSE') then begin
{ELSE STATEMENT}
if (getstring = 'IF') Then Handle_If;
end else if token_reserved(token) then begin
{RESERVED TOKEN}
repeat until (getstring = '');
end else if (token = '') then begin
Writeln('Warning: Empty token');
Done := EOF(InFile);
end else begin
{NORMAL ASSIGNMENTS}
If (Token[Length(Token)] = '=') Then Begin
Delete(Token,Length(Token),1);
If (Copy(DoLine^.Line,1,1) = '(') Then add_array_refs;
RefVariable(Token,AssBit,Flag);
End Else Begin
writeln(out,'ERROR: UNIDENTIFIED TOKEN "',Token,'"');
writeln(out,'LINE : ',LineNo:6);
show('Line',DoLine);
ENo := 2;
Exit;
End;

{REFERENCED VARIABLES}
Token := GetString;
While (Token <> '') Do Begin
RefVariable(Token,RefBit,Flag);
Token := GetString;
End;
end;

token := getstring;

Write(lineno:8,^H^H^H^H^H^H^H);
Until Done;
{*** PROCESS BODY END ***}

{REPLACE TOKEN}
Replace_Token(Token);

{DELETE CONSTANT DECLARATIONS}
While (Constants <> NIL) Do Begin
cnstptr := constants;
constants := constants^.next;
dispose(cnstptr);
End;

{SET THE DATA TYPES}
For I := 1 to NVars Do With Variables[I] Do Begin
if (tipe = 0) then begin {TRY AND SET THE TYPE}
Done := TRUE; J := 1;
While (J <= 6) AND Done Do Begin
If (Name[1] IN TypeSets[J]) Then Begin
tipe := j + impltype;
done := FALSE;
End Else Inc(J);
End;
end;
End;

```

```

{STORE THE DATA OF THIS PROGRAM/SUBROUTINE/FUNCTION}
New(NewData);
With NewData^ Do Begin
  {Patch root on the end (New item on list)}
  next := root;

  {set the main name}
  name := mainname;
  fyl := inname;
  tipe := maintype;
  clist := NIL;

  {build the list of variables}
  vars := NIL; numv := nvars;
  for i := nvars downto 1 do begin
    {CREATE VARIABLE, ADDING ON TOP}
    New(Varble);
    Varble^ := Variables[I];
    Varble^.Next := Vars;
    Vars := Varble;

    {SET VARIABLES NEXT TO THIS DUPLICATE RECORD}
    Variables[I].Next := Varble;
  end;

  {set the parameter list, fixing to point to the new var list}
  cbrec := mainpars; mainpars := cbrec^.next; dispose(cbrec); {dummy}
  params := mainpars;
  while (mainpars <> NIL) do begin
    MainPars^.V := MainPars^.V^.Next;
    MainPars := MainPars^.Next;
  end;

  {create the common block list, fixing to point to new var list}
  common := NIL; numb := nblock;
  for i := nblock downto 1 do begin
    New(Comm);
    Comm^ := CBlock[I];
    Comm^.Next := Common;
    Common := Comm;

    {correct variable list}
    CBRec := CBlock[I].Refs;
    While (CBRec <> NIL) Do Begin
      cbrec^.v := cbrec^.v^.next;
      cbrec := cbrec^.next;
    End;
  end;

  {set the calls and their references, fixing to point to new var list}
  calls := calledrefs;
  while (calledrefs <> NIL) do begin
    RPtr := CalledRefs^.Refs;
    While (RPtr <> NIL) Do Begin
      rptr^.v := rptr^.v^.next;
      rptr := rptr^.next;
    End;
    CalledRefs := CalledRefs^.Next;
  end;

  {sort the variables}
  Sort_Variables;

  {Adjust the linked list to be sorted as well}
  vars := variables[1].next; {SET THE ROOT}
  for i := 1 to pred(nvars) do begin
    Variables[i].Next^.Next := Variables[Succ(i)].Next;
  end;
  variables[nvars].next^.next := NIL; {LAST ELEMENT}
End;

```

```
(New item in list)
Root := NewData;

{$IFDEF Debug}
writeln;
writeln('=====');
writeln;
{$ENDIF}

Until EOF(InFile);

Write('^M'); ClrEol;
Writeln('Analysis of "', InName, '" complete. ');
Writeln(' => ', LineNo:6, ' lines processed. ');
Writeln;

If LogFlag Then Begin
  Writeln(Out, 'Analysis of "', InName, '" complete. ');
  Writeln(Out, ' => ', LineNo:6, ' lines processed. ');
  Writeln;
End;

{Finished, Close input & output file}
Close(InFile);
FreeMem(InBuf, 20000);

ENo := Error;
End;

End.
```

"SAPFXREF.PAS"

Unit SAPFXRef;

Interface

Uses Crt, SAPFConstants;

Procedure CrossReference(Var List : ListPtr);

Implementation

Var DoneList, FrontList, BackList : ListPtr;

```

{-----}
{ This procedure displays a brief message and then waits for a keypress. }
{ }
Procedure Pause;
Var Ch : Char;
Begin
  If Not LogFlag Then Begin
    write('          Press any key to continue!');
    ch := readkey;
    write('^M'); clreol;
    writeln;
  End;
  Writeln(Out);
End;

{-----}
{ This function return the uppercase if the lowercase or the lowercase if }
{ the uppercase was passed. }
{ }
Function Toggle(Ch : Char) : Char;
Begin
  If (Ch >= 'A') AND (Ch <= 'Z')
    Then Ch := Chr(Ord(Ch) + 32)
    Else Ch := Uppcase(Ch);
  Toggle := Ch;
End;

{-----}
{ This function returns the string representing the type passed. }
{ }
Function TypeStr(Tipe : Byte) : Strings;
Var Result : Strings;
Begin
  tipe := tipe MOD impltype;
  case tipe of
    0 : Result := 'UNKNOWN';
    1 : Result := 'INTEGER';
    2 : Result := 'REAL';
    3 : Result := 'COMPLEX';
    4 : Result := 'CHARACTER';
    5 : Result := 'LOGICAL';
    6 : Result := 'LONG INTEGER';
    7 : Result := 'DOUBLE PRECISION REAL';
    98 : Result := 'ALL TYPES';
    99 : Result := 'COMMON BLOCK';
    124 : Result := 'BLOCK DATA';
    125 : Result := 'FUNCTION';
    126 : Result := 'SUBROUTINE';
    127 : Result := 'PROGRAM';
  else result := 'UNKNOWN';
  end;
  TypeStr := Result;
End;

```

```

{-----}
{ This procedure allows user input of a variable type. }
{ }
{ }
Procedure Get_Type(Var Tipe : Byte);
Var X, Y : Byte;
    Ch : Char;
Begin
    x:= wherex; y := wherey;
    writeln('ENTER TYPE (SIRCHLNEA) ');
    write('Subroutine Integer Real Complex cHaracter Logical iNteger*8 rEal*8 Any');
    repeat
        ch := upcase(readkey);
        tipe := pos(ch,'IRCHLNEA');
    until (tipe > 0);
    gotoxy(x,y); write('TYPE = '); highvideo; clreol;
    if tipe = 8 then tipe := subtype else
    if tipe = 9 then tipe := anytype;
    write(typestr(tipe));
    lowvideo; writeln; clreol;
End;

{-----}
{ This procedure shows the portion of the file containing the call passed on }
{ the screen. }
{ }
{ }
Procedure ShowFile(FName : BigString; Line : Word; Call : Strings);
Var Line1, Line2 : BigString;
    F : Text;
    I : Word;
    Cont, Done : Boolean;
    InBuf : Pointer;
Begin
    If NOLFlag Then Exit;

    Writeln(Out, '=====');
    Assign(F, FName);
    GetMem(InBuf, 20000);
    SetTextBuf(F, InBuf^, 20000);
    Cont := TRUE;
    {$I-} Reset(F); {$I+}
    If (IOResult <> 0) Then Begin
        writeln(Out, 'ERROR: File "', FName, '" has disappeared. ');
        writeln(Out, 'ERROR: IOResult = ', I);
        cont := FALSE;
    End;

    Writeln(Out, 'File : ', FName);
    Writeln(Out, 'Line : ', Line);

    If Cont Then Begin
        {GET TO THE LINE}
        while (line > 1) do begin
            Dec(Line);
            Readln(F);
        end;

        {SHOULD BE AT THE LINE, OTHERWISE ERROR.}
        If EOF(F) Then Begin
            writeln(out, 'ERROR: File "', FName, '" has changed. ');
            cont := FALSE;
        End;
    End;

    If Cont Then Begin
        {READ IN THE LINE AND CHECK.}
        readln(f, line1);
        i := pos(#9, line1);
        while (i <> 0) do begin
            line1 := copy(line1, 1, pred(i)) + ' ' + copy(line1, succ(i), 255);
            i := pos(#9, line1);
        end;
    End;

```

```

Repeat
  line2 := line1;
  for i := 1 to length(line2) do line2[i] := upcase(line2[i]);
  i := pos(call,line2);
  if (i = 0) then i := length(line1)+1;

  {Display the normal portion}
  write(out,copy(line1,1,pred(i)));

  {Display the call}
  highvideo;
  write(out,copy(line1,i,length(call)));
  lowvideo;

  {Display the rest}
  writeln(out,copy(line1,i+length(call),255));

  done := TRUE;
  readln(f,line1);
  i := pos(#9,line1);
  while (i <> 0) do begin
    line1 := copy(line1,1,pred(i)) + ' ' + copy(line1,succ(i),255);
    i := pos(#9,line1);
  end;

  if (upcase(line1[1]) <> 'C') AND (copy(line1,6,1) <> ' ')
    then done := FALSE;
Until Done OR EOF(F);
End;

If Not Cont Then Begin
  writeln(out,'ERROR: Cannot display portion of file required !!!');
End;
Writeln(out,'=====');
Close(F);
FreeMem(InBuf,20000);
End;

{-----}
{ This procedure shows the portion of the file containing the call passed on }
{ the screen. }
{ }
Procedure ShowCrtFile(FName : BigString; Line : Word; Call : Strings);
Var Line1, Line2 : BigString;
    F : Text;
    I, L, BC : Word;
    Cont, Done : Boolean;
Begin
  Writeln('=====');
  Assign(F,FName);
  Cont := TRUE;
  {$I-} Reset(F); {$I+}
  If (IOResult <> 0) Then Begin
    writeln('ERROR: File "',FName,'" has disappeared. ');
    writeln('ERROR: IOResult = ',I);
    cont := FALSE;
  End;

  Writeln('File : ',FName);
  Writeln('Line : ',Line);

```

```

If Cont Then Begin
  {GET TO THE LINE}
  while (line > 1) do begin
    Dec(line);
    Readln(F);
  end;

  {SHOULD BE AT THE LINE, OTHERWISE ERROR.}
  If EOF(F) Then Begin
    writeln('ERROR: File "', FName, '" has changed. ');
    cont := FALSE;
  End;
End;

If Cont Then Begin
  {READ IN THE LINE AND CHECK.}
  readln(f, line1);
  i := pos(#9, line1);
  while (i <> 0) do begin
    line1 := copy(line1, 1, pred(i)) + ' ' + copy(line1, succ(i), 255);
    i := pos(#9, line1);
  end;

  line2 := line1;
  for i := 1 to length(line2) do line2[i] := upcase(line2[i]);

  i := pos(call, line2);
  if (i = 0) then begin
    writeln('ERROR: Cannot locate "', call, '" in "', FName, '"');
  end;
End;

If Cont Then Begin
  {Display the normal portion}
  write(copy(line1, 1, pred(i)));

  {Display the call}
  bc := 0;
  highvideo;
  repeat
    l := length(line1);
    repeat
      write(line1[i]);
      if (line1[i] = '(') then inc(bc) else
      if (line1[i] = ')') then dec(bc);
      inc(i);
    until (i > l) OR ((bc=0) AND (line1[pred(i)] = ')'));

    if (bc = 0) AND (line1[pred(i)] = ')') then normvideo;
    writeln(copy(line1, i, 255));
    readln(f, line1);
    i := pos(#9, line1);
    while (i <> 0) do begin
      line1 := copy(line1, 1, pred(i)) + ' ' + copy(line1, succ(i), 255);
      i := pos(#9, line1);
    end;
    i := 1;
    done := TRUE;
    if (upcase(line1[1]) = 'C') then done := FALSE else
    if (copy(line1, 6, 1) <> ' ') then done := FALSE;
  until done OR eof(F);
End;

If Not Cont Then Begin
  writeln('ERROR: Cannot display portion of file required !!!');
End;
writeln('=====');
Close(F);
End;

```

```

{-----}
{ This procedure is used to sort the variables passed. It allows up to 1000 }
{ variables to be sorted. }
{ }
Procedure SortVars(Var List : Variable);
Var Arr      : Array[1..1000] Of Variable;
  N, I, NVars : Word;
  NoSwap      : Boolean;
  Temp        : Variable;
Begin
  If (List <> NIL) AND (List^.Next <> NIL) Then Begin
    {PLACE VARAIABLES IN ARRAY}
    NVars := 0;
    While (List <> NIL) Do Begin
      inc(nvars);
      arr[nvars] := list;
      list := list^.next;
    End;

    {SORT THE ARRAY}
    N := Pred(NVars);
    Repeat
      NoSwap := TRUE;
      For I := 1 To N Do
        if (Arr[I]^Name > Arr[Succ(I)]^.Name) Then begin
          Temp := Arr[I];
          Arr[I] := Arr[Succ(I)];
          Arr[Succ(I)] := Temp;
          NoSwap := FALSE;
        end;
      Dec(N);
    Until NoSwap;

    {PLACE THE ARRAY BACK INTO A LINKED LIST}
    List := Arr[1];
    For I := 1 To Pred(NVars) Do Arr[I]^Next := Arr[Succ(I)];
    Arr[NVars]^Next := NIL;
  End;
End;

{-----}
{ Procedure to give a simple warning message. }
{ }
Procedure Warn;
Begin
  write(out, 'WARNING: ');
End;

{-----}
{ Function to return a string with the type. }
{ }
Function ShowProc(I : ListPtr) : BigString;
Var St : Strings;
Begin
  If I^.Type < 100 Then St := ' FUNCTION ' Else St := ' ';
  ShowProc := TypeStr(I^.Type) + St + I^.Name;
End;

{-----}
{ This procedure searches the list passed for the name occurrence. }
{ }
Function InList(Name : Strings; List : ListPtr) : ListPtr;
Begin
  While (Name <> List^.Name) AND (List <> NIL) Do List := List^.Next;
  InList := List;
End;

```

```

-----}
{ This procedure checks the variable types and dimensions when passed in }
{ either a procedure or a common block. }
{ }
{ }
Procedure CheckVariables(V1 : Variable; Var I1 : ListPtr;
                        V2 : Variable; Var I2 : ListPtr;
                        Var Fyl : BigString;
                        Line : Word;
                        PCnt : Word;
                        Flag : Boolean;
                        CB : Strings);

Procedure ShowDim(V : Variable; I : ListPtr);
Var D : DimPtr;
Begin
  Warn; Write(Out, '""', V^.Name, "" of ', ShowProc(I), ' has size ');
  D := V^.Dimension;
  While (D <> NIL) Do Begin
    If (D^.D = MinInt) Then Write(Out, '*') Else Write(Out, D^.D);
    If (D^.Next <> NIL) Then Write(Out, ', ');
    D := D^.Next;
  End;
  Writeln(Out, '.');
End;

Procedure ErrorHead(Message : BigString);
Begin
  Warn;
  If (cb = '') Then write(out, 'Parameter') Else Begin
    write(out, 'Common block ', cb, ' error, variable');
  End;
  Writeln(Out, ' #', PCnt, ' ', Message);
End;

Var
  Dim1, Dim2 : DimPtr;
  DCnt : Word;
  Result : Boolean;
Begin
  Result := TRUE;

  {CHECK PARAMETER TYPES}
  If ((V1^.Type MOD ImplType) <> (V2^.Type MOD ImplType)) AND
    (V1^.Type <> AnyType) AND
    (V2^.Type <> AnyType) Then Begin
    errorhead('types do not match. ');
    showfile(fyl, line, V1^.Name);
    warn; writeln(out, '""', V1^.Name, "" has type ', typestr(V1^.Type), ' in ', ShowProc(I1), '. ');
    warn; writeln(out, '""', V2^.Name, "" has type ', typestr(V2^.Type), ' in ', ShowProc(I2), '. ');
    warn; writeln(out, ShowProc(I1), ' calls ', ShowProc(I2), '. ');
    pause;
  End;

  {CHECK PARAMETER DIMENSIONS}
  Dim2 := V2^.Dimension;
  If Flag Then Dim1 := NIL Else
  If (V1^.Type = AnyType) Then Dim1 := Dim2 Else Dim1 := V1^.Dimension;
  If (V2^.Type = AnyType) Then Dim2 := Dim1;

  DCnt := 0;
  If (Dim1 <> NIL) OR (Dim2 <> NIL) Then
  If (Dim1 <> NIL) AND (Dim2 = NIL) Then Begin
    ErrorHead('dimension mismatch');
    Warn; Writeln(Out, 'Dimensioned variable ""', V1^.Name, "" is passed into undimensioned variable');
    Warn; Writeln(Out, '""', V2^.Name, "" of ', ShowProc(I2), '. ');
    ShowDim(V1, I1);
    ShowFile(Fyl, Line, V1^.Name);
    Pause;
  End Else If (Dim1 = NIL) AND (Dim2 <> NIL) Then Begin
    ErrorHead('dimension mismatch');

```

```

Warn; Writeln(Out,'Undimensioned variable "',V1^.Name,'" of ',ShowProc(I1),' is passed');
Warn; Writeln(Out,'into "',V2^.Name,'" which is dimensioned.');
```

```

ShowDim(V2,I2);
ShowFile(Fyl,Line,V1^.Name);
Pause;
End Else Begin
Repeat
  inc(dcnt);
  if (dim1^.d <> minint) AND (dim2^.d <> minint) AND
    (dim1^.d <> dim2^.d) then begin
    ErrorHead('dimension sizes do not match.');
```

```

Warn; Writeln(Out,'Dimension # ',DCnt);
ShowDim(V1,I1);
ShowDim(V2,I2);
ShowFile(Fyl,Line,V1^.Name);
Pause;
  end;
  dim1 := dim1^.next;  dim2 := dim2^.next;
Until (Dim1 = NIL) OR (Dim2 = NIL);

If (Dim1 <> NIL) Then Begin
  ErrorHead('number of dimensions mismatch.');
```

```

Warn; Writeln(Out,'Variable "',V1^.Name,'" has more dimensions than "',V2^.Name,'"');
```

```

ShowDim(V1,I1);
ShowDim(V2,I2);
Warn; Writeln(Out,'Call at line ',Line,' in file "',Fyl,'"');
```

```

Pause;
End Else If (Dim2 <> NIL) Then Begin
  ErrorHead('number of dimensions mismatch.');
```

```

Warn; Writeln(Out,'Variable "',V1^.Name,'" has more dimensions than "',V2^.Name,'"');
```

```

ShowDim(V1,I1);
ShowDim(V2,I2);
Warn; Writeln(Out,'Call at line ',Line,' in file "',Fyl,'"');
```

```

Pause;
End;
End;

End;

{-----}
{ This function attempts to process the references to other procedures of }
{ the function/procedure passed. }
{ }
Function Processed(Item : ListPtr) : Boolean;
Var Result, TmpB : Boolean;
    Ref, NewItem : ListPtr;
    Tmpint, LastInt : IntPtr;
    TmpRef : RefPtr;
    VarItem : Variable;
    CallTmp : CallPtr;
    PtrC : CPtr;
    Com1, Com2 : CBPtr;
    UI_NParams, I, J, PCnt : Word;
    UI_Name : Strings;
    X,Y : Byte;
    RCh, ACh, ICh, OCh, Ch : Char;
Begin
  Result := TRUE;
  With Item^ Do Begin
    calltmp := calls;
    while (CallTmp <> NIL) AND result do begin
      Ref := InList(CallTmp^.Name,DoneList);
      If (Ref = NIL) Then Begin
        {Reference not processed, cannot process this further normally}
        if inlist(CallTmp^.name,FrontList) <> NIL then Result := FALSE
      Else Begin

```

```

(CALL NOT INCLUDED IN LIST, CREATE IN LIST)
new(newitem);
with newitem^ do begin
  Name := CallTmp^.name;
  Fyl := 'USER INPUT';
  Params := NIL;
  Common := NIL;
  Vars := NIL;
  Calls := NIL;
  CList := NIL;
  NumV := 0;
  NumB := 0;
  Next := DoneList;
end;
donelist := newitem;

(DISPLAY INPUT REQUEST)
clrscr;
highvideo;
writeln('USER INPUT REQUIRED !!!',^G^G);
writeln('=====');
normvideo;
writeln('Reference to SUBROUTINE or FUNCTION not solved, call must be added manually. ');
writeln('The call made appears below:');
showcrtfile(fyl,CallTmp^.line,CallTmp^.name);
write('CALL      : '); highvideo;
write(CallTmp^.name); lowvideo;
writeln('');

(GET THE TYPE)
get_type(newitem^.tipe);

(GET THE PARAMETERS.)
write('Number of parameters : '); highvideo;
readln(ui_nparams); lowvideo;
newitem^.numv := ui_nparams;
for i := 1 to ui_nparams do begin
  X := WhereX; Y := WhereY;
  Repeat
    GotoXY(X,Y);
    Write(1:2,') Name ? '); HighVideo;
    ReadLn(UI_Name); LowVideo;
  Until (UI_Name <> '');
  For J := 1 To Length(UI_Name) Do UI_Name[J] := Ucase(UI_Name[J]);

  rch := 'r'; ach := 'a'; ich := 'i'; och := 'o';
  Repeat
    GotoXY(X,Y);
    Write(1:2,') '); HighVideo;
    Write(UI_Name); LowVideo;
    Write(' 1:31-Length(UI_Name),rch,ach,ich,och,' => Change (RAIO) Q=Quit');
    ClrEOL;
    Repeat
      ch := upcase(readkey);
    Until (Ch IN ['R','A','I','O','Q']);
    Case Ch Of
      'R' : RCh := Toggle(RCh);
      'A' : ACh := Toggle(ACh);
      'I' : ICh := Toggle(ICh);
      'O' : OCh := Toggle(OCh);
    End;
  Until (Ch = 'Q');
  Write(^M,1:2,') '); HighVideo;
  Write(UI_Name); LowVideo;
  Write(' 1:31-Length(UI_Name),rch,ach,ich,och,'=> ');
  ClrEOL;

```

```

{ADD PARAMETER}
New(VarItem); New(TmpInt);
VarItem^.Next := NewItem^.Vars;
NewItem^.Vars := VarItem;
If (NewItem^.Params = NIL)
  THEN NewItem^.Params := TmpInt
  ELSE LastInt^.Next := TmpInt;
TmpInt^.Next := NIL;
TmpInt^.V := VarItem;
LastInt := TmpInt;

With VarItem^ Do Begin
  name := UI_Name;
  common := i;
  get_type(tipe);
  usage := parbit;
  dimension := NIL;
  if rch = 'R' then usage := usage OR refbit;
  if ach = 'A' then usage := usage OR assbit;
  if ich = 'I' then usage := usage OR inbit;
  if och = 'O' then usage := usage OR outbit;
End;
end;

sortvars(newitem^.vars);

clrscr;
End;
End Else Begin {Reference processed, do actual xref}
{Remove call}
calls := calltmp^.next;          lastint := ref^.params;
pcnt := 0;

{Check parameters}
while (calltmp^.refs <> NIL) do begin
  TmpRef := CallTmp^.Refs;      {Get call parameter}
  Inc(PCnt);
  CallTmp^.Refs := TmpRef^.Next; {Advance to next parameter}

  {Ensure parameters match}
  If (LastInt = NIL) Then Begin
    Dec(PCnt);
    Writeln(Out, 'ERROR: To many parameters passed to call to "', calltmp^.name, '"');
    Writeln(Out, 'ERROR: Only ', pcnt, ' parameters expected. ');
    Writeln(Out, 'ERROR: At line number ', calltmp^.line, ' in file "', fyl, '"');
    Pause;
  End Else Begin
    {CHECK IF PARAMETER TO BE PROCESSED}
    If (TmpRef^.V = NIL) Then Begin {CHECK PARAMETER}
      if ((lastint^.v^.usage AND (AssBit OR InBit)) <> 0) then begin
        writeln(out, 'WARNING: Parameter #', PCnt, ' is passed to call "', calltmp^.name, '"');
        writeln(out, 'WARNING: at line ', calltmp^.line, ' in file "', fyl, '"');
        writeln(out, 'WARNING: as a constant, but the parameter is altered within the call. ');
        pause;
      end;
    End Else Begin
      {CALL RESOLVED}
      TmpRef^.V^.Usage := TmpRef^.V^.Usage OR
        (LastInt^.V^.Usage AND NOT ParBit);

      CheckVariables(TmpRef^.V, Item,
                    LastInt^.V, Ref,
                    Fyl, CallTmp^.Line, PCnt, TmpRef^.Aposn, '');
    End;

    {Next Actual Parameter}
    LastInt := LastInt^.Next;
  End;

  Dispose(TmpRef);
end;

```

```

(Ensure the parameter count is still the same)
if (lastint <> NIL) Then Begin
  Writeln(Out,'ERROR: Number of parameters to call "',calltmp^.name,'" do not match.');
```

```

  Writeln(Out,'ERROR: More than ',Pcnt,' parameters expected.');
```

```

  Writeln(Out,'ERROR: At line number ',calltmp^.line,' in file "',fyl,'"');
```

```

  Pause;
end;

(See if call is in unique call list)
ptrc := clist;
while (ptrc <> NIL) AND (ptrc^.c <> ref) do ptrc := ptrc^.next;

(If not in list, then add and do XREF)
if (ptrc = NIL) then begin
  New(PtrC);
  PtrC^.C := Ref;
  PtrC^.Next := CList;
  CList := PtrC;

  (XRef common blocks)
  Com1 := Common;
  While (Com1 <> NIL) Do Begin {For all common blocks ....}
    {Find common block in REF}
    Com2 := Ref^.Common;
    While (Com2 <> NIL) AND (Com1^.Name <> Com2^.Name) Do
      com2 := com2^.next;

    If (Com2 <> NIL) Then Begin {REF also uses, XREF}
      tmpint := com1^.refs; {ITEM common block}
      lastint := com2^.refs; {REF common block}
      pcnt := 0;
      while (tmpint <> NIL) do begin
        {Ensure the number of vars in the common block is the same}
        If (LastInt = NIL) Then Begin
          Write(Out,'ERROR: Number of variables in the common block "',com1^.name);
          Writeln(Out,'" do not match');
```

```

          Writeln(Out,'ERROR: between SUBROUTINES/FUNCTIONS "',item^.name,'" and "',ref^.name,'"');
```

```

          Pause;
        End Else Begin
          Inc(PCnt);

          (XRef common block)
          TmpInt^.V^.Usage := (TmpInt^.V^.Usage OR LastInt^.V^.Usage);

          TmpB := NOLFlag;
          NOLFlag := TRUE;
          CheckVariables(TmpInt^.V,Item,
                        LastInt^.V,Ref,
                        Fyl,CallTmp^.Line,PCnt,FALSE,Com1^.Name);
          NOLFlag := TmpB;

          LastInt := LastInt^.Next;
        End;

        tmpint := tmpint^.next;
      end;

      (Ensure the number of vars in the common block is the same)
      if (lastint <> NIL) Then Begin
        Write(Out,'ERROR: Number of variables in the common block "',com1^.name);
        Writeln(Out,'" do not match');
```

```

        Writeln(Out,'ERROR: between SUBROUTINES/FUNCTIONS "',item^.name,'" and "',ref^.name,'"');
```

```

        Pause;
      end;
    End;

    Com1 := Com1^.Next;
  End;
end;

```

```

        {Return to pool}
        dispose(calltmp);
        calltmp := calls;
    End;
end;
End;
Processed := Result;
End;

{-----}
{ This procedure controls the cross references. }
{ }
Procedure CrossReference(Var List : ListPtr);
Var Templist, Marker : ListPtr;
    Vars : Variable;
    RB, AB : Word;
    RefFlag, AssFlag : Boolean;
Begin
    {ENSURE THERE IS WORK}
    FrontList := List;
    If (FrontList = NIL) Then Exit;

    Writeln;
    Writeln('Resolving externals');
    If LogFlag Then Begin
        Writeln(Out);
        Writeln(Out,'Resolving externals');
    End;

    {Resolve any externals}
    Templist := List;
    While (Templist <> NIL) Do Begin
        vars := templist^.vars;
        while (vars <> NIL) do begin
            If ((Vars^.Usage AND ExtBit) = ExtBit) Then Begin
                {External to resolve}
                marker := list;
                while (marker <> NIL) AND (marker^.name <> vars^.name) do
                    marker := marker^.next;

                if (marker = NIL) then begin
                    {Cannot resolve external}
                    Writeln(Out,'WARNING: Cannot resolve external function/subroutine "',vars^.name,'"');
                    Pause;
                end else begin
                    If (Vars^.Tipe DIV ImplType) = 0 Then Begin
                        {Check if types coincide}
                        if (vars^.tipe <> marker^.tipe) then begin
                            writeln(out,'ERROR: Declared type and actual type of "',marker^.name,'" do not match.');
```

```

(Find the last item in the queue)
BackList := FrontList;
While (BackList^.Next <> NIL) Do BackList := BackList^.Next;

DoneList := NIL; Marker := NIL;
While (FrontList <> NIL) Do Begin
  (REMOVE FROM QUEUE)
  Write('.');
  TempList := FrontList;
  FrontList := FrontList^.Next;
  TempList^.Next := NIL;

  If Processed(TempList) Then Begin
    (PUT ON DONE LIST)
    TempList^.Next := DoneList;
    DoneList := TempList;

    (RESET MARKER)
    Marker := NIL;
  End Else Begin
    (QUEUE EMPTY => RECURSION)
    If (FrontList = NIL) Then Begin
      writeln(out, 'ERROR: Cannot process direct recursion on "', tempList^.name, '"');
      writeln(out, 'CROSS REFERENCE ABORTED !!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!');
      writeln(out);

      (REPLACE ON DONE STACK AND EXIT)
      tempList^.next := donelist;
      list := tempList;
      exit;
    End;

    (CHECK IF MARKER SET)
    If (Marker = NIL) Then Marker := TempList Else
    If (Marker = TempList) Then Begin
      (NOTHING HAS BEEN PROCESSED SINCE MARKER WAS QUEUED THE FIRST TIME,)
      (THUS THERE MUST BE INDIRECT RECURSION WHICH IS ILLEGAL. )
      writeln(out, 'ERROR: Indirect recursion encountered with the following calls');
      while (marker <> nil) do begin
        Writeln(out, ' ', Marker^.Name);
        Marker := Marker^.Next;
      end;
      writeln;
      writeln(out, 'CROSS REFERENCE ABORTED !!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!');
      writeln(out);

      (PLACE QUEUED ITEMS ON DONE STACK AND EXIT)
      BackList^.Next := DoneList;
      TempList^.Next := FrontList;
      List := TempList;
      Exit;
    End;

    (PLACE ON BACK ON QUEUE)
    BackList^.Next := TempList;
    BackList := TempList;
    BackList^.Next := NIL;
  End;

  (Not necessary, but safe.)
End;
List := DoneList;

```

```

(CHECK FOR UNINITIALISED VARIABLES)
RB := RefBit OR OutBit OR ParBit OR ComBit OR CallBit OR ConBit;
AB := AssBit OR InBit OR ParBit OR ComBit OR CallBit OR ConBit;
While (DoneList <> NIL) Do Begin
  vars := donelist^.vars;
  while (vars <> NIL) do begin
    RefFlag := ((Vars^.Usage AND RB) <> 0);
    AssFlag := ((Vars^.Usage AND AB) <> 0);
    If RefFlag AND Not AssFlag Then Begin
      Warn; Writeln(Out, 'Variable ', Vars^.Name, ' referenced but never');
      Warn; Writeln(Out, 'assigned in ', ShowProc(DoneList));
      Pause;
    End Else If (AssFlag AND Not RefFlag) AND (Vars^.Name <> DoneList^.Name) Then Begin
      Warn; Writeln(Out, 'Variable ', Vars^.Name, ' assigned but never');
      Warn; Writeln(Out, 'referenced in ', ShowProc(DoneList));
      Pause;
    End Else If Not RefFlag AND Not AssFlag Then Begin
      Warn; Writeln(Out, 'Variable ', Vars^.Name, ' never assigned or');
      Warn; Writeln(Out, 'referenced in ', ShowProc(DoneList));
      Pause;
    End;

    Vars := Vars^.Next;
  end;

  donelist := donelist^.next;
End;
End;
End.

```

(ii) Relate Source

"RELATE.PAS"

```

Program Relate;

Uses Crt, Dos;

Type BigString = String[255];
     Strings   = String[30];

     Variable = ^VarRec;
     VarRec = Record
       Name : Strings;
       Usage : Word;
       Next : Variable;
     End;

Const
  NoBit   : Word = 0;
  RefBit  : Word = 1;
  AssBit  : Word = 2;
  ParBit  : Word = 4;
  ConBit  : Word = 16;
  ExtBit  : Word = 32;
  ComBit  : Word = 64;
  CallBit : Word = 128;
  OutBit  : Word = 256;
  InBit   : Word = 512;

Var InName1, InName2, Outname      : BigString;
    Main1, Main2                   : Strings;
    Out                             : Text;
    Root1, Root2, Last, This       : Variable;
    Buf                             : Pointer;
    Error                           : Boolean;

{-----}
Procedure LoadFile(Var Root : Variable; Name : BigString;
                  Var Prog : Strings;
                  Var Error : Boolean);
Var Last, This : Variable;
    InFile     : Text;
    Line       : BigString;
    Buf        : Pointer;
    I          : Word;
    Found      : Boolean;
Begin
  New(Root);           {Dummy 1st}
  Root^.Next := NIL;
  Last := Root;

  Prog := ''; Error := FALSE;

  Assign(InFile, Name);
  GetMem(Buf, 20000);
  SetTextBuf(InFile, Buf^, 20000);
  {$I-} Reset(InFile); {$I+}
  If (IOResult <> 0) Then Error := TRUE {FILE NOT FOUND}
  Else Begin
    Found := FALSE;

    {START THE SEARCH}
    While Not (EOF(InFile)) AND Not(Found) Do Begin
      repeat
        readln(InFile, line);
        found := copy(line, 1, 10) = '=====';
      until found or eof(InFile);

      if found and not eof(InFile) then begin

```

```

    readln(InFile,Line);
    if copy(line,32,3) = '255' then begin
        Found := TRUE;
        Prog := Copy(Line,1,30);
    end else found := FALSE;
end;
End;

<IF FOUND, START SEARCH FOR VARIABLES>
If Found Then Begin
    found := FALSE;
    repeat
        Readln(InFile,Line);
        Line := Copy(Line,1,10);
        If Line = 'VARIABLES=' then found := TRUE;
    until found or eof(InFile) or (line = '=====');
End Else Writeln('PROGRAM NOT FOUND');

<IF VARIABLES LOCATED, READ THEM IN>
If Found Then Begin
    Found := FALSE;
    Repeat
        Readln(InFile,Line);
        If (Copy(Line,1,10) = '=====') Then Found := TRUE Else Begin
            new(this);
            this^.name := copy(line,1,30);
            val(copy(line,51,4),this^.usage,i);
            if (i = 0) then begin
                This^.Next := NIL;
                Last^.Next := This;
                Last := This;
            end else dispose(this);
        End;
    Until Found Or Eof(InFile);
End Else Writeln('PROGRAM VARIABLES NOT FOUND. ');
End;

Close(InFile);
FreeMem(Buf,20000);

<KILL DUMMY 1st>
Last := Root;
Root := Root^.Next;
Dispose(Last);
End;
{-----}

Begin
If ParamCount = 3 Then Begin
    InName1 := ParamStr(1);
    InName2 := ParamStr(2);
    OutName := ParamStr(3);
End Else Begin
    ClrScr;
    Writeln('REFERENCE FILE GENERATOR FOR SAPF OUTPUT');
    Writeln('=====');
    Writeln;
    Write('Enter 1st SAPF input file name :');
    Readln(InName1);
    If InName1 = '' Then Exit;

    Write('Enter 2nd SAPF input file name :');
    Readln(InName2);
    If InName2 = '' Then Exit;

    Write('Enter output file name      :');
    Readln(OutName);
    If outName = '' Then Exit;
End;

LoadFile(Root1,InName1,Main1,Error);

```

```

If Error Then Begin
  writeln('Error with file "', inname1, '"');
  while root1 <> NIL do begin
    Last := Root1;
    Root1 := Root1^.Next;
    Dispose(Last);
  end;
  exit;
End;

LoadFile(Root2, InName2, Main2, Error);
If Error Then Begin
  writeln('Error with file "', inname2, '"');
  while root1 <> NIL do begin
    Last := Root1;
    Root1 := Root1^.Next;
    Dispose(Last);
  end;
  while root2 <> NIL do begin
    Last := Root2;
    Root2 := Root2^.Next;
    Dispose(Last);
  end;
  exit;
End;

{DO The Output}
Assign(Out, OutName);
GetMem(Buf, 20000);
SetTextBuf(Out, Buf^, 20000);
Rewrite(Out);
Writeln(Out, Main1, ' transfer method ', Main2);
While (Root1 <> NIL) OR (Root2 <> NIL) Do Begin
  if (root2 = NIL) OR (root1^.name < root2^.name) then begin
    {ADVANCE NEXT ROOT1}
    Last := Root1;
    Root1 := Root1^.Next;
    Dispose(Last);
  end else if (root1 = NIL) OR (root1^.name > root2^.name) then begin
    {ADVANCE NEXT ROOT2}
    Last := Root2;
    Root2 := Root2^.Next;
    Dispose(Last);
  end else begin
    Write(Out, Root1^.Name, ' ');

    {EQUAL, SO CHECK FOR SEND METHOD}
    If ((Root1^.Usage AND (RefBit Or OutBit)) <> 0) AND
      ((Root2^.Usage AND (AssBit OR InBit)) <> 0)
      Then Write(Out, '<=>') Else Write(Out, ' ');

    If (Root2^.Usage AND (RefBit Or OutBit) <> 0) AND
      ((Root1^.Usage AND (AssBit OR InBit)) <> 0)
      Then Write(Out, '=>') Else Write(Out, ' ');

    Writeln(Out, ' ', Root2^.Name);

    {ADVANCE NEXT ROOT1}
    Last := Root1;
    Root1 := Root1^.Next;
    Dispose(Last);

    {ADVANCE NEXT ROOT2}
    Last := Root2;
    Root2 := Root2^.Next;
    Dispose(Last);
  end;
End;
Close(Out);
FreeMem(Buf, 20000);
End.

```

(iii) MAKECONF Source

"MAKECONF.PAS"

```

Program Make_Config;

Uses CRT;

Type LinkDataType = Record
  Link   : Array[0..3,1..2] Of LongInt;
  TType,
  MemSize : LongInt;
End;

PtrSearchType = ^SearchType;
SearchType = Record
  Num   : Word;
  Next  : PtrSearchType;
End;

ProcDataType = Record
  RootLink  : Byte;
  Visited   : Boolean;
  PortsUsed : Byte;
  NextPort  : Byte;
End;

String255 = String[255];

TaskDefType = Record
  Master   : Boolean;
  Fyl      : String255;
  MemArea  : Array[1..4] Of String[32];
  Opt      : Array[0..4] Of Boolean;
  Tipe     : Byte;
  LineNo   : Integer;
End;

Const Memory_Area : Array[0..4] Of String
  = ('CODE', 'STACK', 'HEAP', 'STATIC', 'DATA');

Var
  WormFile           : File Of LinkDataType;
  Network             : Array[1..256] Of LinkDataType;
  ProcData            : Array[1..256] Of ProcDataType;
  TPs, P, Q, NM, NW, Last, Wire, PS,
  Posn, ProcNo, MP, WP, Temp
  FloodFile, ConfigFile
  Abort_Flag, Worker_On_Master, Done
  Name, Line, PLine
  Processor           : Array[1..4] Of TaskDefType;
  Param               : Array[1..3] Of String[100];
  Ch                  : Char;
  SearchF, SearchB, NewItem
  : PtrSearchType;

Procedure Terminate(S : String255);
Begin
  Writeln(S);
  Writeln('Generation of fixed configuration and include file aborted');
  Halt(1);
End;

Procedure ConvLowerCase(Var Str : String);
Var I : Integer;
Begin
  For I := 1 To Length(Str) Do
    if (str[i] >= 'A') AND (str[i] <= 'Z') Then
      str[i] := CHR(Ord(str[i]) + 32);
End;

```

```

Procedure ShowErr(Err: String255);
Var I : Integer;
Begin
  Writeln(Line);
  For I := 1 To (Pred(p) MOD 80) Do Write(' ');
  Writeln('^');
  Writeln('LINE ',Q,' : ',Err);
  Writeln; Writeln;
  Abort_Flag := TRUE;
  If KeyPressed Then Begin
    ch := readkey; ch := readkey;
  End;
End;

Procedure Skip_Spaces;
Begin
  While (PLine[P]=' ') AND (P<=Length(PLine)) Do Inc(P);
  If (PLine[P]='-') AND (P<=Length(PLine)) Then Begin
    (CONTINUATION LINE)
    Readln(FloodFile,Line);

    (CONVERT TO UPPER CASE)
    PLine[0] := Line[0];
    For P := 1 To Length(Line) Do PLine[P] := Ucase(Line[P]);

    P := 1;
    Inc(Q);
    Skip_Spaces;
  End;
End;

Function CopyToSpace : String255;
Var Str : String255;
  I : Integer;
  Quote : Boolean;
Begin
  I := 0; Quote := (PLine[P] = '');
  While ((P+1) <= Length(PLine)) AND (PLine[P+1] <> '=')
    AND ((PLine[P+1] <> ' ') AND ((PLine[P+1] <> '!') AND
      (PLine[P+1] <> '-')) OR Quote) Do
    begin
      Inc(I);
      IF (Length(PLine)>=(P+1)) AND (PLine[P+1]='') Then Quote := NOT Quote;
      Str[I] := PLine[Pred(P+1)];
    end;
  If Quote Then ShowErr('ERROR, " expected. ');
  Str[0] := Chr(I);
  CopyToSpace := Str;
End;

Function InMemArea(Str : String255) : Integer;
Var P : Integer;
Begin
  P := 1;
  While (Memory_Area[P] <> Str) AND (P <= 4) Do Inc(P);
  If P = 5 Then P := 0;
  InMemArea := P;
End;

Function GetWorkerType(Tipe : Byte) : Integer;
Var Num : Integer;
  Found : Boolean;
Begin
  Num := 1;
  Repeat
    found := NOT(Processor[Num].Master) And
      ((Processor[Num].Tipe = Tipe) OR (Processor[Num].Tipe = 0));
    if not found then inc(num);
  Until Found OR (Num > ProcNo);
  GetWorkerType := Num;
End;

```

```

Procedure WriteProc(Num : Integer);
Begin
  If (Num < 10) Then Write(ConfigFile,'0');
  Write(ConfigFile,Num);
End;

Procedure WriteName(Ch : Char);
Var I : Integer;
Begin
  Writeln(ConfigFile,Ch);
  Writeln(ConfigFile,Ch,' ',Name,'');
  Writeln(ConfigFile,Ch);
  Writeln(ConfigFile,Ch,' FIXED CONFIGURATION FILE CREATED BY "MAKECONF" (C)1989 A.M.Schuilenburg');
  Write(ConfigFile,Ch,' ');
  For I := 1 To 72 Do Write(ConfigFile,'=');
  Writeln(ConfigFile);
  Writeln(ConfigFile,Ch);
  Writeln(ConfigFile,Ch,'"MAKECONF" CREATES THIS FILE FROM THE NETWORK DATA PROVIDED TO IT BY THE WORM');
  Writeln(ConfigFile,Ch,'WRITTEN BY A.M.Schuilenburg, AND THE STANDARD FLOOD-FILL CONFIGURATION FILE. ');
  Writeln(ConfigFile,Ch);
  Writeln(ConfigFile,Ch,' THE PURPOSE IS TO PROVIDE A FAST EASY METHOD BY WHICH TO GENERATE A FARM');
  Writeln(ConfigFile,Ch,' NETWORK SIMILAR TO THE FLOOD-FILL TYPE NETWORK. AS A METHOD HAS NOT YET');
  Writeln(ConfigFile,Ch,' BEEN DETERMINED TO OVERCOME THE BUGS FOUND IN THE FLOOD-FILL CONFIGURER');
  Writeln(ConfigFile,Ch,' AND CHANNEL LIBRARIES, THIS FIXED CONFIGURATION METHOD HAS BEEN WRITTEN IN');
  Writeln(ConfigFile,Ch,' ORDER TO ALLOW ALL THE TRANSPUTERS AVAILABLE TO BE USED AS WORKERS AND TO');
  Writeln(ConfigFile,Ch,' ACHIEVE A FAST AND SIMPLE SOLUTION UNTIL THE BUGS MAY BE OVERCOME. ');
  Writeln(ConfigFile,Ch);
  Writeln(ConfigFile);
End;

Function NumActive(ProcNo : Integer) : Integer;
Var I, Cntr : Integer;
Begin
  Cntr := 0;
  For I := 0 To 3 Do If Abs(Network[ProcNo].Link[I,1]) < 32768 Then
    INC(Cntr);
  NumActive := Cntr;
End;

Procedure WriteData(Num : Integer);
Var I : Integer;
Begin
  With Processor[Num] Do For I := 1 To 4 Do If MemArea[I] <> '' Then Begin
    write(configfile,' ',memory_area[i],'=',memarea[i]);
  End;
  With Processor[Num] Do For i := 0 To 4 Do If Opt[i] Then
    write(configfile,' opt=',memory_area[i]);
End;

Begin
  Assign(Output,''); Rewrite(Output);

  Writeln('Fixed configuration generation program for 3L flood fill configuration file');
  Writeln;

  {SEARCH FOR PARAMETERS}
  For P := 1 To 3 Do Param[P] := '';
  PS := 0; Worker_On_Master := TRUE;
  For P := 1 To ParamCount do Begin
    line := paramstr(p);
    for q := 1 to Length(Name) Do Line[q] := UpCase(Line[q]);
    if line = '/NWOM' then worker_on_master := FALSE else if ps < 3 then begin
      Inc(PS);
      Param[PS] := ParamStr(P);
    end;
  End;
  If (PS < 3) Then begin
    writeln('First parameter must be worm configuration data file');
    writeln('Second parameter must be flood fill configuration file');
    writeln('Third parameter must be output configuration file');
  end else begin

```

```

Abort_Flag := FALSE;

Assign(WormFile,Param[1]);
{$I-} Reset(WormFile); {$I+}
If (IOResult <> 0) Then begin
  Writeln('Worm configuration data file "',param[1]," not found.');
```

```

  Abort_Flag := TRUE;
end;

{CHECK FOR FLOOD FILL FILE}
Assign(FloodFile,Param[2]);
{$I-} Reset(FloodFile); {$I+}
If (IOResult <> 0) Then begin
  Writeln('Flood fill configuration data file "',param[2]," not found.');
```

```

  Abort_Flag := TRUE;
end;
Close(FloodFile); (* LEAVE THIS OPEN RESULTS IN TURBO BUG.)

{READ IN WORM CONFIGURATION DATA}
TPs := 0;
While Not(EOF(WormFile)) Do Begin
  inc(tps);
  {$I-} read(wormfile,network[tps]); {$I+}
  if ioresult <> 0 then begin
    writeln('Error in reading worm configuration data file');
```

```

    abort_flag := TRUE;
  end;
End;
Close(WormFile);

{BUILD NETWORK COMMS THROUGH BREADTH FIRST SEARCH}
{INITIALISE NETWORK DATA}
For P := 1 To TPs Do With ProcData[P] Do Begin
  Visited := FALSE;
  RootLink := 255;
  PortsUsed := 0;
  NextPort := 0;
End;

{FIND CONNECTION TO HOST}
ProcData[1].Visited := TRUE;
P := 0;
While (P <= 3) AND (Network[1].Link[P,1] <> (-2147483647)) Do Inc(P);
If (P=4) Then Terminate('Worm file "'+Param[1]+' invalid') Else
  ProcData[1].RootLink := P;
If Worker_On_Master Then Inc(ProcData[1].PortsUsed);
Inc(ProcData[1].PortsUsed); (*FOR CONNECTION TO FILTER TASK)

{SEARCH QUEUE CONSISTING OF ROOT}
New(SearchF); SearchB := SearchF;
With SearchF^ Do Begin
  Num := 1;
  Next := NIL;
End;

{SEARCH ITEMS IN THE QUEUE}
While (SearchF <> NIL) Do Begin (* IF FILE LEFT OPEN BUG SOLVED BY USING WRITELN TO SCREEN)
  temp := searchf^.num;
  for p := 0 to 3 do begin
    Q := Abs(Network[Temp].Link[P,1]);
    If (Q < 256) Then With ProcData[Q] Do If Not(Visited) Then Begin
      inc(procdata[temp].portsused);
      inc(portsused);
      visited := TRUE;
      rootlink := Network[Temp].Link[P,2];
      new(newitem);
      with newitem^ do begin
        Num := Q;
        Next := Nil;
      end;
      searchb^.next := newitem;
    end;
  end;
end;

```

```

    searchb := newitem;
  End;
end;

{ADVANCE DOWN QUEUE}
newitem := searchf;
searchf := searchf^.next;
dispose(newitem);
End;

{READ IN FLOOD FILL CONFIGURATION DATA}
For Q := 1 To 4 Do With Processor[Q] Do Begin
  fyl := '';
  for p := 1 to 4 do begin
    MemArea[P] := '';
    Opt[P] := FALSE;
  end;
  opt[0] := FALSE;
  tipe := 0;
End;
Q := 0; NM := 0; NW := 0; ProcNo := 0;
Reset(FloodFile); (* RE-OPEN AS LEAVE THIS OPEN RESULTS IN TURBO BUG.)
While Not(EOF(FloodFile) OR Abort_Flag) Do begin
  readln(floodfile,Line);
  inc(q);

{PARSE LINE}
{CONVERT TO UPPER CASE}
PLine[0] := Line[0];
For P := 1 To Length(Line) Do PLine[P] := Ucase(Line[P]);

P := 1;
Skip_Spaces;
If NOT ((P > Length(PLine)) OR (PLine[P] = '!')) {NOT BLANK LINE} Then
  If (Copy(PLine,P,4)='TASK') Then begin
    {Move over task}
    p := p + 4;
    if (pline[p]<>' ') Then ShowErr('Syntax Error');
    skip_spaces;
    name := copytospace;
    mp := pos('MASTER',name); wp := pos('WORKER',name);
    if (((mp = 1) OR (wp = 1)) AND (Length(Name) = 6)) OR
        ((name[1]='T') AND ((mp = 3) OR (wp = 3)) AND
         (Length(Name)=8) AND ((name[2]='4') OR (name[2]='8')))) Then begin
      Inc(ProcNo);
      With Processor[ProcNo] Do Begin
        LineNo := Q;
        Master := (MP <> 0);
        If Master Then INC(NM) Else INC(NW);
        If (NM>1) Then ShowErr('Too many master definitions, only one allowed') Else
        If (NW>2) Then ShowErr('Too many worker definitions') Else Begin
          If Name[1] = 'T' Then Tipe := ORD(Name[2]) - 48;
          If ((NM = 2) OR (NW = 2)) AND (Tipe = 0) Then
            begin {SEE IF OTHER IS TYPED, AND TYPE THIS}
              for temp := 1 to pred(procno) do
                if (master=processor[temp].master) then
                  if (processor[temp].tipe = 0)
                    Then ShowErr('2nd definition of WORKER processor must be typed (T4/T8)')
                    Else If (Processor[temp].tipe = 4) Then Tipe := 8 Else Tipe := 4;
            end Else
            begin {ENSURE TYPE IS UNIQUE, TYPE ANY UNTYPED.}
              For Temp := 1 To Pred(ProcNo) Do
                if (master=processor[temp].master) then
                  if (tipe=processor[temp].tipe) then
                    ShowErr('Duplicate Process definition') else
                  if (processor[temp].tipe=0) then
                    If (Tipe=4) Then Processor[temp].tipe := 8
                    Else Processor[temp].tipe := 4;
            end;
          end;
        End;
      End;
    end;
  end;
end;

```

```

P := P + Length(Name); Skip_Spaces;
Done := NOT((P < Length(PLine)) AND (PLine[P] <> '!'));
With Processor[ProcNo] do While Not(Done OR Abort_Flag) Do Begin
  Name := CopyToSpace;
  If Name = '' Then Done := TRUE Else
  If (Name = 'INS') OR (Name = 'OUTS') Then Begin
    showerr('WARNING, Port definition ignored in flood fill file');
    p := p + length(name);
    skip_spaces; inc(p); skip_spaces;
    name := copytospace;
    p := p + length(name);
    skip_spaces;
    abort_flag := FALSE;
  End Else If (Name = 'URGENT') Then Begin
    showerr('WARNING, Task priority not allowed URGENT ignored');
    p := p + length(name);
    skip_spaces;
    abort_flag := FALSE;
  End Else If (Name = 'FILE') Then Begin
    p := p + length(name);
    skip_spaces;
    if (pline[p] = '=') then begin
      inc(p); skip_spaces;
      fyl := copytospace;
      p := succ(p) + length(fyl);
      skip_spaces;
    end else ShowErr('"' expected');
  End Else If (Name = 'OPT') Then Begin
    p := p + length(name);
    skip_spaces;
    if (pline[p] = '=') then begin
      inc(p); skip_spaces;
      name := copytospace;
      if (name = 'CODE') then opt[0] := TRUE
      else begin
        posn := inmemarea(name);
        if (posn = 0) then
          ShowErr('Expected one of: CODE | STACK | HEAP | STATIC | DATA')
        else opt[posn] := TRUE;
      end;
    end;
    p := p + length(name);
    skip_spaces;
  end else ShowErr('"' expected');
  End Else Begin
    Posn := InMemArea(Name);
    If (Posn = 0) Then ShowErr('ERROR, "'+Name+'" not a valid statement type keyword')
    Else Begin
      p := p + length(name); skip_spaces;
      if pline[p] <> '=' then ShowErr('"' expected') else begin
        Inc(P); Skip_Spaces;
        Name := CopyToSpace;
        If MemArea[Posn] <> '' Then Begin
          showerr('WARNING: '+Memory_Area[Posn]+
            ' size already defined, this definition ignored. ');
          abort_flag := FALSE;
        End Else MemArea[Posn] := Name;
        P := P + Length(Name);
        Skip_Spaces;
      end;
    End;
  End;
end else begin
  showerr('WARNING, task '+Name+' ignored. ');
  abort_flag := FALSE;
end;
end else ShowErr('TASK definition only expected in Flood-Fill configuration file');
end;
Close(FloodFile);
If Abort_Flag Then Terminate('Error in input file/s');

```

```

{ASSUMPTION: ANY PROCESSORS UNTYPED NOW MAY BE PLACED ANYWHERE (T4 OT T8)}

{ENSURE WORKERS AND MASTER DEFINED}
If (NW=0) Then Begin
  writeln('ERROR: Worker task definition expected.');
```

Abort_Flag := TRUE;

```
End;
If (NM=0) Then Begin
  writeln('ERROR: Master task definition expected.');
```

Abort_Flag := TRUE;

```
End;

{ENSURE DATA SPECIFIED FOR WORKER IF ONE TO BE PLACED ON MASTER CHIP}
If Worker_On_Master Then Begin
  MP := 1;
  While (MP < ProcNo) AND NOT(Processor[MP].Master) Do INC(MP);
  If (Processor[MP].memarea[4] = '') Then begin
    p := getworkertype(processor[mp].tipe);
    if (P > procno) then begin
      Writeln('ERROR: Worker process of same compiled type as master not found as this worker!');
      Writeln('      is to be placed on the same processor as the master task.');
```

If Processor[MP].Tipe=0 Then Begin

```
Writeln('      Either specifically define the master type, or don't define the type!');
Writeln('      of worker in the case of a single worker.');
```

End;

```
Writeln;
Abort_Flag := TRUE;
end else if (processor[p].memarea[4] = '') Then begin
  Writeln('ERROR: Either MASTER or WORKER requires a data specification as both tasks!');
  Writeln('      are placed on the same processor.');
```

Writeln;

```
Abort_Flag := TRUE;
end;
end;
End;

If Abort_Flag Then Terminate('Error in FARM definition!);

{INSERT THE FILE NAME WHERE NECESSARY}
For P := 1 To ProcNo Do With Processor[Q] Do If Fyl = '' Then
  if master then fyl := 'master' else fyl := 'worker';

{CONVERT CONSTANT STRINGS TO LOWER CASE}
For P := 0 to 4 do convlowcase(memory_area[p]);

{CREATE FIXED CONFIGURATION FILE}
Name := Param[3];
For P := 1 to Length(Name) Do Name[P] := UpCase(name[P]);
Assign(ConfigFile,Name);
Rewrite(ConfigFile);

{OUTPUT CONFIGURED HEADER}
WriteName('!');

{OUTPUT PROCESSORS}
Writeln(ConfigFile,'! HARDWARE DECLARATIONS!');
Writeln(ConfigFile,'! -----!');
Writeln(ConfigFile,'processor host!');
Writeln(ConfigFile,'processor root!');
For P := 2 To Tps Do Begin
  Write(ConfigFile,'processor procw!');
  WriteProc(Pred(P));
  Writeln(ConfigFile);
End;
Writeln(ConfigFile);
Writeln(ConfigFile);

{OUTPUT WIRING}
Writeln(ConfigFile,'! WIRING FOR COMMUNICATIONS      N.B. Only links for communications wired!);
Writeln(ConfigFile,'! -----!);
Wire := 1;
```

```

{Do the wiring for the root}
for p := 0 to 3 do begin
  if (network[1].link[p,1]= (-2147483647)) then (LINK TO HOST)
    writeln(configfile,'wire ? host[0]   root['',p,']           ! ANONYMOUS LINK CONNECTING ROOT TO PC')
  else if (network[1].link[p,1] > 0) then begin (LINK TO OTHER PROCESSOR)
    write(configfile,'wire ? root['',p,']   procw');
    writeproc(pred(network[1].link[p,1]));
    write(configfile,['',network[1].link[p,2],'],'');
    writeln(configfile,'           ! WIRE ',wire);
    inc(wire);
  end;
end;

{Do the wiring for the rest, (connections required for path to host)}
for q := 2 to tps do
  If ProcData[q].RootLink = 255 Then Terminate('INTERNAL ERROR #1') Else
  Begin
    P := ProcData[q].RootLink;
    If Abs(Network[q].Link[P,1]) > 1 Then Begin
      Write(ConfigFile,'wire ? procw');
      WriteProc(Pred(Network[q].Link[P,1]));
      Write(ConfigFile,['',Network[q].Link[P,2],'],' procw');
      WriteProc(Pred(Q));
      Writeln(ConfigFile,['',P,']           ! WIRE ',wire);
      Inc(Wire);
    End;
  End;

{OUTPUT THE TASK DEFINITIONS}
Writeln(ConfigFile);
Writeln(ConfigFile,'! TASK DECLARATIONS           The task declarations indicate channel I/O ports');
Writeln(ConfigFile,'! -----           and memory requirement for each task');
Writeln(ConfigFile,'task afserver   ins=1 outs=1');
Writeln(ConfigFile,'task filter     ins=2 outs=2 data=10k');

{FIND THE MASTER}
MP := 1;
While (MP < ProcNo) AND NOT(Processor[MP].Master) Do INC(MP);
Name := Processor[MP].Fyl;

P := ProcData[1].PortsUsed;
Write(ConfigFile,'task master   file=',name,' ins=',P,' outs=',P);
WriteData(MP);
Writeln(ConfigFile);

{CHECK FOR WORKER ON CHIP}
Temp := 1;
If Worker_On_Master Then Begin
  temp := getworkertype(network[1].ttype);
  write(configfile,'task worker00 file=',processor[temp].fyl);
  q := numactive(P);
  write(configfile,' ins=1 outs=1');
  writedata(temp);
  writeln(configfile);
End;

For P := 2 To TPs Do begin
  write(configfile,'task worker');
  writeproc(Pred(P));
  q := procdData[p].portsused;
  posn := getworkertype(network[p].ttype);
  write(configfile,' file=',processor[posn].fyl,' ins=',q,' outs=',q);
  processor[posn].memarea[4] := '';
  writedata(posn);
  writeln(configfile);
end;

{OUTPUT THE PLACEMENT}
Writeln(ConfigFile);
Writeln(ConfigFile,'! PROCESS PLACEMENT');
Writeln(ConfigFile,'! -----');

```

```

Writeln(ConfigFile,'place afserver host      ! AFSERVER ALWAYS RUNS ON PC');
Writeln(ConfigFile,'place filter  root      ! FILTER ALWAYS RUNS ON ROOT');
Writeln(ConfigFile,'place master  root      ! MASTER TASK ON ROOT');
If Worker_On_Master Then
  writeln(configfile,'place worker00 root      ! WORKER 1 ON ROOT');

For P := 2 To TPs Do begin
  write(configfile,'place worker');
  writeproc(Pred(P));
  write(configfile,' procw');
  writeproc(pred(p));
  writeln(configfile,'                ! WORKER NUMBER ',Pred(P));
end;

{OUTPUT THE CONNECTIONS}
Writeln(ConfigFile);
Writeln(ConfigFile,'! CONNECTIONS BETWEEN PROCESSES');
Writeln(ConfigFile,'! -----');
Writeln(ConfigFile,'connect ?  afserver[0] filter[0]      ! AFSERVER & FILTER ALWAYS CONNECTED!);
Writeln(ConfigFile,'connect ?  filter[0]  afserver[0]      ! VIA THEIR PORT 0s. ');
Writeln(ConfigFile,'connect ?  master[1]  filter[1]      ! MASTER TASK ALWAYS CONNECTED TO!);
Writeln(ConfigFile,'connect ?  filter[1]  master[1]      ! FILTER VIA THEIR PORT 1s. ');

{THE CONNECTIONS TO THE MASTER}
If Worker_On_Master Then Begin
  writeln(configfile,'connect ?  master[0]  worker00[0]      ! SOFTWARE CONNECTION');
  writeln(configfile,'connect ?  worker00[0] master[0]      !           ');
End;
Wire := 1;
For P := 0 To 3 Do if (network[1].link[p,1] > 0) then begin
  {LINK FROM MASTER TO OTHER WORKER PROCESSORS}
  q := p;
  temp := pred(network[1].link[p,1]);
  if worker_on_master then inc(q) else if (q = 1) then q := 0;
  write(configfile,'connect ?  master['',q,''] worker');
  writeproc(temp);
  writeln(configfile,'[0]      ! WIRE ',wire);
  write(configfile,'connect ?  worker');
  writeproc(temp);
  write(configfile,'[0] master['',q,''] ');
  writeln(configfile,'      ! ');
  inc(procdata[succ(temp)].nextport);
  inc(wire);
End;

{THE CONNECTIONS BETWEEN THE WORKERS}
For Q := 2 To TPs Do {SHOW ONLY THE CONNECTION DIRECTION TO THE HOST}
  If ProcData[Q].RootLink = 255 Then Terminate('INTERNAL ERROR #1') Else
  Begin
    P := ProcData[Q].RootLink;
    Temp := Abs(Network[Q].Link[P,1]);
    If Temp > 1 Then Begin
      Write(ConfigFile,'connect ?  worker');
      WriteProc(Pred(Q));
      Write(ConfigFile,['',ProcData[Q].NextPort,''] worker');
      WriteProc(Pred(Temp));
      Writeln(ConfigFile,['',ProcData[Temp].NextPort,'']      ! WIRE ',wire);
      Write(ConfigFile,'connect ?  worker');
      WriteProc(Pred(Temp));
      Write(ConfigFile,['',ProcData[Temp].NextPort,''] worker');
      WriteProc(Pred(Q));
      Writeln(ConfigFile,['',ProcData[Q].NextPort,'']      !           ');
      Inc(ProcData[Q].NextPort);
      Inc(ProcData[Temp].NextPort);
      Inc(Wire);
    End;
  End;
Close(ConfigFile);
end;
End.

```